THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

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U. S. RAILWAY MISSION HELD BY BOLSHEVI

STONE MOUNTAIN SWEPT BY BLAZE EARLY WEDNESDAY

Seven Stores and Other Buildings Either Destroyed or Badly Damaged by Fire This Morning.

BUCKET LINE FORMED TO SAVE LITTLE TOWN

Stone Mountain Bank Catches on Fire, and Drug Store, Millinery Shop and Wholesale Store Burn.

A large part of the business section of Stone Mountain was destroyed by flames, of an unknown origin, at an early hour this morning.

At 2 o'clock seven buildings had either been destroyed or badly damaged by the blaze, and at that hour practically every man in the town was at work as a volunteer fireman in an effort to stop the conflagration.

The fire started in the rear of a drug store and soon spread to other structures, as there was no adequate method of fighting the flames.

Since there is no fire department at Stone Mountain and no adequate water facilities, a bucket brigade was formed.

Reports from the little town were to the effect that a drug store, a vacant store, two barns, a millinery store, Britt's wholesale grocery stop and the Stone Mountain bank were in flames, with little prospect of saving them from complete destruction.

A telephone message was sent from Stone Mountain to the Decatur fire department for help, but no apparatus was sent.

It was stated at the Decatur department that Stone Mountain is without water and that the fire department apparatus would be valueless.

At 2:30 o'clock this morning the fire was very near to the Southern Bell telephone exchange, but the employees were sticking to their jobs, determined not to leave while there was the slightest chance for them to be of help in the emergency.

SIBERT AND BLATCHFORD LEAVE PERSHING'S ORCE

An Atlantic Port, January —Major Generals George A. Mann, Wiliam L. Sibert and Richard M. Blatchird, who have been with the American expeditionary forces in France, arried here today on a French steamshi It is understood that the officers hve been ordered home to assist in the raining of the American forces now beg made ready for overseas duty.

General Mann who left heren command of the "rainbow" divish made up of troops from practical every state of the union, said the en are now comfortably billeted and is making satisfactory progress in t intensive training they are undergog preparatory to being called upon or action against the Germans. ley are in excellent health, he said, adag that through him the entire commid sent home "a hearty New Year's eeting to their homeland and the Aerican people."

Washington, January 1. - There had been no advance information of the return of Major General Sibert and Blatchford, but it was announced recently by the war departmt that General Mann had been relied because of physical inability t stand field service.

Secretary Baker tonight decied to comment on the return of the Serals, and asked that there be no spelation on the subject.

To Keep Your Outgo Below Your Income, Read the Advertising in The Constitution

These Are the Bond-Clipping and Dividend-Collecting Days

The first of the year is pday for investors, the time when interest and dividends are paid. There ill be goodly sums of money comi to those who have given thoug to the future. Of course, you will nt to put this money where it wido the most good—where it will rk for you.

There are any number of sd, safe places right here at hom in Atlanta. This is a prosperous, growing community. You can ut your money into Atlanta real ate with the comfortable feeling that it will be safe; that it will bring in in liberal returns. Consult the vertisements of the real estate lers appearing in The Constitun. They will tell you where you can vest your money to good advante. Money invested at home will ao the wealth of the city; will he build it up. You'll be benefig yourself and performing a g service at one and the same tie investing in Atlanta real estate.

NOTE.—The Constitution guarntees its readers an actual saving, every purchase made from Atlanta stores advertising their low prices in the pages of this newspaper.

TWO BLOCKS WASTED IN HEART OF NORFOLK BY INCENDIARY FLAMES

Three Men Killed and a Score More Injured—Property Loss Roughly Estimated at over $2,000,000.

MARTIAL LAW IN FORCE; FIVE SUSPECTS ARE HELD

There Is Report Two Germans Were Shot, But No Confirmation—Explosions Preceded Fire — Marines and Bluejackets Patrolling Streets.

Norfolk, Va., January 1.—Nearly two blocks in the heart of Norfolk's business district, including the Monticello hotel, were destroyed, three men were killed and a score or more injured in a series of explosions and fires today which both the police and naval authorities believe here were incendiary. The fire had been checked tonight, but still was burning fiercely in the ruins. The loss is roughly estimated at more than $2,000,000.

Three distinct explosions in as many buildings, one after the fire once had been virtually brought under control, led to the general belief that enemy agents were at work. Mayor Mayo practically placed the city under martial law by turning the situation over to naval officers and some 2,500 marines and bluejackets from nearby naval stations assisted the police and home guards in maintaining order and preventing vandalism.

Naval patrols rounded up suspicious persons throughout the afternoon, while five men were arrested as suspects. Two of these, Hugo Schmidt and H. K. Lessing, said to be Germans, were turned over to department of justice agents. Tonight there were reports that two Germans had been shot by sailors during the day, but neither the police nor naval authorities would confirm them.

Fire Started Before Dawn.

The fire started before dawn in the old Granby theater, on Granby street, and gained rapid headway as the firemen were handicapped by frozen fire hydrants, low water pressure and near zero temperature. It quickly spread to the Monticello hotel and other nearby buildings in the block. It was brought under control late in the day, but broke out anew early tonight, leaped across Granby street and leveled half of the block there before being checked.

Falling floors and walls took toll of firemen and naval guards. One fireman, Charles McCoy, was killed and seven others hurt in the collapse of an upper floor of the Monticello hotel in the day and tonight two firemen and several sailors were caught in a falling wall of the Lenox building. Three were brought out badly hurt, but two others were left in the debris.

Firemen of Norfolk, Portsmouth and Suffolk with organized sailor fire brigades fought heroically amid ice and blinding smoke, and bluejackets led the rescue work when the fighters were trapped. Several of the firemen caught in the hotel were brought out alive through the daring of a score of the jack tars.

Three Explosions Reported.

Reports as to the number of explosions vary. It was first said that the fire in the Granby theater had followed an explosion but Fire Chief McLoughlin and naval investigators announced tonight that this was not the case. They said there had been three separate and distinct explosions. The first was in a cloak and hat shop near the Monticello. The second was on the sixth floor of the hotel after the first fire was practically under control and the third in the Lenox building, which later was destroyed.

Guests from the Monticello, who were forced to flee in the biting cold of the dawn after they had watched the theater burn, were taken care of in nearby homes and hotels. As building after building went down, with them an apartment house, scores were made homeless, and the national guard army on City Hall avenue was thrown open.

At the armory during the late day Red Cross workers and other volunteers looked after the homeless and also supplied hot coffee and sandwishes for the naval patrols and firemen who were forced to seek rest from their gruelling work against the flames.

When the firemen responded to the alarm for the theater fire they found all hydrants in the vicinity frozen. Fires had to be built to thaw them out. In the meantime the firemen looked on, helpless, while the big theater building burned. When water finally came, the pressure was so low that streams would not reach to the upper stories of the burning building, and the fire soon was beyond control.

Portsmouth Sent Aid.

Portsmouth, across the Elizabeth river, was called upon for aid, and the fire was checked until falling sparks fired the Monticello, where many of the guests had gone back to bed, in the belief that the fire was controlled. They were soon forced to turn out again.

The combined departments apparently were making good headway against the flames, when the explosion occurred in the cloak shop, and another blaze started. Suffolk was then asked for aid, and rushed apparatus to the city by train. In the meantime the naval authorities at the navy yard and naval base offered aid, and fire brigades were soon on the scene.

When the second explosion occurred,

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FEDERAL CONTROL MAY COST ATLANTA W. & A. TERMINALS

State Officials Are Now Studying Carefully Results of Government Action on Lease of State Road.

Will Atlanta lose the new terminals which were to have been included in the improvements contracted for in the lease of the Western and Atlantic railroad to the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis?

This possible effect and other phases of the relation of government control of the state road and the lessee are now being studied by interested statehouse officials.

The new lease of the state road to the N., C. & St. L. is to become effective in the fall of 1919, according to the agreement between the state and the leasing railroad. The lease, of course, contemplates that the state shall turn over to the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis certain property. The question then arises as to whether the state can deliver the property when that property is under the control of the federal government.

Status Is in Doubt.

There is a clause in the lease contract which provides that during the life of the lease the N., C. & St. L. shall spend a sum of $3,000,000 in improvements upon the state property, which improvements are understood to include the erection of new terminals in Atlanta and the construction of double tracks between Atlanta and Cartersville. The status of this and other provision of the lease are also

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BRITAIN TO SHIFT HER AMBASSADORS

Spring-Rice to Leave Washington and Bertie Paris—Buchanan Also to Retire From Petrograd Post.

London, January 1.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice and Lord Bertie, according to The Daily Chronicle, will shortly retire from the British embassies at Washington and Paris. The newspaper adds that it is rumored that Sir George Buchanan is about to resign his post as ambassador at Petrograd.

Britain Will Use "Tank" On Britons in America To Get Them Into Army

New Jork, January 1.—In an effort to give impetus to enlistments in the British and Canadian forces, the British armored tank Britannia will be started on a recruiting tour of the United States January 14. It was announced tonight that the tank had been turned over to the British recruiting mission by the London war office.

Accompanying the tank will be a squad of speakers and Scotch pipers, as well as the captured German submarine which was used in the Liberty loan campaign in this city and in the Victory loan campaign in Canada.

A tour of the south will be made first, thence north to Chicago and westward.

$50,000 Champagne Bill Run Up by New Orleans To Welcome New Year

New Orleans, January 1.—The New Year was welcomed here in a manner which indicated as much money was spent for wine, refreshments and incidentals as during normal years. For champagne alone figures secured from leading hotels, restaurants and cafes today indicated $50,000 was spent.

Curtailed street car schedules in effect to conserve coal forced early departures from Canal street and other principal thoroughfares of many merry-makers and the street demonstrations did not extend long after midnight.

TAILOR-MADE UNIFORMS BARRED RICH OFFICERS

Wrightstown, N. J., January 1.—Wealthy officers at Camp Dix, the national army cantonment, were forbidden to wear tailor-made uniforms which give the appearance of a higher rank than that to which they are entitled in orders issued today by Brigadier General Dean, camp commander.

COSSACKS BATTLE WITH BOLSHEVIKI; LOSSES VERY HEAVY

Petrograd Hears That Fierce Fighting Has Been Resumed Midway Between Moscow and Rostov-on-Don.

CENTRAL POWERS PUSH FOR SEPARATE PEACE

Austro-German Delegates Making Themselves at Home in Petrograd—Allies Recognize the Danger Involved in Separate Peace.

Petrograd, December 31.—The battle between the Kaledines Cossacks and Bolsheviki troops has been resumed at Kursk, midway between Moscow and Rostov-on-Don. It is reported that there have benn heavy casualties in the three days' fighting.

There is also a report that Ukrainian and Cossack forces in a great battle on the southwestern front have defeated Bolshevik troops, taking four hundred prisoners and capturing eight guns and 328 machine guns.

The Bolsheviki are reported to have occupied Poltava, the scene of the historic battle between Peter the Great and Charles of Sweden.

There is a famine in the government of Moscow.

German Delegates in Petrograd.

The German political delegates who are visiting Petrograd, headed by Count von Mirbach, are devoting much of their time to preliminary discussions of the question of trade relations.

Baron Admiral Keyserlingk declared today that no time was more suitable than the present for making peace, as he considered that it probably would be difficult to reach terms with the constituent assembly.

The Germans and also the Austrians who are in Petrograd, are making themselves thoroughly at home, visiting theaters, among them the French theater, and also the cafes and taking possession of the reading and lounge rooms in two adjoining hotels in which some entente allied officers are quarters. The delegates expect to return to Brest-Litovsk within two weeks.

Bulgarian and Turk delegates are due to arrive here tomorrow.

Germans Hunt Better Rations.

London, January 1.—According to Petrograd dispatches joint sittings of the Austro-German delegations with the Russian representatives started Monday, the members of the Brest-Litovsk delegations participating. The discussions turned chiefly upon the fate of prisoners and trade relations.

The movement of the delegations from the central powers from hotel to hotel in search of better rations has created amusement among the Russian newspapers, which say the Germans love luxury.

According to an evening newspaper the Russian delegates who have returned from Brest-Litovsk say that the Germans expressed a readiness to evacuate White Russia, but declined to withdraw their troops from such bases as Riga and Libau except in event of a general peace.

A sailor named Eremyeff has been appointed temporary commander-in-chief of the Petrograd district.

It has been decided to hold a plebiscite in Odessa to determine whether that city, the most important seaport of southern Russia and fourth city of the empire in population, shall belong to Ukraine or White Russia.

MENACE TO ALLIES IN PEACE PROFFER OF CENTRAL POWERS

London, January 1.—The British government recognizes that the Brest-Litovsk peace proposals constitute a grave and new fact of which official cognizance must be taken, says The Daily Chronicle in reporting, as did The Manchester Guardian yesterday, that the British government intends to return a serious and reasonable reply to the Austro-German peace terms when presented officially. The Chronicle

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INVADERS THROWN ACROSS PIAVE RIVER BY ITALIAN ATTACK

Famous Zenson Loop on the Lower Reaches of the Stream Has Been Cleared of the Austrian Troops.

FIGHT FOR BRIDGEHEAD CONTINUED FIVE DAYS

Heavy Casualties Were Inflicted on the Austrians. Driving of Austrians From the Loop Removes a Menace to Venice.

New York, January 1.—(By the Associated Press. From European Cables of the Day.)—Another reverse for the Teutonic allied arms, following that effected by the French troops in their initial drive on the northern front in Italy has been brought about by the Italians in a sharp attack in the famous Zenson loop on the lower reaches of the Piave river.

Here the enemy has been driven to the eastern bank of the stream from positions he had held since the Italians in their retrograde movement from the Isonzo made their stand along the western shore of the Piave. Thus the entire right bank of the Piave has been cleared of the invaders except far to the north, where the battle line runs westward from the stream through the hill region.

ITALIANS KEPT AFTER THE FOE.

The fighting for the Zenson bridgehead has been in progress since last Thursday, the Italians keeping energetically after the foe in order to regain the position, which always has been considered a menace to Venice. Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy by the artillery and rifle fire of the Italians before he was forced to recross the stream.

On the northern front the infantry again is idle for the moment, but the big guns of both sides are keeping up intensive duels on various sectors, particularly around Monte Tomba and on the Asiago plateau. The enemy is continuing his air raids over important towns on the plain, his latest attack having been directed against Vicenza, Bassano, Castel Franco and Treviso. Thirteen persons were killed and forty-four others wounded, the majority of them civilians. Only small material damage resulted from the new raids.

ARTILLERY ACTIONS ON WESTERN FRONT.

Likewise, the operations on the fronts in France and Belgium are being confined almost exclusively to bombardment, although the German war office claims a further gain of ground by the army of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria over the British south of Marcoing, in the Cambrai sector.

Still further progress has been made by the British troops operating against the Turks in Palestine, north of Jerusalem. The Turks in the fighting of the last several days have lost more than 1,000 men killed and 750 made prisoner.

ITALIAN TROOPS DRIVE AUSTRIANS FROM BRIDGEHEAD

Rome, January 1.—The Austrians last night were compelled, in consequence of Italian operations, to abandon the Zenson bridgehead, where they had a lodgment on the western bank of the Piave river and pass to the eastern bank of the river, the war office reports. All the Zenson bend is now held by the Italians.

The text of the statement follows:

"At Zenson di Piave, owing to our energetic pressure begun on Thursday and continued without interruption, the enemy last night was obliged as the result of our combined operation with fire and detachments and after having suffered heavy losses, to abandon the bridgehead and to pass again to the left bank of the river. All the ground in the bend is now held by us.

"On the remainder of the front the artillery action of both sides generally was moderate. Our artillery showed more activity on the Asiago plateau and the enemy's guns increased their fire in the Monte Tomba-Piave sector.

"Last night enemy airmen attacked the aviation camp of Istrana and repeated their aggression against the inhabitants and open cities of Vicenza, Bassano, Castel Franco and Treviso, where bombs were dropped. Altogether we registered thirteen dead and forty-four wounded. The victims for the most part belonged to the civil population. The material damage was slight.

"Our air squadrons bombarded enemy aviation camps. Two hostile machines were brought down in the course of the day by French and British airmen."

London, January 1.—The following official communication dealing with operations of the British forces on the Italian front was issued tonight:

"The British commander-in-chief in Italy reports that the Italians at the end of the year remain in possession of their defensive lines on the Monte Grappa and Asiago sectors, which they have worked untiringly to strengthen. Little snow has fallen. The success of the French yesterday in the Monte Tomba region has given much satisfaction.

"Some small raids have been successfully made across the Piave river by the British. The crossing of the river is difficult at this season of the year. British artillery and aircraft con-

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DR. HAM ACCEPTS TABERNACLE CALL

Policies for Ensuing Year, as Set Forth by Acting Pastor, Are Heartily Indorsed by Church Board.

The Baptist Tabernacle will receive officially next Sunday the acceptance of the call recently extended to Rev. J. W. Ham, the acting pastor, who came to this church in September with the agreement to accept only the temporary leadership.

At a meeting of the official board of the church, plans and policies were submitted by the acting pastor for the indorsement of the board. In the case of each item set forth, there was unanimous and hearty acceptance. Immediately upon their action, Mr. Ham announced his acceptance of the call. This announcement was greeted with prolonged hand-clapping and cheers and concluded with a song, "Blessed Be the Tie That Binds," with each officer crowding forward to shake hands with the new pastor.

The Young People's Societies, who were holding watch-night services, then filed in the room to express their appreciation and pledging their loyalty and co-operation.

One of the most important actions taken by the board was an expression of hearty indorsement of the pastor's plan to re-establish the Bible conference which has rendered such signal service to the Christian forces of the city and the south in general during the past. The date for the conference will be as usual, during March.

It is felt by the pastor and the officials that such a conference of Bible teaching will be a splendid supplement to the work done by Mr. Sunday in the recent evangelistic campaign.

GREAT SHIP PLANT COMING TO SOUTH

Henry Ford and Experts to Select Site—Plant Will Be Located in Georgia, Florida or South Carolina.

By P. H. McGowan.

Washington, January 1.—(Special.)—Within the next ten days in all probability, a southern site will be chosen for one of the largest shipbuilding plants in the world by Henry Ford, the plant's chief promoter, with the assistance of Chairman Hurley, of the United States shipping board, and a score of expert steel men and shipbuilders.

It is almost certain that one of the following localities will be chosen: Charleston, Savannah, Brunswick, Jacksonville, Fernandina, Tampa or Pensacola.

Inspection of sites will begin immediately and although Mr. Ford's friends here today were not prepared to make public the itinerary of the southern cities to be visited, it was stated that practically all plans had been agreed upon at a conference between Mr. Ford and the government authorities, and that all that is lacking is an available site. It was explained, however, that there would be no long delays in the matter and no red tape. Although these ships will be of steel there must be millions of feet of Georgia, Florida and South Carolina lumber used in their construction.

Adrift On An Ice Cake, Boatswain Is Rescued In An Unconscious State

New York, January 1.—Weather-hardened mariners along the water front shivered tonight as they gossiped about the perilous voyage on an ice floe early today by William W. Young, boatswain on an American coastwise steamship. Although he was rescued unconscious after floating down the bay with the thermometer below zero, the hero of the sailors' yarn expects to go back to work after he gets thoroughly thawed out at the hospital to which he was taken.

Young was adjusting the falls on a small boat when he fell overboard. He remembers struggling through the water until he sighted a huge cake of ice onto which he clambered. That's about all the first-hand information he is able to give, for he became unconscious from exposure and did not recover until he was picked up by the light house tender, Lockspur.

When Young tumbled overboard the steamer was stopped and a small boat launched, but the tide was swift and his mates were unable to find a trace of him. When the ship came to its dock he had been given up for lost, for no one thought he had even a fighting chance for life, but it was said at the hospital that he was not even frost bitten.

STEVENS AND PARTY PUT UNDER ARREST IN SIBERIAN CITY

Stevens Is Chairman of Mission and Has Rank of Minister Plenipotentiary. Leading Railway Engineers Compose Mission.

MISSION WAS WORKING ON RUSSIAN RAILROADS

No Details Given in the Dispatch Announcing the Arrest of the Party—No Official Word Has Reached the State Department.

London, January 1.—It is reported that the Bolsheviki have arrested the members of the American railway mission at Irkutsk, Siberia, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Petrograd.

The United States railroad commission to the Russian government arrived in Petrograd last June and until the recent Bolsheviki disturbances had been busily engaged in assisting the Russian railways out of their operating difficulties.

The personnel of the commission, which was not officially announced, follows:

John F. Stevens, of New York, former chief engineer of the Panama canal, chairman; W. L. Darling, of St. Paul, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific railway; Henry Miller, of St. Louis, former operating vice president of the Wabash railroad; George Gibbs, of Philadelphia, former chief mechanical engineer of the Pennsylvania railroad, and J. P. Griner, of Baltimore, chief consulting engineer of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad.

Chairman Stevens had the rank of minister plenipotentiary to the Russian government, but his appointment did not infringe on the status of David R. Francis, the American ambassador.

A dispatch from Tokio, dated December 27, says Mr. Stevens had arrived at Nagasaki, Japan, December 19, from Vladivostok, and that he had reserved the accommodations of an entire hotel in Nagasaki for 320 members of his staff, who accompanied him. The dispatch also carried a statement from Mr. Stevens in which he declared it was his intention to return to Russia with his staff and remain there as long as they could be of any assistance to the Russian people.

NO INFORMATION AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, January 1.—No word from official sources had reached the state department tonight regarding the reported arrest of members of the American railway mission at Irkutsk. The department's communication with Russia has been very irregular, however, and officials would not be surprised if the report were true. An inquiry will be sent to Ambassador Francis at Petrograd at once.

Although several railway units, each comprising several hundred men, are in Siberia to assist in improving conditions on the trans-Siberian railway, it is thought that only a few could have been at Irkutsk. They probably are scattered in small detachments along the entire route.

There have been frequent rumors that the railway mission was about to withdraw and return to this country, but the state department has indicated that the men would be kept at their posts and that although recognition of the Bolshevik regime is withheld, there is no disposition to curtail the work of railway rehabilitation begun under the Kerensky provisional government.

The American embassy at Petrograd reported to the state department last Wednesday that Charles S. Smith, a member of the railway mission, had been arrested at Tchita, Siberia, but had been released after a few hours of detention. Earlier news dispatches from Russia said that Mr. Smith had been taken into custody while in company with M. Oustrougoff, former assistant minister of railways in Russia, who was arrested by the Bolsheviki because of his prior affiliation with the provisional government.

GERMANS STEAL DOORS OF BRUSSELS EXCHANGE

Washington, January 1.—The Germans are taking down the massive bronze doors of the Brussels exchange to ship them to Germany, according to a French dispatch today. All metals of value in the manufacture of munitions are being requisitioned, the dispatch says, and bell metal is known to have been in especial demand.

Weather Prophecy

FAIR.

Washington—Forecast:

Georgia—Fair Wednesday, preceded by rain or snow in northwest portion, warmer; Thursday fair.

Florida—Fair, warmer Wednesday and Thursday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair, warmer Wednesday; Thursday fair.

Tennessee—Fair Wednesday, preceded by rain or snow east portion; warmer; Thursday fair.

Kentucky—Fair west, clearing east portion Wednesday, warmer; Thursday fair.

South Carolina—Cloudy south, snow or rain north portion Wednesday, warmer; Thursday fair.

FORWARD WITH GOD, SHOUTS THE KAISER

New - Year Order to Army and Navy German Ruler Urges His Forces to Fresh Deeds.

Amsterdam, January 1.—Berlin reports that Emperor William has addressed the following New Year's order to the army and navy:

"A year of heavy and important battles has come to a close. The gigantic battles which raged from spring to fall on Belgian and French soil were decided in favor of your glorious arms. In the east the offensive spirit of our armies, by powerful blows, achieved great successes. Our arms there are now at rest. Brilliant victories in a few days destroyed the Italian offensive preparations of years.

"In co-operation with my army, my fleet has again proved its efficiency by daring enterprises. The submarines are unswervingly performing their difficult and effective work. Filled with pride and admiration, we survey the heroic band of our colonial troops.

"The German people in arms has thus everywhere, on land and sea, achieved great deeds. But our enemies still hope, with the assistance of new allies, to defeat you and then to destroy the world position won by Germany in hard endeavor. They will not succeed. Trusting in our righteous cause and in our strength, we face the year 1918 with firm confidence and iron will. Therefore, forward with God to fresh deeds and fresh victories."

In a telegram to Admiral von Holtzendorff, head of the German naval general staff, as forwarded from Berlin, Field Marshal von Hindenburg declares the capture of Oesle and Dago islands, off the Russian Baltic coast, brought the German army and navy still closer together. The German submarines, the field marshal says, have given considerable relief in the action of the western front. The message continues:

"Hand in hand, with God's help, we shall gain victory in the coming year."

Admiral von Holtzendorff replied, thanking the field marshal for his words, which "will spur us to our uttermost effort."

AUSTRIANS THROWN ACROSS RIVER PIAVE

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tinue their efforts daily to destroy the enemy's batteries.

"In retaliation for December 26, when they lost 11 machines, the enemy aircraft has been very active lately in bombing raids. The damage thus inflicted has been slight.

"All the allied troops are confident of future success of their united efforts and look forward to the new year."

GERMAN REPORT ON OPERATIONS.

Berlin, January 1.—Violent artillery duels raged all of yesterday in the Monte Tomba section of the northern Italian front, the statement given out today by the German general staff says.

This is the sector of the Italian front where the French on Sunday made a successful offensive attack.

ARTILLERY DUELS ARE IN PROGRESS ON BRITISH FRONT

London, January 1.—"Except for considerable artillery activity on both sides in the neighborhood of Arleux-En-Gohelle and southeast of Lens," says the British war office statement issued today regarding operations on the battle front in France, "there is nothing of special interest to report."

The report from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters tonight says:

"An attempted enemy raid early this morning, under cover of a heavy bombardment against one of our posts northeast of Loos, was successfully repulsed. There was hostile artillery activity during the day in the neighborhood of La Vacquerie, south of Lens, northeast of Armentieres and east of Ypres.

"During December we captured a total of 1,018 German prisoners, including 12 officers; 4 guns, 3 trench mortars and 103 machine guns."

GAIN CLAIMED BY GERMANS.

Berlin, January 1.—(Via London.)—Further German gains on the Cambrai front south of Marcoing are reported today by the war office.

FRENCH REPULSE GERMAN RAIDERS.

Paris, January 1.—"Spirited artillery fighting occurred in the Champagne, in the region of the Butte du Mesnile," says today's official communication. "A German raid on our small posts southeast of Beaumont was without result. We took prisoners.

"Elsewhere the night was calm."

The following official communication was issued tonight:

"The cannonade was rather spirited on the left bank of the Meuse to the north of Hill 304 and on the right bank in the region of Beaumont and Bois le Chaume. On the remainder of the front there was intermittent cannonading.

"Army of the East, December 31: No event of importance took place today. Bad weather prevails."

TURKS ARE DRIVEN BY BRITISH FORCES IN THE HOLY LAND

London, January 1.—British forces in Palestine, under command of General Allenby, have made further progress along the line north of Jerusalem, the British war office announced today. More than a thousand Turks were killed and 750 were taken prisoner.

The statement follows:

"Palestine: The British line has been still further advanced north of Jerusalem. From Thursday to Saturday inclusive we took prisoner 750 Turks, including 39 officers. Up to the present 1,066 enemy dead have been counted."

FEDERAL CONTROL MAY COST TERMINALS

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in doubt, since the federal government has taken over the control of the railroads.

State officials are giving serious consideration to the status of the lease under and will endeavor to arrive at some understanding of the matter as early as possible.

The question of state taxation of railroads seems to be cleared up, since such taxation is counted in as a fixed operating expense.

Expect Many Changes.

The members of the Atlanta railroad fraternity are keyed up to a high pitch of interest over the sweeping changes that are believed by many of them to be planned by the federal railroad director, and it is generally thought that not only will there be many departures from the present order of things, but that many of the local members of the railroad colony will find themselves entering upon new duties or without any duties at all so far as railroad work is concerned.

Orders have been received from several foreign transportation companies, two of which announce the closing of their Atlanta offices, while others order the cessation of solicitations for freight and passenger business and call in their traveling representatives of these departments.

The Pennsylvania system, which has maintained an office in Atlanta for many years, employing one of the largest forces of any foreign railroad, abolished its Atlanta office Tuesday, January 1, and the following local representatives of the system will leave the city to take up duties with the Pennsylvania at other points:

Pennsylvania Recalls Men.

John T. Wray, southern freight agent, for some time past has been chairman, special eastbound lumber conference committee, Norfolk, Va., in charge of work of moving lumber shipments from the south. Resumes charge of committee.

William W. Finley, Jr., district freight solicitor, Atlanta. Attached to office of foreign freight agent, Philadelphia.

J. Berkeley Tilley, traveling freight solicitor, Atlanta. Attached to office of division freight agent, Erie, Pa.

John A. Allers, chief clerk, Atlanta. Attached to office of freight claim agent, Philadelphia.

E. R. Russell and C. C. Hooper, of Atlanta office, moved to freight claim agent's office, Philadelphia, and special eastbound lumber conference committee, Norfolk, respectively.

Discontinues Office Here.

The Merchants' and Miners' Transportation, which operates a line of steamers on the Atlantic coast, plying between Brunswick and New York, will discontinue its Atlanta office, effective February 1, 1918. This will throw out of employment two men, who have worked for the company under the direction of Southern Agent Carroll H. Smith. Mr. Smith, who has been with the company for 23 years, will also cease his local connection with the steamship company, but it is believed he will be cared for by the Merchants' and Miners' Transportation in some other capacity.

The Missouri Pacific, with offices in the Fourth National bank, has been advised that the positions of both traveling passenger and freight representatives reporting from the Atlanta office will be abolished. This will effect J. D. Mills, traveling freight and passenger agent, with Florida territory, and Garland Tobin, who travels Georgia and South Carolina in the same apacity. T. H. McCoy, who is in charge of the Missouri Pacific business in Atlanta, it is said, will remain here in charge of the office.

Many of the local offices of the railroads were closed Tuesday on account of New Year's day, but call upon a number of them developed the fact that the majority of the transportation companies running into Atlanta have made no changes in their working forces yet.

It was stated at the office of the traffic manager of the A., B. & A., that although the men had been stopped from soliciting business, the members of the freight and passenger departments were still in the employ of the company.

No Changes Reported.

The Frisco, with offices in the Fourth National Bank building, reported that no changes had been made as yet.

The offices of the Illinois Central, which are also in the Fourth National Bank building, are in charge of V. C. Mason, commercial agent. There are five men connected with this office, including Mr. Mason, and it was stated that all of these men were still with the company, no advices having been received displacing them. They are doing no active solicitations for business, however.

At the office of F. E. Ellis, division freight agent of the Central of Georgia railroad, it was announced that seven men on the staff in that office were still retaining their connections with the road, and that no change had been made so far as was known.

THRIFT STAMP BOOST BY GOODRICH COMPANY

Big Rubber Concern First Presents All Employees With Stamps and Starts Sale.

Not satisfied with a purchase of $8,000 thrift stamps, which were made a holiday present to its 22,000 factory employees—a dollar's worth for each one—the B. F. Goodrich Rubber company has supplied every one of its many branches over the country with a large supply of thrift stamps, and has begun a vigorous campaign with its employees and the citizens generally to buy these little saving aids for the government.

Advertising literature, banners of various sorts, and all needed publicity matter has been arranged for this big campaign, and in every one of the 125 branches of this large rubber company, scattered over the United States, every effort is going to be put forth to make the thrift stamp sale record a really worth-while one.

It takes $4 in stamps and a few cents extra, this amount being determined by the month in which the book is returned to a bank or postoffice, to fill a book exchangeable for a $5 war certificate stamp, payable on January 1, 1923. The employees of the Goodrich company took enthusiastically to the scheme and it is safe to assume that $90,000 will pour into government coffers from the workers at the Goodrich plant.

J. R. Cheshire, manager of the Atlanta branch, is quite enthused over the big plan of his company. "The government must make use of every means that will increase its resources and insure a victorious prosecution of the war," said Mr. Cheshire, "and we feel that we will have the full co-operation of every one in this whole section in our plan to bring as much revenue as possible to Uncle Sam. In loaning the government this money people should remember that they are going to receive generous interest, and, after all, it is a splendid savings proposition. The $2,000,000,000 which the government hopes to realize on the sale of thrift stamps will not go far in a war of such gigantic proportions, but this amount can buy many rifles and much ammunition; and the more rifles we have and the quicker we have them, the sooner this war will be over."

In each branch there will be a supply of stamps. Each branch manager will have a supply commensurate with his needs. The money he and his subordinates take in through the sale of stamps will be spent in purchasing more stamps so that the supply will never be depleted.

GOVERNMENT TO PROBE SOARING PRICES OF SHOES

Federal Trade Board Plans Investigation of Hides and Leather.

Washington, January 1.—Hides and leather today were added to the list of necessities under investigation by the federal trade commission, to determine why the price of shoes is "exceedingly high" while unusually large stocks of raw materials are alleged to be held in storage.

Inquiry is to be made promptly to ascertain the reasonableness of the profits being made by all persons handling leather articles. It is expected that investigation will commence at the source and after threshing out the prices received by the packers for the raw hides, will go into the expenses of tanning, manufacture and even distribution.

Information obtained by the commission's investigators in obtaining data on which government contracts are based is said to have been responsible for the decision to make official record of all the details of the hide and leather industry. Indications that the commission also may have obtained information personally on the cost of shoes was seen in the resolution authorizing the investigation, which recites that it has been "common experience that exceedingly high prices are now charged."

Commissioner Davies, who is in charge of the meat packing investigation, will direct the hide and leather inquiry.

The commission's resolution says:

"Whereas, it is common experience that exceedingly high prices are now charged for shoes, which are a prime necessity of life, and for leather products generally; and

"Whereas, it is alleged that unusually large stocks of hides and of leather are now on hand and that tanneries, leather factories and shoe factories are operating far short of their capacity; and

"Whereas, it is in the public interest to promptly ascertain the fact as to the reasonableness of the present prices of hides, leather, shoes and other important leather products and as to the reasonableness of the profit being made in their production and distribution:

"Resolved, That the federal trade commission make an investigation of the above matter, not duplicating the data already being gathered in connection with the meat investigation and not duplicating any data being gathered by the war trade board or other departments of the government.

"That the necessary additional force be employed to promptly carry on this work.

"That necessary arrangements be made with the president for funds to meet the expenses of this investigation, and

"That the advisory economic board be directed to promptly submit a plan, and estimate of expense and recommendations as to men for this investigation."

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on box. 30c.

31 CENTS A POUND PAID FOR 500 BALES COTTON

Selma, Ala., January 1.—The most important cotton deal in point of price ever transacted in Selma was concluded today when the Yaretzky Cotton company sold to M. Hohenberg & Co. 500 bales at 31 cents. This is the highest point ever reached on the Selma market since the exchange was established forty years ago.

To Prevent The Grip.
Colds cause Grip—LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

An Old-Fashioned Remedy
Jacobs' Cold Absorbent

For colds, sore chests, croup, pneumonia, bronchitis, sore throat, and all inflamed or irritated conditions of air passages.

A small amount rubbed thoroughly on the chest, and placed in each nostril at bedtime, will absorb congestion, drive out fever, and give relief in one night.

Recommended especially for croupy children, and all who have bronchial affections, as it strengthens the lungs and makes them less susceptible to atmospheric changes. Price 25c.

Jacobs' Pharmacy
Stores All Over Atlanta.

Sanitary Market Co.
RETAIL AT WHOLESALE

TODAY

Veal or Beef Stew	7c
Brisket	10c
Flank	10c
Rib Roast	12½c
Chuck Roast	12½c
Shoulder Roast	12½c
Rump Roast	15c
Loin Roast	15c
Round Roast	17½c
Porterhouse Steak	17½c
Round Steak	20c
Green Ground Bone	5c

46 WALTON — 33 EDGEWOOD
35 E. ALABAMA — E. MITCHELL
24 S. BROAD — 86 S. BROAD
20 N. BROAD — 61 N. BROAD

Wait For High's
$100,000.00 January
WHITE SALE
Beginning Monday, January 7th

Cash Grocery Co.
WEDNESDAY



No. 10 Snowdrift $2.09
Per case, 6 pails $12.39



No. 10 Country Style Pure Kettle Rendered Lard--- $2.59

No. 10 Silver-Leaf Lard,	$2.66
No. 5 Pure Lard	$1.33
$1.00 Crisco	89c
3 Cans Wesson's Oil	$1.00
Tall Pet Milk	12½c
Tall Carnation Milk	12½c
Either Kind Per Case	$5.75
No. 2 Can Tomatoes	11½c
Per Case, 2 Dozen,	$2.69
No. 2 Sifted Peas	17½c
Per Case, 2 Dozen,	$3.89
40c Coffee	25c
Arbuckle's Coffee	19c

113 Whitehall

SIGNET SHOES

Two-Tone Boots
Bargains $4.95



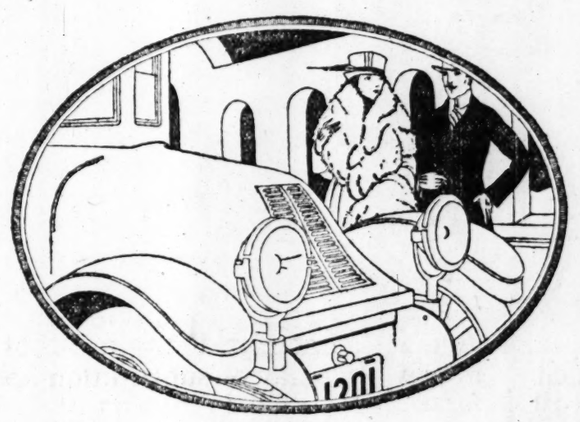
Brown, Champagne tops; Field Mouse, Ivory tops-- were $8 and $9.

Broken Lots $2.95
Nearly all small sizes-- Wonderful Values

Button Boots $3.95
Were $10
Two Tones
Good sizes

No Refunds
No Exchanges
No Mail Orders

Signet Shoe Shop
13 Peachtree



The Franklin Car

Second-hand Car Ads Show What to Avoid in Automobile Buying

EVERYBODY has been noticing the tremendous amount of newspaper advertising being done *to move second-hand cars*. With many dealers the Used Car Show has become an annual event.

Much can be learned from used car advertising, when the prices quoted for the different makes and models are considered.

With the average car the biggest single item of expense the first year is *depreciation*. Besides its loss as an investment it tells another story—its *record* for service, utility, economy in tires, gasoline and oil.

Used Franklin Cars *have always been scarce* —scarce enough to have waiting lists of people throughout the country who would rather pay the comparatively high price of a used Franklin than put the money in a new car of wasteful upkeep.

The Franklin Owner Rarely Changes to Another Make of Car

Unlike the average motorist the Franklin buyer does not endeavor to settle his choice among three or four makes.

The motorist who buys a Franklin Car has *unmistakable* reasons for his choice.

The Franklin buyer has for a long time regarded the Franklin as his *ultimate car*. He is a man who knows the reasons back of the present trend towards the Franklin Car—reasons that have *tripled* the Franklin building schedules. Reasons that always make *Franklin demand exceed Franklin production.*

And what are these reasons? One is *Economy*. On July 13th of this year 179 Franklin Cars, under standard efficiency rules, at points throughout the country established *a new record for gasoline economy* by averaging 40.3 miles for a single gallon of gasoline.

A similar *economy in tires* is recorded by Franklin owners themselves. Reports, over a stretch of five years, give 10,203 miles as the average for a set of tires.

Again *economy in oil*. A Franklin Sedan covered 1046 miles—New York to Chicago—on a single gallon.

Franklin Scientific Principles Insure Long Life

The comparatively high prices of the Franklin in used car advertising is the best proof of its *long life*. Scientific light weight construction, fine materials wisely distributed and direct air cooling combine to minimize friction, wear, tear and unnecessary pounding so common with the average heavy car and destructive to long life.

Touring Car	2280 lbs.	$2050.00
Cabriolet	2485 lbs.	2850.00
Town Car	2610 lbs.	3200.00
Runabout	2160 lbs.	2000.00
Sedan	2610 lbs.	2950.00
Limousine	2620 lbs.	3200.00
Four-pass. Roadster	2280 lbs.	2050.00
Brougham	2575 lbs.	2900.00

All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

Reasons for choosing the Franklin are numerous. Every Franklin owner can give them from experience.

But never before has it been so urgent for every motorist to know *the full Franklin facts* as it is these days—days that clearly indicate that the motorist must ultimately accept either restricted use of his car or *curtail unnecessary waste with the Franklin.*

W. M. HULL, Agent
16 Porter Place ATLANTA Ivy 946

HARDEST PERIOD OF WAR FOR THE ENTENTE ALLIES

According to French Commissioner Tardieu—Decision in Next Six Months.

Atlantic Port, January 1.—The allies are entering the hardest of the war, but a period which ove richest in decisive results, know how to play a good game, issue will be decided in the months," according to Capre Tardieu, French high comr to the United States, who to this country today. He to Washington tomorrow. ommissioner first arrived in ntry last May. He returned e in November, and his gov- decided to continue his offi- for a period of six months. Captain Tardieu pointed to bility of a strong German at- he western front during the is "absolutely confident that another Verdun," he declared ment.. ency of enormous economic emphasted by the French tive in this statement: lie is not only on the battle- old to the French, with ss, what America ex- in the way of restric- rifices. I am coming re the necessary sac- and her allies are ics for victory." hips and locomo- gs most needed, and le sole to give. Cap- : nt to Colonel House, American mission to war conference in rdu said: presence of Colonel associates, the inter- has done excellent cessry that the gov- United States should nd apacity to take, art which belongs to irecion of the war."

"The French army has never been more magnificent," the British army "is equally superb" and "the American army is increasing day by day," Captain Tardieu said in speaking of the morale of the allied forces.

That he might retain his commissionership to the United States, Captain Tardieu declined to accept a portfolio in Premier Clemenceau's cabinet. He did this, he said, because he believed "nothing is more urging and more necessary" than the work to be done through this commissionership.

PEACHTREE ROAD REPAIRING STARTS TUESDAY MORNING

Work on repairing Peachtree road, beginning at the city limits and stretching northward to Buckhead, was started Tuesday, when fifty men and four road rollers began scarifying the road surface, in preparation for the bitumen and squegee with which these will be filled.

It was announced last night by Dr. W. L. Gilbert, chairman of the public works department of Fulton county, that the repair work will of necessity require three weeks for completion, as the job is bigger than considered.

The road when completed is expected to withstand wear until March or April, when the Fulton county commission plans to replace this work with an entirely new pavement.

QUITMAN FOOD FIXER BARS SUGAR PROFITEER

Quitman, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Food Administrator S. J. Faircloth took prompt action when it was reported to him that sugar was being sold here at more than the price fixed by the government. Peter Ostoposides was the offending dealer and the wholesale grocers were warned not to sell him any more sugar, while he was required to refund all that he had charged for sugar above 11 cents. It was reported that he had taken advantage of the shortage of sugar prevailing to sell his stock at from 15 to 20 cents a pound.

Galsworthy Declines Honor of Knighthood; Anthony Hope Accepts

London, January 1.—The New Year's honor list announced last night bestows a large number of awards for war services of various kinds, with a sprinkling to art and literature. Among the most prominent men to receive honors are Sir Frederick E. Smith, the attorney general, who now is in the United States, to be a baronet, while knighthood is bestowed on Anthony Hope, the author.

Four new peerages are created, the men elevated being Sir Frederick Cawley, liberal M. P. and chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster; Sir John B. Lonsdale, conservative M. P. for Mid-Arwagh; Almeric Hugh Paget, unionist leader, who married Pauline Whitney, of New York, and Sir James T. Woodhouse, royal commissioner under the defense of the realm act. Baron Furness, the shipping magnate, is made a viscount.

Sir Henry Norton, journalist, traveler, author and a graduate of Harvard university, and Thomas Richards, a labor member of parliament for Westmonshire, are made privy councellors. The new knights include John Scott Keltl, the geographer; John Lavery, the painter; Sidney J. Low, author and journalist; Edwin L. Intyens, the architect; David Murray, H. A., artist; Leslie Ward, the artist, and Dr. Andrew MacPhail, professor of the history of medicine in McGill university, Montreal, Canada.

It is officially announced that the name of John Galsworthy, the author, was included in the list of New Year knights through an error. It appears that Mr. Galsworthy begged to be allowed to decline the offer of knighthood, and that his name was included in the official list owing to a misconception of his wishes.

DEATH OF A GEORGIAN REPORTED BY PERSHING

Washington, January 1. — General Pershing today reported the deaths of nine men of the expeditionary force. They include:

Private Ernest Canon, stevedore regiment, pneumonia, Statesboro, Ga.

WILLIAM C. ROYER AGAIN THE LEADER OF ATLANTA HOSTS

William C. Royer, manager of the Piedmont hotel, who has served the Atlanta Hotel Men's association through 1917, the most prosperous and eventful year of its history, was last night unanimously re-elected as president of the organization. H. A. Tisdale, of the Aragon, was re-elected vice president, and Fred Houser was again made secretary and treasurer. Lee Jordan, attorney for the association, was also re-elected.

The meeting of the hotel men was held at the Majestic, where J. Lee Barnes served them with a fine banquet. Nearly all the hotel men in the city were gathered about the table, and with Fred Houser acting as master of ceremonies, they were given a most enjoyable evening.

Vice President Tisdale presented President Royer with a handsome silver vase filled with beautiful pink roses as an expression of the hotel men's appreciation of his services.

There were many discussions of serious import to the hotel men, among which were the requirements that will be made of them by the United States health officers, and the food saving problem. President Royer read letters from other hotel men complimenting the Atlanta organization, and he drew loud applause when he mentioned the fact that the local hotels were the first to begin to observe the beefless days.

J. C. Wardlaw, superintendent of Atlanta schools, who was a guest of the association, was called upon to make a speech, and he responded to the delight of the party.

William Y. Zimmer, the "father of the Atlanta Hotel Men's association," was present, and he responded to a call for a talk with a touching address in which he spoke of his friendship for each member of the body. Before taking his seat, Mr. Zimmer spoke of the importance of the negro Y. M. C. A. movement in Atlanta, and suggested that a donation be made to the fund. It was unanimously voted to send the colored Y. M. C. A. fund a check for fifty dollars.

It was also voted to send a telegram to the hotel men who have suffered loss through the fire that is raging in Norfolk, Va.

CHILD LABOR STANDARDS TO STAND DURING WAR

Warning Issued to American Citizens by the Children's Bureau.

Washington, January 1.—The increasing necessity for maintaining standards of child welfare during war time was pointed out today by the children's bureau in a New Year's warning calling the attention of American citizens to the disastrous effects of exemptions from child labor regulations in foreign countries.

"Foreign experience shows that countries which have permitted special exemptions from child labor standards," the statement says, "have almost with one accord regretted them as both injurious to the children and inefficient as regards industrial results. The immediate penalty has been a swelling stream of child offenders pouring through the courts.

"Protection of babies and little children and of their mothers—a first essential in war time to replace the wastage of human life on the battle field—demands local provision for adequate nursing and medical care. Further protection not being available as yet, the full burden rests with each state and community. Shortage and high prices of milk in many communities also is a matter of grave concern.

"Upon each community also must lie the responsibility for seeing that mothers are not driven by want to leave their children and go to work. The father's wages must keep pace with the high prices and if he is called to the army and the family's separation allowance is inadequate, the community cannot afford to shift to the mother the burden of supplementing this allowance. Also, for the widows of civilians and their children, if the state provides the mother's pension, the mother's work is a costly substitute.

"Neither must the burden of support nor the pressure of demand for labor be allowed to rest upon the children themselves. The children's bureau during the new year will systematize further its enforcement of the federal child labor law, but school attendance requirements and many forms of child labor are not included in this law, and the bureau urges the importance of maintaining in each state the highest standards of training and of protection."

$100,000 LOSS CAUSED BY COTTON SEED FIRE

Charlotte, N. C., January 1.—Loss estimated at $100,000 was [illegible] destruction by fire toni[illegible] warehouse of the Buckeye company. The company's was not damaged.

The plant is located in the [illegible] of the city and lack of water [illegible] handicapped the firemen.

The fire was believed to have originated from a motor used in connection with the seed-drying machinery. The loss was fully covered by insurance according to the company's local manager.

Resinol

stops itching instantly

Don't let that itching skin-trouble torment you an hour longer! Just spread a little Resinol Ointment over the sick skin and see if the itching does not disappear as if you simply *wiped it away!*

And—even more important—this soothing, healing ointment rarely fails to clear away promptly every trace of the unsightly, tormenting eruption, unless it is due to some serious internal disorder.

Resinol Ointment usually gives even prompter results if the sore places are first bathed thoroughly with Resinol Soap and hot water.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap contain nothing that could injure or irritate the tenderest skin. They clear away pimples, redness and roughness, stop dandruff. Sold by all druggists.



Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company Atlanta—New York—Paris Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

January WHITE SALE

Thousands of Fresh Undermuslins; Spring Styles; Large, Very Real Savings!

Today—The White Sale of 1918!—the lineal descendant of the two [illegible]core omore that have gone before. Think you that an occasion so de[illegible]ved ad pedigreed could be other than fine, beautiful and helpful? It is [illegible]lled wh dainty underthings—the very exquisites of undermuslins, frost[illegible]d withaces, enriched with embroideries, bedecked and beribboned until [illegible]hey arfairly irresistible!

Nowmore than ever, your attention is directed to the qualities. They are of te character you expect to find at Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co., ands such they are real achievements. In a day of substitution and shoddy cused by ascending cotton prices, you will find the same sterling material the same accurate and thorough workmanship that you have always fund here, that you always will.

However, it is in economies, savings, that a January White Sale justifies itself. The savings of this occasion range to one-fourth. That is conservative. Gauged by current market conditions they go considerably further than that! Since this is true, and since the aerial flight of cotton gives no signs of abating, **now, very now,** is supply time—for prices must, perforce, be higher later on.

Come to buy, or to look, as you please. To look—to see the new quips and quirks, the new slant of the fashions—for this is a style show as well as an economy occasion.

Thousands of garments are ready, fresh, beautiful, superb—undermuslins were never so interesting before!



The Gowns

Soft and fairy-like nainsooks, on through to muslins of sturdiness and service. There are many styles, too many to mention in detail. High and "V" necks, long and short sleeves—with especial emphasis on the new round necks. The use of valenciennes and filet laces make them most fascinating. There are others of embroidery, and still others finished in hand-embroidery. Plain and empire styles, the latter most elaborate. The prices are $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3 to $5.

Skirts

Here, too, there is lavish yet nice and discriminating use of valenciennes and filet. In addition, much shadow lace and open embroidery. The manner of their making is a delight—daintiest of needlework. Flounces of 6, 8 and 10 inches, with ribboned beading, organdy medallions, rows of lace insertions and all embroidery. A generous display, varied and interesting—in fact, the largest variety we have ever shown. $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2.50, $2.98, $3.50 and $5. Unusual values.

Chemises

Envelope chemises in the most adorable of styles. The materials are fine, sheer nainsooks and beautiful voiles, finished in valenciennes, torchon or filet lace at back and front. There are open side skirt styles, very comfortable. Camisole and straight styles—a few in the empire effects. Briefly, a satisfactory and complete variety of this most popular garment.

The prices are—$1, $1.50 and $2. Excellent values.

Corset Covers

Hundreds of them, and each one, it seems, is prettier than the other. The material is usually nainsook, although there are splendid ones of muslin. Very new are the styles with peplums with finished waist bands and trimmed at back and front with valenciennes, torchon or exquisite marcella laces. Dozens and dozens of models to choose from. Camisoles also, in newest cover effects, finished in plain embroidery edges. 50c, 69c, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.

Combinations

Marcella combinations, very new and exceedingly attractive, prettily designed and trimmed daintily—circular drawer styles. The variety is very large, assembled in anticipation of an unprecedented demand. The material is nainsook in varying degrees of goodness—soft, fine and as serviceable as can be. Valenciennes Torchon and other laces are used as trimmings.

The price range extends from $2, $2.25 and $2.50 to $3.

Special!

[illegible]cial!

[illegible]Dchemises, plain tai[illegible] with [illegible]nvent finished [illegible]reat lot [illegible] the January [illegible]ry special [illegible] $1.

Special!

Women's gowns, of excellent muslins, low neck, short sleeves, delightfully finished. Some hundreds for selling at this extraordinary price—50c.

Special!

Muslin skirts, trimmed attractively in embroidery flounces four inches deep—others finished in laces. 50c, 75c and 89c.

Special!

Women's drawers, of muslin, open or closed styles, finished nicely in lace or embroidery. Remarkable values at 50c. Plenty to sell.

Special!

Women's knee length petticoats, lace or embroidery trimming, of muslin with lawn or nainsook flounce. Special, very, at 50c and 75c.

Special!

Women's corset covers—a huge group for selling at 50c—most unusual values we have seen in a long while—of muslin, prettily trimmed.

Columbia Grafonola

Food will win the war. Don't waste it.

Kindly Note:

About March 1, 1918, we will move into our new store—at 86, 88, 90, 92, 94 and 96 Whitehal Street—bout 60 normal paces from our present locaton. The exact date will be announced later.

Mussed Undermuslins at Extraordinary Reductions

These have accumulated during the past month or so. They are mussed; that is, slightly rumpled and crumpled from handling and from display in the windows and on fixtures. They are very beautiful garments—of course—otherwise they would not be here.

It is our desire to be done with them, being mussed, to sell them away forthwith, therefore the prices are reduced, cut to the nethermost quick.

It is an opportunity to own exquisite undermuslins at remarkably low prices.



Chemises--98c

Envelope chemises, mussed from handling—not all sizes, of fine nainsook, beautifully trimmed. Formerly $1.50 to $2.98, now reduced to 98c. They are bargains.

The Gowns

A great quantity—odd belts—$1 kinds, 89c; $1.25 to $1.50 kinds, 98c; $2.50 kinds at $1.50; $3 to $3.25 kinds at $1.98, and $3.50 to $4.98 sorts reduced to $2.98. Most unusual.

The Skirts

A great quantity, many materials—finished in laces and embroideries. $1 grades at 89c; $1.25 and $1.50 grades at 98c, and $2.25 to $3.98 grades at $1.69.

Corset Covers

Not all sizes—odds and ends—slightly mussed. $1 and $1.25 grades at 89c, $1.50 and $1.75 grades at $1.39, and $2.25 to $2.98 grades at $1.69. Splendid values.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

D ELECTION CHANGES RE ORGED BY NUTTING

wo-Thirds of Those Voting Should Decide Issue, Councilman Believes.

Councilman J. R. Nutting, of the ward, will introduce two reso- at the next meeting of coun- onday, the purposes of which will be to make it easier for the city government to secure needed legislative measures.

One resolution will call for the establishment of a special committee in council on charter amendments. At present there is no councilmanic committee to which questions affecting charter amendments can be referred by council for investigation. It will be the special duty of this committee to get ready in time all charter amendments that the city will ask the legislature next summer to pass. Last June many of the city's desired charter amendments lost out because council waited till the last moment to prepare them.

Another resolution Councilman Nutting will introduce will be in the nature of a request from council for the legislature next summer to submit to the citizens of Atlanta a constitutional amendment whereby only two-thirds of those voting in bond elections, instead of two-thirds of the total number of registered voters, will be required to pass up a bond issue. If this amendment is passed it will be possible, Councilman Nutting states, to hold successful bond elections in Atlanta, whereas under the present law it is practically impossible to get two-thirds of the registered voters to vote for bonds, because so many of those registered fail to vote at all.

Councilman Nutting stated that he will also call the attention of the new finance committee to the resolution passed by council last fall calling for a bond election in January. It is the purpose of council to hold a bond election for $500,000 of bonds this month, but the final decision will in all probability be left up to the new finance committee.

The proceeds of the bond issue, if it successfully passes, will be expended as follows: For new pumps at the river and Hemphill avenue stations, $275,000; for new cyclorama building at Grant park, $100,000, and to motorize the fire department, $125,000.

AMUSEMENTS

B. F. KEITH'S LYRIC
SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
2:30, 7:30, 9:15 — 10c, 20c, 30c
Today Only
Tom Brown's
BLACKFACE REVUE
Other Supreme Acts
New Program Thursday

OW'S GRAND
eus..... 1 to 11 P. M.
ville..... 2, 4, 7 & 9 P. M.
ernoons 10, 15c; Nights 10, 20, 30c
(Including War Tax)
BIG VAUDEVILLE ACTS
SHOWS NEW YEAR'S
KITTY GORDON
In Photoplay, "Diamonds and Pearls"

FORSYTH 11 to 11 o'clock
Adults, 15 cents
Children, 10 cts.
A Fairy Story All Will Enjoy
MARGUERITE CLARK
—in—
"The Seven Swans"

STRAND REGULAR SHOWING
Adults 15c, Children 10c
MARY GARDEN
In Her First Photoplay,
"THAIS"
The Picture Event of the Week

VAUDETTE Usual Exhibitions
Adults 10c, Children 5c
HALL CAINE'S
"THE MANXMAN"
A Powerful, Realistic Story.

THE CRITERION TODAY This Week
J. WARREN KERRIGAN
In a New Play, with more action than the fall of Niagara,
"A Man's Man"
BY PETER B. KYNE
—Also—
Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew
In a New Comedy.
NEXT WEEK ALICE BRADY

JACKSON HILL CHURCH REBUILDING UNDER WAY

The building committee of the Jackson Hill Baptist church makes the announcement that work has begun on the erection of a new church. Since last May when the church was destroyed by Atlanta's great fire, services have been held in the residences of the members.

Prayer meeting will be held tonight at the home of Mrs. C. W. Eddins, 30 Bedford place. Sunday school and preaching will take place Sunday morning at 270 North Boulevard. Dr. J. J. Bennett, a former pastor, will deliver the morning sermon.

BEN TYE GRAZES DEATH IN CRASH OF MACHINES

Ben W. Tye, a well known attorney, who lives at 3 Crescent avenue, had a narrow escape from death early Tuesday morning when his car struck another machine on West Peachtree street, near North avenue, and skidded into a telephone pole. Mr. Tye escaped with a few minor bruises. It is understood the occupant of the other car was not hurt.

208 MEN SWEAR OFF IN 1917, SAYS COOGLER

Sidney J. Coogler, adult probation officer, in his annual report to the chief of police, stated that 208 men were cured of the drink habit during the year 1917. This is slightly less than the number for 1916, when 233 boarded the water wagon. The probation officer handled 618 cases in 1917 and 610 in 1916.

Rheumatism

is completely washed out of the system by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money back offer Tastes fine; costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drugstore, Marietta and Broad Sts.

ATLANTA THEATER
MATINEE TODAY
BEST SEATS $1.50
IN ALL ITS MASSIVE GRANDEUR
LAST TIME TONIGHT
EVERY-WOMAN
HER PILGRIMAGE IN QUEST OF LOVE

ATLANTA PRESS' UNANIMOUS PRAISE:

"The entire cast is worthy of every praise. The production is lavish."
—Atlanta Constitution.

"Mr. Savage has kept it up to the mark. He has sent to Atlanta a company as nearly perfect as he could make it, costumes fresh and lavish, scenery sumptuous, an orchestra considerably augmented." —Atlanta Journal.

"Good plays, like good books, good wine, and good friends, improve with age—that is, so long as they are adequately presented. It would seem that Atlanta playgoers are of the same opinion, judging from the fine audience that greeted Henry W. Savage's 'Everywoman' last night. With the Savage hallmark there is little to be said in criticism—the veteran play-producer sees to that. The company is large and capable."
—Atlanta Georgian.

GRANDMA USED SAGE TEA TO DARKEN HAIR

garden sage brewed into a with sulphur added, will turn ed and faded hair beautiful and luxuriant. Just a few will prove a revelation if ading, streaked or gray. e Tea and Sulphur recipe h, is troublesome. An get a bottle of Wyeth's Sulphur Compound at ready for use. This pe improved by the gredients.

faded hair is not e to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant.

This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite and is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—(adv.)

OTEL MARTINIQUE
Broadway, 32d St., New York
One Block from Pennsylvania Station.
Equally Convenient for Amusements, Shopping or Business.
157 Pleasant Rooms, with Private Bath, $2.50 PER DAY
207 Excellent Rooms, with Private Bath, facing street, southern exposure, $3.00 PER DAY

90,000 GEORGIANS ON ROLL OF HONOR

Red Cross Shows Gain of 18,000 Members in Atlanta, 7,000 in Savannah, 6,000 in Columbus.

More than nenety thousand Georgians joined the Red Cross during the big membership drive which ended Tuesday night, according to a statement made by Dr. Guy E. Snavely, director of the campaign in North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia and Florida.

The entire district will probably show a membership gain of over 400,000 when all the figures are in, in spite of the handicap of the extremely bad weather that has been experienced since the beginning of the campaign.

Atlanta alone added more than 18,000 names to the membership roll and other cities in the state made proportionate gains. For instance, Savannah's campaign resulted in 7,000 new members; nearly 6,000 were added to the list in Columbus, 2,500 in Rome; 1,500 each in Athens and Americus, while Marietta and Decatur each exceeded their respective quotas, although the exact figures have not yet been reported.

Letter from Colonel Peel.

The following open letter was written by Colonel W. L. Peel Tuesday, in which he states that although the Christmas membership drive has been brought to a close, there is still opportunity to become a member of the organization:

"While the Christmas drive for new members closes today, let no one think for a moment that we are not expecting new members every day in the year. All that membership involves is to pay your dollar. Surely every American man, woman and child will chodse to enlist in the great army of humanity with its world-wide mantle of charity in peace and in war!

"As you may know, the idea of the Red Cross was conceived by a wealthy philanthropist of Switzerland, Henri Dunant, who happened to be in Solferino when the great battle was fought in 1859. He was overcome with horror at the suffering and for days and nights ministered personally to the wounded, organizing the peasantry into relief squads and doing everything possible to alleviate suffering.

"M. Dunant not only wrote books on the subject, but visited the courts of Europe, enlisting their interest in a plan for a world society of protection and service. Owing to his efforts the first international conference was held in Geneva in 1863 and the next year at the famous Geneva convention the Red Cross was founded, August 22, 1864. As the flag of Switzerland is a white cross on a red field, out of compliment to that country, where it originated, it was decided to reverse the Swiss flag as a sign for this order.

Clara Barton's Work.

"It was due to the persistent efforts of Clara Barton that the American Red Cross was established, in 1881, after nearly ten years spent in what is now called 'propoganda.' She was made the first president. It was also due to her that an amendment was passed including all suffering from fires, floods, earthquakes, famine and other forms of disaster, which amendment has since been adopted by all nations.

"Clara Barton was called 'the angel of the battlefield.' In the civil war she was granted special permit to visit battlefields and was as fearless under fire as any officer in the army. She also rendered distinguished service in the Franco-Prussian war, and it was on her return from that war that she undertook to establish the American Red Cross. Let the fact that she was its founded never be overlooked!

"The Red Cross has always stood for self-sacrifice and service. Especially in the south should it carry an appeal, as many in this section are descended from the Crusaders who bore this emblem as they waged their religious wars for the possession of the Holy Land. Victory has been won; at last we have wrested Jerusalem from the Turk; the whole world rejoices.

"Let everybody come now this New Year's day and resolve to lay $1 on the altar of their country."

Red Cross Workers Congratulated.

Colonel Peel, manager of the Christmas Red Cross drive, received a letter Monday from Henry P. Davidson, chairman of the Red Cross War Council, Washington, congratulating him and his assistants on the efficient manner in which the campaign was conducted and on the satisfactory results obtained.

"The Red Cross War Council congratulates and welcomes every new member of the American Red Cross. Likewise it congratulates the officers and old members of the organization who have given unstintedly of their time and effort to make this membership campaign a success, but the wonderful achievement of enrolling one-fifth of the entire population of the United States as members of the American Red Cross is less a triumph than it is a call to greater service."

FAIR AND WARMER PROMISE IS MADE FOR ATLANTA TODAY

"Fair and warmer" for Atlanta today is the forecast of the weather bureau at Washington, D. C. The employees of the Atlanta Weather Bureau observed the holiday Tuesday, but the long range forecast may be depended upon, it is believed. The backbone of the three days of frigid weather was broken Tuesday afternoon when the mercury recorded a temperature just above the freezing point for an hour or two.

It was too cool for comfort, however, but the next few days will not be so heatless as the last three have been, as Old Sol's rays will beam more benignantly on the city than they have been doing of late. It is probable that the whole month of January will be warmer than the month of December.

AUTO LICENSE TAGS TO BE PUT ON SALE AT CAPITOL TODAY

The automobile license tags for 1918 will go on sale this morning at the office of the secretary of state in the state capitol building.

Secretary Cook is receiving mail orders for tags this year much more rapidly than in former years. Though the tags were not yet on sale, Secretary Cook has received more than 3,000 applications by New Year's night. The majority of these tags are wanted for new cars.

The secretary states that applicants for new tags can obtain application blanks from county sheriffs and from garages, supplies of blanks having already been mailed to both. It is important that the blanks be filled in accurately and in plain legible writing, if not typewritten, in order that prompt delivery may be affected and mistakes avoided.

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED BY TRIBE OF BEN HUR

At the last meeting of the Tribe of Ben Hur, held in their hall in the Redmen's Wigwam, the officers for 1918 were elected and at the meeting tomorrow the following will be installed as officers of Progressive court, No. 24, T. B. H.: C. H. Davis, chief; Mrs. C. B. Mathews, past chief; W. D. Robertson, judge; Mrs. E. A. Dalamore, teacher; Mrs. L. V. Owen, scribe; J. L. Clark, guide; J. J. Gill, captain; Miss Bertie Robertson, keeper of tribute; A. O. Yeagain, [illegible] keeper. Several [illegible] to be [illegible]

WAR WORK COUNCIL GIVEN HIGH PRAISE BY MISS FRIEDMANN

The great scale of the work of the Y. W. C. A. war work council was brought out by the chairman, Mrs. Emily C. McDougald, at a called meeting at the Y. W. C. A., when different chairmen of committees were asked by Mrs. McDougald to make reports of their council work.

After all the reports had been made, Miss Ernestine Friedmann, in speaking to the council of war work as it is being done throughout the country, thrilled her hearers with patriotic pride when she stated that the Atlanta war work council and the value of what its members are doing in Hostess house work and the Young Women's Christian association is second to no work of organized women being done in the United States.

Mrs. Plato Durham, secretary; Miss Genevieve Saunders, treasurer, and Mrs. John M. Slaton, chairman of finance, made concise reports of their respective offices. Miss Sarah Inman Bell, chairman of the junior war work council, told of how the junior girls had stood squarely by the Patriotic league and its twelve Christmas parties to soldiers given at the Y. W. C. A. Mrs. Wilmer L. Moore, having served with others as hostesses at several of the parties, had much of interest to tell.

Patriotic League.

Miss Miriam Shepherd, Y. W. C. A. extension secretary, in making a report for the Patriotic league, announced that at a recent meeting of the junior war work council twenty of its members had volunteered to be responsible for the organization of twenty league units for this year. Miss Shepherd also stated that the Patriotic league also needs at present volunteer leaders for the different league units, this being an opportunity for Atlanta's talented girls to be of patriotic service by helping with the work of the Y. W. C. A.

Mrs. Beaumont Davison, war work chairman for new centers, was not long in convincing the council that she is wide awake in her plans for the care and further beautification of the Y. W. C. A. and Hostess house, the latter place to be thoroughly screened with the coming of spring.

Mrs. Frank Inman, who is serving the war council as chairman to inform Atlantans of the purpose of the war council organization and of its varied activities, related many instances of the interest of Atlanta's representative men and women in what the war council means to the city as well as to the country at large.

Miss Louise Fitten, chairman of hostesses of the Hostess house, told that despite cold weather the war council women had gone to Camp Gordon, the speaker stressing what the Hostess house has meant to soldiers' families coming to Atlanta, providing such families a pleasant place where they go out and visit their enlisted men; especially had the Hostess house meant much to the soldiers during Christmas, stated Miss Fitten.

Mrs. Clem Harris, chairman of the cafeteria committee, gave an interesting report of the business women's luncheons that were served at the Y. W. C. A. during the Billy Sunday evangelistic campaign, this work being under direct charge of Mrs. Harris. It is interesting to note that 9,995 lunches were served and 1,128 suppers.

Hostess House Secretaries.

Mrs. Charles Dirnberger, general secretary, gave a report of the Hostess house work and of how it is serving its purpose of organization as day by day the families and relatives coming to Atlanta to visit soldiers at Camp Gordon use the Hostess house as a comfortable meeting place. Mrs. George Vedder told of the "Gift Shop" and what it had meant in supplying presents and service to the soldiers in sending their presents to somebody, somewhere.

Mrs. Dirnberger stated that the first song that was sung in the Hostess house was "Brighten the Corner," and that now with the gift of a victrola and a piano from liberal and patriotic Atlanta women there are no dark moments in the Hostess house, all corners being bright, with everybody happy.

Mrs. Hugh Richardson made a notable talk to the council members on the value of thrift stamps, urging individual members to talk and teach others the value of the stamps in small savings.

CITY GARDEN SYSTEM PLANNED FOR ATLANTA

Even Splendid Results of Last Year Will Be Surpassed, Chamber Officials Believe.

Continuing and enlarging upon the food garden campaign waged during the spring and summer of 1917, Ivan E. Allen, president of the chamber of commerce, announced plans on Tuesday morning for a system of urban gardening which it is believed will outdo even the splendid results achieved last year.

A meeting was held at the chamber of commerce on Tuesday which was attended by members of the public safety committee, Dr. A. M. Soule, of Athens, federal food administrator for Georgia; Miss Lois P. Dowdle, director in home economics work for north Georgia, and President Allen and Secretary Walter G. Cooper. At this meeting it was announced that Dr. Soule, Miss Dowdle and Harvey W. Laird, an ardent advocate of the plan, had already outlined a plan.

It is proposed to enlist every person in the city in the campaign. Those who have gardens of their own will be assisted and encouraged in growing food crops there, while those who have no gardens will be allotted blocks of ground on vacant lots near their residences.

"Last year," said Mr. Allen, "it is estimated that Atlanta citizens raised, by means of the 'plant a garden' campaign, fully $10,000,000 worth of foodstuffs. This year I believe we can far outdo that record. In fact, by following out the systematic plans we have, I feel that we can make Atlanta a model city for the entire south to take inspiration from. Frankly, if Atlanta wants vegetables this year, she must raise them.

"Gone about in the right way, Atlanta can make a big success of this as she has of other things she has undertaken and it is sure that it is the most valuable thing we can accomplish for the community and surrounding cities."

Three Deaths at Wheeler.

Macon, Ga., January 1.—There were three deaths at the base hospital at Camp Wheeler today. They were:

Ralph Astin, Company D, 116th Field artillery, meningitis.

Clyde C. Hampton, Company I, 122d infantry, pneumonia.

Louis C. Brunnells, Williston, Fla., pneumonia.

Railroad Is Ordered To Continue Service Until Board Hearing

Following announcement of the Ocilla Southern railroad, lessee of the Hawkinsville and Western railroad, that it would discontinue the operation of the latter road at midnight December 31, Chairman C. M. Candler, of the state railroad commission, has wired the Ocilla Southern to continue its service, pending the hearing at the next session of the commission of a petition of protest which has been filed by the Hawkinsville and Western. The Hawkinsville and Western runs from Hawkinsville to Perry.

HOLIDAY TIME IS KODAK TIME

Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the opticians, are headquarters for the Kodakers. They always have the new things in Kodakery. 42 North Broad St.—(adv.)

Macon Gets Coal.

Macon, Ga., January 1.—The delivery of four hundred tons of coal here today and the arrival in Macon of many other cars of coal broke down this city's stringent fuel famine, it is believed.

Don't Use Any Other Than Cuticura Soap To Clear Your Skin

VENUS PENCILS

Wait For High's
$100,000.00 January
WHITE SALE
Beginning Monday, January 7th

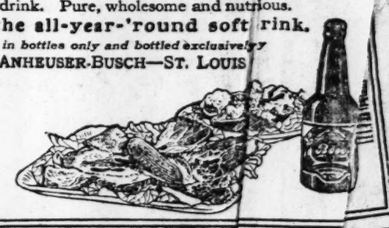
Bevo
A BEVERAGE
—the home drink

Besides its popularity at drug stores, fountains and restaurants, *Bevo* has found a welcome place in the home. A family beverage—a guest offering—table drink that goes perfectly with all food.

As a suggestion for Sunday supper—Sweetsed or green peppers stuffed with cream cheese and chopped nuts or olives, served on lettuce leaves. French dressing. Cold meat. Toasted crackers. Bevo for everyone. A beverage that tastes like no other soft drink. Pure, wholesome and nutrious.

Bevo—the all-year-'round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by
ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS



24B



Off for the New Year

A good resolution is one in which you promise yourself—and your home community—to do all you reasonably can to **promote** the **growth** and **prosperity of home concerns.** This course is more than justified by the fact that your neighbors—your friends—thousands of them—are employed in home manufacturing plants, and in buying the products of those plants you are **helping** those same neighbors and friends. You are **keeping your money at home** to aid in the development of your immediate community—and you are **getting** just **as good products** as if you sent your money away off yonder where it can be of no material benefit to your immediate section.

The manufacturers below **would appreciate** it if y would bear these things in mind—and **put into practice** this suggestion for the year 1918.

White Provision Co.
Packers of Cornfield Products

A. M. Robinson Co.
Aragon Shirts, Pants, Overalls

J. K. Orr Shoe Co.
Manufacturers of Red Seal Shoes

Frank I. Block Co.
Bakers of Kennesaw Biscuits

Superior Motor Truck Co.
Makers of Superior Trucks

URGE AMENDMENTS TO PRINTING LAWS

Accounts Questioned at the Meeting of Legislature Declared Correct in Majority Report of Special Committee.

The legislative committee for the investigation of the state's printing contracts and accounts held its final meeting Tuesday and completed its report and recommendations which will be submitted to the next session of the general assembly.

The committee, in a majority report submitted by Senator Alonzo Field and Representative Volney Williams, recommends the payment without interest of accounts questioned by certain members of the legislature last summer, and which brought about the creation of the investigating committee. Representative W. Trox Bunkston, in a minority report, objects to the payment of the bills in full, on the ground that the state has been overcharged, but recommends payment of 75 per cent until the accounts have been verified as to correctness. The majority report finds the account correct.

The committee unites in the following recommendations to the general assembly:

To require all state departments and all state institutions to have their printing done through the state printing commission.

To grant the printing commission power to separate the bids on the several classes of printing that may be needed.

To require the state librarian to have any reporting of appellate court reports done through the printing commission.

To empower the printing commission to employ a printing expert to assist the commission.

The committee reaffirmed the report submitted by the previous session, in which it was recommended that all printed matter for offices in the state capitol be ordered by the printing commission, instead of promiscuously by the offices, as has been the case heretofore.

TRAFFIC BLOCKED WHEN CAR, TRUCK AND AUTO SMASH

Owing to the alleged attempt of Jim Scott, a negro truck driver for the Robison Furniture company, to pass a moving car, the truck which he was driving was hit and knocked into the automobile of W. A. Edmondson, of 270 Whitehall street, at the junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets Tuesday night at 7 o'clock.

Traffic was delayed for 45 minutes before the trouble cars of the power company could remove the wreckage. There was some confusion on the car, but no one was injured.

PRIZES ARE AWARDED FOR GEORGIA DINNERS

Colonel William Lawson Peel, Mayor Asa G. Candler and Wilmer L. Moore, the committee appointed by the Georgia chamber of commerce to pass on and make the awards in the recent Georgia products day celebrations, yesterday made the following decisions:

Macon Women's club, Macon, Ga., first prize for public dinners and also the prize for the largest attendance at any one dinner held in the state this year. The first prize consists of $10 with a prize of $5 for the largest attendance, making $15 in all.

Marietta, Ga., was awarded the second prize in this class, the prize being a check for $5.

Pelham, Ga., was given honorable mention in this class, the school children of that city holding a parade of Georgia products that was original and unique.

The Tosco hotel, Thomasville, Ga., was given the first prize in the hotel dinners class, this prize consisting of a suitably engraved certificate.

The domestic science class, Albany, Ga., was awarded the first prize in the domestic science class, this prize consisting of a suitably engraved certificate. The domestic science class of Athens, Ga., was awarded second prize, also an engraved certificate. The Domestic Science class, Savannah, Ga., was given honorable mention.

While there were many "home" Georgia products dinners this year, Albany, Ga., leading with about five hundred, none were officially returned to the Georgia Chamber of Commerce as competing for the prize of $5 offered in this class.

Plans are now under way by the Georgia Chamber of Commerce to make the Georgia Products day celebrations of 1918 broader in scope than ever before.

NEW YEAR'S GREETING TO ORGANIZED LABOR

Samuel Gompers Says That Workers Must Realize Issues of War.

Washington, January 1.—In a New Year's greeting to all organized labor, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Feedration of Labor, calls upon representatives and organizers to make plain to their fellows the issues involved in the war and the obligation that devolves upon all of us. He also emphasizes the question of seeing to it that the spirit and methods of democracy are maintained at home while the country is fighting to establish them in international relations.

"War means victory for our cause or danger to the very existence of our nation," says the address. "With our nation at stake, individuals cannot interpose opposition to the war—a war declared by the will of the nation's representatives. Under the exigencies of war, opposition to the war declared by constituted authority, becomes treason.

"While this is true there is even more than ordinary need for the maintenance of the rights of free men and women and for careful scrutiny and the fullest discussion of policies and methods before their adoption. The time for labor to interpose its needs and contentions is while policies are in the making.

"The fighting and the concrete issues of the war are so far removed from the people of our country that not all of our citizens have a full understanding of the issues involved. An understanding of the principles of autocratic force, which the central powers desire to substitute for the real principles of freedom, makes clear to all citizens of this republic the effect of our possible defeat upon their own lives and activities.

"In addition to the fundamental principles at issue, labor has an additional interest in the war. This war is in the last analysis a people's war—labor's war. The final outcome will be determined in the factories, the mills, the shops, the mines, the farms, the industries and the transportation agencies of the various countries. That group of countries which can most successfully organize its agencies of production and transportation and which can furnish the most adequate and effective agencies with which to conduct the war will win.

"The workers have a part in this war co-equal with the soldiers and sailors on the ships and in the trenches.

"Continuous production is an indispensable prerequisite to production of necessary war supplies. The government as well as the workers themselves is vitally interested in maintaining such conditions that there shall be no occasion for interruption in production.

"The chief responsible agents of the government have shown a desire to be fair and an understanding of the human elements involved in this problem. The organized labor movement has also shown an equally broad understanding and grasp of the situation."

Mr. Gompers quotes at length from the declaration adopted by labor's representatives' meeting here on March 12 and from the resolutions of the Buffalo convention of the American Federation of Labor outlining the organized labor toward war work.

17 PER CENT GAIN AT THE POSTOFFICE IN 1917 RECEIPTS

Uncle Sam's revenue from the sale of stamps and money orders in Atlanta increased 43 per cent in December, 1917, and about 17 per cent for the whole year. The totals prepared by the post officials follow:

December, 1917	$ 219,401.47
December, 1916	153,208.35
Increase	$ 66,193.12
For the years 1916 and 1917:	
1917	$1,810,768.04
1916	1,545,152.05
Increase	$ 265,616.99

2,777 Arrests Made By Sleuths in 1917, Says Chief Lanford

Newton A. Lanford, chief of detectives, reported Monday that the detectives of Atlanta had made 2,777 arrests during 1917 and stolen articles valued at $52,381.24 had been returned to rightful owners. During the year the fines in the recorder's court from the detectives' cases totaled $29,042.50.

During the year 1,013 cases were made for violations of the state laws, 759 of which were bound over or committed to jail, and 254 arrested on warrants from other counties. One hundred and ninety cases were docketed for violation of prohibition laws, and fines resulting from these violations amounted to $2,210.

Three hundred and ninety-three blind tigers were fined and bound over by the recorder, and 2,777 calls for assistance were answered.

MANY QUITMAN YOUNG MEN LEAVE FOR ARMY

Quitman, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Among the Quitman young men gone to the army in the past few days are Matt Elder, Jr., and Pope Oglesby, in the Railway Engineers corps, in training at Rockford, Ill. J. W. Oglesby, Jr., who received his commission as first lieutenant in the aviation corps, had orders to report at Portland, Ore., for duty, in connection with getting out fir for airplanes. Vann Groover and E. P. Bass received orders Christmas day to report at Jacksonville for training in the quartermaster corps. William Gaulden leaves today for Charleston, S. C., to train in the signal corps. L. M. Lester, principal of the high school here last year, enlisted as a private, and was this week reported for the officers' training camp in Texas. He is now at Camp Wheeler. The high school has lost five young men teachers to the army this year, including three engaged as principals.

Negroes Advised to Seize Opportunities Offered Here; Give Deaf Ear to Agitators

Macon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Rev. Silas X. Floyd, D. D., by appointment of the governor of Georgia the secretary of the colored state food conservation board, delivered the Emancipation day address to the colored people in the City Auditorium here today. For twenty-five years Floyd has been a principal of a public school in Augusta, where he lives, and is regarded as one of the leading colored citizens. Among other things he said:

"During the past generation the colored race has placed the emphasis in religion in the wrong place, and the colored man has also emphasized the wrong side of the great matter of citizenship. In religion we have talked mostly about heaven—the long white robe, the golden streets, the starry crown, etc.—and we have said very little about earthly things—about correct living and decent behavior. And in citizenship we have placed the emphasis upon our rights and privileges rather than upon our duties and responsibilities.

"Now and then you will hear some negroes saying that they have no chance—they have no rights—everything is against them. When colored people talk this way they mean, as a general thing, that they can't vote, that they can't ride in the same cars with white people on railroad trains; that they must sit behind on the trolley cars; that they must go to the galleries in churches, theaters, etc. Every time I hear a colored man say a thing like that I ask myself this question: 'What would he do with the chance if he had it?' A great many rights and privileges are not denied the colored man in the south, and what use is he making of his chances? More things are granted negroes in the south than are denied them. The right to an education is open to us; we also have the chance to work and the chance to save; nobody hinders us from going into business; nobody objects to our having clean homes to live in, and there is no law against our becoming decent, honorable, reliable and trustworthy citizens.

"Whichever way we look in our state or nation the future of the colored man is bright. There is no room to grumble, growl or complain. Let us make the friendship of the white man at our doors and not join hands with foolish agitators from the north and west who come among us to allure us from home with false promises and fatuous hopes. This way lies peace—this way lies permanent success for my race in the south."

NAB ALLEGED DESERTER ON HUSBAND'S COMPLAINT

W. F. Hicks, who gives his home address as 43 Harold street, and who is said to be a deserter from the United States army, Company F, Fifty-second infantry, stationed at Chattanooga, Tenn., is in jail at Decatur on charges preferred by an irate husband, F. J. Sanders, of Dunwoody, Ga., at whose home Hicks was arrested. Mrs. Sanders is also in jail in default of bond.

RALPH AUSTIN DIES AT CAMP WHEELER

Ralph Austin, 25 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Austin, of 247 Grant street, died Monday at Camp Wheeler of meningitis. His body was brought to Atlanta Tuesday and was carried to the chapel of Barclay & Brandon. Mr. Austin was a member of Battery B, 146th artillery, at Camp Wheeler. Besides his parents he is survived by three brothers, F. H., F. C. and E. D. Austin, and one sister, Mrs. C. W. Hart. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

SMITH WILL CASE UP IN AUGUSTA THIS MONTH

Augusta, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—More litigation in the famous James M. Smith will case is due to come at the approaching special term of United States court, which will be convened in Augusta on the second Monday in January.

Besides the contention over the distribution of the fortune of the late north Georgia planter, the case of the Jeffersonian Publishing company vs. J. Q. West, postmaster at Thomson, may also be heard. Postmaster West has been cited to show cause why he barred the Watson [illegible] from the mails.

OPENING OF SCHOOL POSTPONED A WEEK BY COAL SHORTAGE

There are few children in Atlanta today complaining about the coal shortage and the cold weather, for as a result of this combination the reopening of school has been postponed from this morning until next Monday morning.

There's plenty of coal on hand in the bins of the local schools, but with the kind of weather Atlanta has been experiencing school officials are afraid the supply might become exhausted some time in February, and thereby cause a month's recess.

Superintendent of Schools J. C. Wardlaw issued the following statement Tuesday:

"In view of the general shortage of coal, and with the desire to co-operate in every way in conserving the available fuel supply, the executive committee of the board of education Tuesday morning decided not to re-open the public schools of the city on Wednesday, January 2, as previously announced, but to have the schools re-open on Monday morning, January 7 instead.

"The supply of coal for the schools was stored in the bins during the summer, and it is quite possible that under ordinary conditions the schools might be operated without discomfort through the winter, but the weather has been unusually cold and the cold spell has been unusually prolonged, and we have no assurance that the next month or two will not continue severe, and the board has taken this precaution with the double purpose of being sure to get safely through the winter and of co-operating in every way in conserving our resources.

"Principals, supervisors, directors, teachers, patrons and pupils are therefore hereby notified that the public schools of Atlanta will reopen at the usual hour on Monday, January 7. It is a matter of regret that this notice could not be given earlier, but we are publishing the information in view of existing conditions.

"There will be no teachers' normal meetings Saturday, January 5."

SAFETY COMMITTEE ASKS AID OF PUBLIC FOR PHONE COMPANY

The public safety committee of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce learning of the tremendous strain upon the telephone facilities, due to the extraordinary activities of the people, on yesterday adopted unanimously the following resolutions:

Resolved, By the public safety committee of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, that we request the public to minimize the use of telephones during the period of strain caused by the war, and that every consideration be shown to operators in talking to them over the phone because of the very great strain under which they are laboring.

We are informed by the company that the many war activities, campaigns, etc., have doubled the average number of calls on Atlanta phones and it is impossible with the present number of switch boards to handle the increased traffic as rapidly as usual.

The company has an operator constantly at every place on the switchboards and because of war conditions is unable at this time to secure additional boards. Even some of the equipment which had been bought for Atlanta has been taken over by the government and is now in use by the army in France.

Although the operators are on duty only two hours at a time the nervous strain is so great that they frequently faint from exhaustion. The public can do a great deal to relieve this strain, not only by reducing the number of calls but by speaking to the operators in a considerate way and exercising the patience which the situation calls for. This kind of co-operation by the public will greatly relieve the situation and benefit all concerned, including the subscribers.

STREET CAR EMPLOYEES FEAST AT AUDITORIUM

Following yearly custom, the Georgia Railway and Power company celebrated New Year's eve by a feast at the Auditorium, to which every official and employee of the company was invited. The dinner this year eclipsed in every detail any spread ever before given by the company.

The only speeches made at the dinner were brief talks by President P. S. Arkwright and Chairman H. M. Atkinson.

"In doing your work you are helping to win the war," said Mr. Arkwright. "Let us all strive this year to keep the wheels of industry whirling, that the products needed by the nation be provided, that the 20,000 employees in the factories served by our current be kept at work. And when the victory is won, as won it will be, and the boys come marching home, you can take joy in the consciousness that by doing your work well you have helped them toward that victory."

Wait For High's
$100,000.00 January
WHITE SALE
Beginning Monday, January 7th



January Sale
Annual Clearance

THE mere mention of a reduction in the price of Carlton Shoes is magnetic enough to draw women to this store, but when such prices as these are quoted, it creates a stir in faminine circles which taxes our capacity for service.

It is the annual clearance of broken lines and sizes—a method prompted solely by the desire to keep our stock always in the pink of perfection.

Only a few pairs of a kind, often not more than one or two, but the most dependable grades and fashions.

Sizes, of course, are not complete of any one style, but in the aggregate all sizes are embraced.

Collection divided in two lots, at two prices, for rapid selling.

$2.95
For shoes which formerly sold from our own stock at $4, $4.50 and $5 per pair. A splendid range of fashionable boots.

$3.95
For shoes which formerly sold at $6 to $8, and a few pairs of novelties worth up to $9. Irresistable values.

No. C. O. D.'s No Approvals
Carlton's
No Exchanges No Refunds
36 Whitehall

THE HANDY ORCHESTRA'S
Jazz Dance Blues on
Columbia Records

Mr. Jazz himself has been out-jazzed! The trick has been turned by the newest notion novelty, the last word in wizardry, the big, sweeping sensation of the hour—the mosdelirious dance music of the day.



THE wild boom of the tom-tom flirts with the hollow-sh of barbaric cymbals; the whelming weirdly swept strings is overswells to gle-land's wild symphony the fiercest height. Through it all, super-syn the frenzied swing of a world int that is sweeping the dance-Dance Bl of new delight. The Jazz

W. C. H[illegible]! and composer phis, Tenn., is the originator Handy Orch ous "*Blues*" successes. The "*Blues*" danc ern negro musicians plays o other orchestra ever could.

This unique for Columbia. makes records exclusively for your party— Jazz Dance Blues records spond to these it a success. You will re- they're great! er you dance or not—

Jazz Dance Blues, estra of Memphis, Tenn.

Livery Stable Blues - - One	Sunky Blues - Fox-trot	A2421 10-inch 75c
That Jazz Dance - - One	Wuzzy - - One-Step	
The Hooking Cow Blues - Fox		
Ole Miss Rag - - - Fox	ack of Blues - Fox-trot	A2418 10-inch 75c
	ight Blues - Waltz	
	Swe	
	A2317 10-inch 75c	

COLUMBIA GRA ANY, New York

Columbia Grafonola
Food will win the war. Don't waste it.



Columbia Grafonola Price $110 With electric motor, $125

To Begin TODAY At 8:30 O'Clock
High's
To Begin TODAY At 8:30 O'Clock

To Begin This Morning at 8:30 O'Clock---High's
January Silk Sale

A GREAT ANNUAL EVENT—and of greater significance this year than ever before—because of the enormous stocks and wonderful assortment it offers. It is

A Sale involving thousands of yards of New, High-Class Silks—all purchased at a big discount during the season-end sales of several large manufacturers.

By far the most extensive collection of fine new high-class silks we ever had for a January sale—all are new Fashionable Silks of the most worthy qualities, including all the popular fabrics and colors that will be in leading favor this spring. The opportunity for choosing is practically unlimited, for there is every kind, quality, color and price included in this sale. There are

Colored Messalines, Crepe de Chines, Georgette, Charmeuse, Silk Poplins, Colored Taffetas, Fancy Stripe Taffeta, Colored Peau de Cygne, Foulards, Printed Marquisettes and Chiffons, Black Satins and Taffetas.



The following extreme values are but a small number that will be offered in this notable sale today—

$2.50 and $3.00 Charmeuse in all leading street shades and black. January sale price, yard $1.69

36-inch Gold-band Taffeta, $1.50 quality, at, yard	$1.19
$1.59 and $1.75 Colored Taffeta and Messaline, at, yard	$1.35
$1.25 Black Messaline, excellent quality, at, yard	98¢
$2.00 and $2.50 New Foulards and Satin Stripe Taffeta, at, yard	$1.49
$1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Chiffon and Georgette Crepes, at, yard	89¢
$2.25 and $2.00 Plain Georgette Crepes at, yard	$1.59
$3.00 Quality Faille Fransa, 36 inches wide, at, yard	$1.98
$2.50 Wash Satin, 48 inches wide, flesh only, yard	$1.98
$2.25 Oyster White Washable Pongee, 36 inches wide, yard	$1.35
$4.00 Black Balkan Satin, all colors, black and white, yard	$2.98
High's $1.59 and $1.75 quality Crepe de Chine, yard	$1.35
$1.25 Imported Shantung, 33 and 34 inches wide, at, yard	85¢
$1.50 36-inch Crepe Faille, all shades and black, yard	$1.05
Crepe de Chine-Shirting—in many beautiful patterns—yard	$1.75

Wait! for HIGH'S $100,000.00. WHITE SALE---Beginning---Monday, Jan[illegible]

SOCIETY

McCullough-Mallet Wedding Brilliant Event of Tuesday

The marriage of Miss Helen McCullough and Major Joel B. Mallet, U. S. R., infantry, was an interesting event of yesterday which took place at noon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Nym McCullough, on Peachtree street.

Dr. J. E. Dickey was the officiating minister and the ceremony was witnessed by only the members of the two families.

Palms and ferns with white roses and narcissi in artistic arrangement decorated the drawing room where the ceremony was performed. The bride was given in marriage by her father and was lovely in her traveling suit of brown velour trimmed with fur, and the blouse worn with it was of white satin. She wore a hat of black satin and her flowers were a corsage bouquet of orchids.

The bride's mother, Mrs. McCullough, was handsomely gowned in black velvet and Georgette crepe combined and Mrs. W. C. Tolbert, the bride's grandmother, wore taupe colored velour. Miss Madeline McCullough was gowned in gray velvet and Georgette crepe.

Following the ceremony an elegant wedding breakfast was served. The table centerpiece in the dining room was a large plateau of bride roses and fern and other details were in white and green.

Major and Mrs. Mallet left for a wedding trip east and on their return will be at the Georgian Terrace.

Among the out-of-town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Mallet, Mr. and Mrs. George Mallet, Mrs. Emma Mallet and Miss Pauline Mallet, of Jackson, Ga.

New Year's at East Lake.

Over three hundred members and their guests dined at the East Lake Country club Monday evening at the dinner-dance to usher in the New Year. Mr. H. M. Ashe, who is a member of the club and Canadian ex-champion of skating, gave an interesting exhibition of skating on the terrace of the club, which was covered with ice. The club was decorated with smilax and holly as well as pines and cedars and Christmas bells. The usual favors and noisemakers were given away. The orchestra played "The Star Spangled Banner" to usher in the New Year.

Among those at dinner were Lieutenant Duke Bailey, Miss Helen Whitehurst, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ragsdale, Mr. H. A. Ebbert, Miss Lucy Veal, Mr. Carl Thompson, Mr. Frank Jarrett, Mr. Harry Jarrett, Miss Edaff Delbridge, Mr. John Atkinson, Mr. T. B. Grimmer of New York, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Marbut, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Rushton, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Harrell, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. McMillian, Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Kellogg, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Carlton, Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy Wynne, Mrs. Joseph Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leonard, Mr. and Mrs. E. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Al Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lucas Baird, Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers Buchman, Mr. and Mrs. Banks S. Talmadge, Mr. and Mrs. O. C. McCanne, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. McKinney, Dr. and Mrs. J. N. Brawner, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Prater, Captain and Mrs. B. A. Purcell, Major Daley, Miss Celeste Janes, Mr. A. A. Hagan, Mr. and Mrs. O. McCanne, Mr. and Mrs. David Bussey, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Beaueby, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Baggs, Miss Jane Cowbs, Mr. C. A. Trussell, Mr. R. Hall Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vaughn, Colonel and Mrs. Watter Hendrix, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Camp, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Emerel, Miss Gertrude Weaver, Miss Mary Butt Griffith, Mrs. W. B. Griffith, Lieutenant U. N. James, Dr. E. K. Patton, Lieutenant A. D. Daniel, Lieutenant Daniel, Miss Rudene Becht, Mr. Philip A. Ammons, Mr. Frank Kempton, Miss Corinne Johnson, Mr. William Logan, Mr. Al Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Stahl, Mrs. Dyker, Miss Berne Bell Sims, Mr. Leonard Adams, Miss Mary Elmon Evins, Mr. Beaumont Davison, Miss Jenn Harper, Mr. Earl Neal, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hoke, Miss Annie Blosser, Mr. C. H. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Frank G. North, Miss Clarice Young, Mr. William Rawson, Miss Debbs of New Orleans, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Raggs of Thompson, Tenn., Lieutenant and Mrs. R. G. Booker, Captain E. L. Bens, Miss Louise Ellis, Lieutenant T. Downey, Miss Ethel Smith, Lieutenant E. G. Mayer, Lieutenant L. A. Eston, Miss Elouise Walker, Mr. H. N. Block, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Jamison, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Iseninger, Miss Gladys Anderson, Mr. N. S. Gotshall of New York, Miss Lucile Hencor, Mr. F. M. Swanson, Miss N. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Disbo, Mrs. R. C. Morrison, Mr. W. B. Disbo, Jr., Mrs. W. R. Bean, Mrs. Walter E. Smith, Mr. Bean, Miss Gladys Binford, Lieutenant Thomas A. Thuslin, Major E. Pike, Lieutenant Booker, Mrs. Booker, Mr. McWhorten, Captain M. Stevens, Lieutenant H. Gullette, Lieutenant A. D. Norman, Lieutenant Harold Pucha, Mr. and Mrs. Goodloe Yancey, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Shepherd of Detroit, Lieutenant T. A. Eaton, Lieutenant E. G. Mayer, Miss Anna Shaffeld, Miss Hattie Boonds, Mr. Henry McDonald, Mr. Manifelt, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heinz, Mr. and Mrs. L. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Goodheart, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. T. Mays, Mr. J. C. Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Shephard, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Halland, Mr. Henry Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Toler, Miss Hattie Poole, Miss Emily West, Mr. Charles Wynne, Mr. James W. West, Mr. Fred R. DiChristima, Mr. and Mrs. William Burke of New York city, Mr. and Mrs. James L. Wright, Mr. A. J. Colman, Captain and Mrs. Wyman, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Wilson, Mr. J. T. Moore, Dr. and Mrs. G. D. Ayer, Mr. and Mrs. Harry K. Lucas, Dr. and Mrs. J. K. Barrett, Miss Dorothy Perry, Miss Lucile Kuhrt, Miss Isabelle Kuhrt, Mr. J. H. Measlin, Mr. Henry Kuhrt, Mr. Wimberly Peters, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Leonard, Miss Marguerite Earmshaw, Captain Jerden Moore, Mr. J. W. Bachman, Mr. H. Stearns, Mr. D. Wellborn, Miss Schl Hook, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Condon, Mr. and Mrs. Lucus Harris, Miss Mabel Lout, Miss Leonard Colbert, Mr. Dart Moulton Thorne, Mr. C. A. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Smith, Mrs. Burrell of New York, Mr. Ballard Hudson, Mr. Furway Bullard, Mr. Reeden Smith, Miss Evelyn Smith, Miss Dorothy Dukes, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Bullard, Miss Grace Wilson, Mr. Gordon Dale Wilson, Mr. Van Struty of Bainbridge, Ga., Mr. John O. Chiles, Mr. Albert Malone, Mr. W. Charles Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Mayson, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Hill, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Irwin O. Angle, Mr. E. S. Bond, Mrs. Weathers, Captain George Schmidt, Lieutenant J. R. Coake, Captain M. H. Patton, Miss Louise King, Mr. Charles D. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Keeler, Mrs. Harriett Parker, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Wood, Miss Edith Gunnells, Miss Louise Gunnells, Mr. Hank Bancker, Mr. B. Pendley, Miss Julia Anderson of Marietta, Ga., Miss Mary Brown, Lieutenant Harry H. Hallman, Lieutenant Robert P. McLarty, Miss Nora Stirling, Mr. Robert Jones, Jr., Miss Catherine Hook, Miss Annie Kate Adams, Lieutenant Coleman, Mr. Arch Martin, Mr. Garvin Moore, Professor Smith, Mr. Cooledge Newcomer and many others. Breakfast was served at 5 o'clock.

Miss Stewart to Entertain.

Miss Mary Stewart will entertain the Debutante club of last season at luncheon Friday. Miss Laura Jones, of Bangor, Maine, who is visiting Miss Alice Muse, will be an attractive out-of-town guest.

To Miss Laura Jones.

Miss Anne Patterson has invited a few young ladies for a knitting party Thursday afternoon to meet Miss Laura Jones, of Bangor, the guest of Miss Alice Muse.

To O. B. S. Club.

Miss Margaret Collins will entertain the O. B. S. club, a group of twenty-four young girls, who knit together, on Thursday afternoon at the Piedmont Driving club.

Terrace Dinner-Dance.

The weekly dinner-dance at the Georgian Terrace hotel in honor of the officers of Camp Gordon, will be an enjoyable event of tonight.

U. D. C. Restaurant.

Miss Elizabeth Shewmake will be chairman of the restaurant in the Connally building today, assisted by her committee, Mrs. John Akin, Miss Alice Baxter, Mrs. Frank Pitten, Mrs. Everett Bancker, Jr., Miss Elizabeth McLaughlin, Miss Adelaide Setze, Miss Henrietta Tupper, Mrs. Charles Rice, Mrs. D. N. McCullough, Mrs. J. D. Cromer and other members of the chapter.

Dinner, 50 cents, will consist of roast lamb, green peas, rice and gravy. Potato salad, hot rolls, tea and coffee; dessert.

Luncheon, 35 cents, will consist of turkey soup, potato salad, hot rolls, tea or coffee, dessert.

For Wedding Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elyea entertained informally last evening at their home on Peachtree road in compliment to Miss Augusta Gardien and Mr. Seymour Beckett, of Charleston, S. C., whose marriage will be an event of Thursday evening.

The guests included the attendants and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Gardien will entertain this bridal party this evening following the church rehearsal for the wedding.

Parties for the Tea-Dance.

A number of bright parties have been arranged for the tea-dance this afternoon at the Piedmont Driving club.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Shumate will entertain at a party in compliment to their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel W. Gennett, of Franklin, N. C. The party will include Governor Hugh Dorsey and Mrs. Dorsey, Mr. and Mrs. Gennett, Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Hardaway, of Columbus; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Callaway, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Jennings, Judge and Mrs. Price Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conway, Mrs. Edward McCerren, Miss Alsina McIver, Mr. Augustus J. Ryan, Mr. Lee Harvey and Mr. James Moore.

Miss Margaret Wilkinson will entertain a group of the college set in honor of Miss Rebecca Walker. The guests will be: Miss Walker, Miss Katherine Dickey, Miss Willie Green Childs, Mr. William Kiser, Mr. John Calhoun, Mr. Abner Calhoun, Mr. George Howard, Mr. Fitzhugh Knox, Mr. E. Brady, Mr. Sam DuBose and Mr. Clifford Hatcher.

Miss Charlotte Meador will entertain in honor of Miss Catherine Sanders and Miss Frances Ellis, who are home for the holidays. The invited guests include Miss Madeline Bellinger, Miss Catherine Hook, Miss Sarah Schoen, Samuel Stewart Wallace, Jr., Forney Wyly, Baxter Maddox, William Kiser, Jr., M. A. Nevin, Hugh Richardson, Jr., Harry Bewick, Henry B. Turner, Edward Schoen, George Howard, Jr., Percy Ansley, Horace Wadsworth and Lawson Kiser.

Miss Carey Baker will entertain a small party for Miss Martha Collier, of Birmingham, the guest of Miss Sarah Kennedy.

Others having guests will be Miss Nellie Dodd, Mrs. George Dexter, Major and Mrs. Troup Miller and Mrs. Frank Ellis.

The dinner-dance at the club Saturday evening will close the holiday list of entertainments.

•••

For Miss Johnson.

Miss Marcelle Robinson entertained eight guests at luncheon yesterday at her home on Piedmont avenue, in compliment to Miss Jennie Johnson, who is at home from school for the holidays. Red roses, holly and mistletoe formed the centerpiece of the prettily appointed table. Covers were laid for eight.

HOW TO KEEP BABY'S NOSE CLEAN AND GERM-FREE

As young children do not know how to blow the nose, the secretions accumulate, become impure, insanitary, irritating and infected with catarrh germs. These germs are inclined to spread to the throat, tonsils, lungs and internal ear tubes and often cause tonsilitis, sore throat, adenoids, pneumonia, earache and sometimes deafness.

The nose and throat specialists are now recommending that the mother or nurse keep the child's nose and throat clean and germ-free by rubbing a little eucapine salve up the nostrils for a cold, or putting a little of it on the back of the tongue for sore throat and tonsilitis. For croup and deep-seated coughs eucapine should be rubbed over the throat as well as in the nostrils. This salve is very mild and pleasant so that the children like it and soon learn to call for it by name and use it for themselves when they need it. It contains eucalyptus, the only non-poisonous germicide for catarrh germs, also wintergreen, camphor, menthol, pinus sylvestris and refined petrolatum, all of which are cleansing, soothing and healing. Eucapine salve may now be had at any well-stocked drug store or by mail postpaid for twenty-five cents from the Eucapine Chemical Co., Atlanta, Ga., distributors for the south.—(adv.)

MYRON E. FREEMAN E.T. WILSMAN E.B. FREEMAN

Myron E. Freeman & Bro

JEWELERS

99 PEACHTREE STREET

ATLANTA GEORGIA

PLATINUM DIAMOND JEWELRY

14 K GOLD JEWELRY

Happy New Year!



J. P. Allen & Co.
49-53 Whitehall

Allen's First January White Sale

Offers Most Unusual Values in Muslin Underwear Beginning Today, January 2

THE "great because" of this sale is in its preparation. A quiet steady movement has been at work behind the great Christmas rush of shoppers and pleasure givers and seekers---and that onwardness was toward this first far-reaching *January White Sale at Allen's.*

The first link of the big chain starts with the best manufacturers of Muslin Underwear---They offer us their choicest *bargains*---bargains with the real *Webster* meaning---*"a favorable purchase"*---which is just one of the celebrated ways made by our own great New York purchasing corporation. As they select and sell us the *best bargains* they can unearth at lowest prices---likewise we do this for you in our January Sale and as you have long looked forward to the *Allen Sales* and *Suits, Coats* and *Dresses,* so you will hereafter look with appreciation to the *Underwear Department.* In this sale we establish Allen *Values*---of the taste and good quality values---You will buy here today the choice garments that you will find most compensating the whole 12 months of the year---at most remarkable savings.

Gowns and Corset Covers

High and low-neck gowns, muslin and pink or white crepe. Muslin corset covers, trimmed with lace insertion and edges.

$1.25

Gowns, Teddies, Corset Covers, Petticoats, Combinations

The quality of Nainsook and Laces employed in these garments is surprisingly sheer and dainty, as well as excellent wear-quality. Designs are more than usual in cleverness. Swiss embroidered motifs and knotted ribbon bows make them particularly attractive.

$1.50

Gowns, Teddies, Petticoats, Combinations

Fine Val Laces and daintiest of Batiste Embroidery in charming and tasteful arrangement; pink and blue ribbon shoulder straps, empire bands or beading run. Fine nainsook.

$2.00

Gowns Teddies Corset Covers $1.00

Lace embroidery ribbon and good quality Muslin in these garments make this the greatest value event in Muslin Underwear. High and low-neck gowns, white or flesh batiste, stitchings of blue. Teddies and corset covers, lace and embroidery insertion and edges, trimmed back and front, ribbon run.

French Hand-Embroidered Gowns, Petticoats and Teddies $3.50

Exquisitely embroidered in butterflies and floral effects—with drawn centers and cut-out work—every stitch hand done—scalloped edges—fine cambric and nainsook foundation—satin ribbons—

Fine garments---"fit for a trousseau."

A Beautiful Line of Hand-Embroidered Gowns and Teddies $3.95 to $12.

See Our Window Display of Wash Satin Petticoats



Gowns, Teddies, Petticoats

Fine batiste combined with Val lace exquisitely; broad bation and with broad tiste and eate charming satin ribs. Sleeveless empe back and front; gowns of sheerest emsurli lace insertion. brod with lace and knee flounce.

2.50

Gowns, Teddies, Petticoats

est Nainsook garments fine quality laces, oidery and ribbon— extremely original els are shown in this handsome collection.

$2.95

Corset Covers 50c and 75c

Good Muslin, good models, embroidery or lace edge, ribbon run.



J. P. Allen Co.

Whitehall

Society

For Miss Collier.

Miss Sarah Kennedy entertained delightfully last night at her home on West Peachtree street at a buffet supper and dance, in compliment to her guest Miss Martha Collier, of Birmingham.

The house had gay Christmas decorations, and in the dining room the buffet table had as a centerpiece a basket of poinsettia blossoms. The candle shades were red, as were other decorative details of the pretty table.

Miss Kennedy was a charming hostess, wearing rose-colored Georgette crepe. Miss Collier wore blue velvet, and Mrs. J. P. Kennedy, who assisted her daughter in entertaining, wore a gown of black velvet. There were twenty-five guests.

To Bishop Keiley.

A beautiful occasion was the luncheon tendered yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy to Right Rev. Benjamin J. Keiley, bishop of Savannah, marking the forty-fourth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, this social observance following upon the religious celebration of the anniversary in the morning at the Sacred Heart church, when pontifical high mass assembled a large congregation of the bishop's friends.

The luncheon guests included the members of the Catholic clergy in Atlanta. Covers were laid for twenty-one at a long table decorated with roses in an ecclesiastic red. Three baskets of the roses and Easter lilies were placed down the center, and other baskets with palms decorated the spacious dining room. The place cards bore the "Star Spangled Banner" and the bishop's monogram.

During luncheon patriotic songs were sung by Mr. Maurer, and played by Mrs. Charles Northen at the piano.

The members of the clergy invited to meet Bishop Keiley were:

Bishop Keiley, Father Peter McOscar, pastor of the Sacret Heart church; Father John Guinan, the assistant pastor; Father Matthew Theuvenin, formerly of France; Father James Carroll, Father Thomas Bower, Father Theodore Roser, Father Joseph Ott, Father Michael Cotter, Father Francis Marren, Father Daniel Sullivan, Father Mark McElkerney, Post Chaplain James A. Horton, Chaplain Mortell and Chaplain Wanenacher, United States army; Father Ballama, assistant post chaplain; Father Robert Kennedy, pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception; Father Foley, the assistant; Father N. O. Jackson, pastor of St. Anthony's church; Father Michael Scherrer, pastor of Our Lady of Lourdes church, and Father Burna, chaplain of the federal prison.

Miss Lent to Speak.

Miss Mary E. Lent, supervising nurse of the public health service, will speak this evening at 8 o'clock at the Atlanta Medical college to the Atlanta League of Nursing Education and to the nurses of Atlanta. All others who are interested in public health service are invited.

It was previously announced that Miss Van de Vrede would speak at this time, but, owing to the coming of Miss Lent, her talk will be given at a future date.

Any Boot In Stock



For $4.95

Former Prices Up to $15

The remaining days of this week are important ones, because our stock of boots (all high shoes are included, no exceptions) has been reduced in price to $4.95.

This includes Colored Kid, Black Kid, Gun Metal, Tan, Brown, Grey and Patent Leather.

All sizes in some styles, broken lots in others, in all over $15,000.00 worth of shoes. This is to clear stock, and refunds, exchanges and returns will be restricted.

Main Floor Rich's Shoe Dept.

It Is Our New Year's Wish That 1918 Will Be the Happiest and Most Prosperous of All Your Years

AT THE beginning of the New Year, we extend our hearty thanks to our thousands of friends for the patronage that they so generously bestowed upon us during nineteen hundred and seventeen, making it far and away the most prosperous business year in our history.

And we wish to let our hundreds of employees know that their loyal service, without which our nineteen hundred and seventeen record could not possibly have been achieved, is recognized and that we shall show our appreciation not only by word but in deed.

Rich's

Attractive Atlanta Visitor



Photo by Francis E. Price.

Mrs. George Mitchell, of Key West, the charming guest of Mrs. W. W. Banks. Mrs. Mitchell has been spending some time at Chattanooga while Captain Mitchell was stationed at Fort Oglethorpe.

New Year's Eve Party.

One of the most enjoyable events of New Year's eve was the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Porter at their home on Forrest avenue.

The house was gaily decorated, no holly, but with flags of the United States and its allies, France, England, Italy and Belgium. The khaki-clad boys completed the symphony of colors.

An interesting feature of the evening was the following program:

Piano selection, "Moszkowski Serenade"—Mrs. O. N. Malone.
Solo, "Until"—Mr. Harvey Trice.
Reading—Mr. J. L. Porter.
Piano selections of popular music—Mrs. C. A. Baker.
Songs and Negro Dialect, "The Hunt Trio."
Clog Dance—Mrs. R. A. Trice and Mr. O. N. Malone.

War being uppermost in the minds of every one the festivity of the occasion soon merged into a patriotic celebration. At the hour of midnight "America" and "The Star Spangled Banner" were sung by all present, followed by toasts for the success of the American arms. Mr. Sam Stark was toastmaster.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. O. N. Malone, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Stark, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Fischer, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Trice, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Atchison, Mrs. Edith Pearson, Mr. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. Coye Hunt, Mrs. A. Hatcher, Mr. Harvey Trice of Savannah, Mr. T. Trice of Thomasville, Ga., Mr. John Porter, Masters Ben Atchison and Samuel Stark, Miss Margaret Fischer, Mr. C. D. Taylor, Mr. O. N. Malone, Jr., Mrs. J. M. Whitfield, Miss Allie Morris Whitfield and Mrs. Lolita Barnes.

MEETINGS

The Ladies' Aid society of St. Philip's Cathedral will meet this morning at 10:30 o'clock in the assembly room of the church house.

The Ohphans' Aid society of the Hebrew Orphans' Home will meet this morning at 10:30 o'clock at the home.

The board of managers of the Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will meet with Mrs. Charles Price, 386 West Peachtree street, Thursday, January 3, at 10:30 o'clock.

Uncle Sam's Knitting camp, of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage association, will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the McClure building, 11 Whitehall street. A report from the captains and lieutenants will be made.

The Nineteenth Century History class will meet Thursday at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Floyd McRae.

The regular monthly meeting of the Third Ward Civic club will be held Friday at 3 o'clock with Mrs. E. A. Black, 130 Sidney street. A full attendance is urged.

The Third Ward Red Cross auxiliary will hold a regular business meeting at the residence of Mrs. C. P. Ozburn, 176 Oakland avenue, today at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. A. W. Calhoun, Mrs. Arnold Broyles, Mrs. J. G. Oglesby, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Rutherford Lapscomb will be among the Atlantans going to Athens next week for the wedding of Miss Nellie Phinizy and Lieutenant Malcolm Fortson on January 9.

***

Mrs. Lillie Collier Beall returned yesterday from a visit to New York, Long Branch, Camp Alfred Vail and Washington.

***

Mrs. Isaac Keener, of Oklahoma City, will spend today with her brother, Mr. T. B. Higdon, en route to North Carolina.

***

Mr. Seymour Beckett, of Charleston, S. C., is at the Piedmont.

***

Miss Betty Lee is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Coyle.

***

Mrs. Sidney Edmonds and children, who have been the guests for several months of Mrs. E. E. Caldwell, left yesterday to join Mr. Edmonds in St. Louis, where they will reside. Mrs. Caldwell accompanied them for a visit of several weeks.

***

Mr. Charles Stephens, first lieutenant Field artillery, a son of Mr. J. M. Stephens, sailed last week for France. His brother, Lieutenant Robert Stephens, of the Aviation corps, is already in Europe, probably in England, having sailed in November.

***

Mr. Lamar Collier will return Friday to New York. Mrs. Wade Langston leaves at the same time to join Mr. Langston in New York, which will be their home.

***

Dr. John W. Phelps has returned from Franklin, Ky., where he spent the holidays.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Mays have returned to their home on Briarcliff road, after spending the Christmas holidays in Norfolk, Va.

***

Mr. Carrol Payne, who was very ill in Baltimore, is better.

***

Laura Baxter, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, who has been ill, is better, an announcement bringing great happiness to the countless friends of the family.

***

Mrs. Joseph Lamar has returned from the east and is at home with her son, Mr. Philip Lamar.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adger Smythe are in Charleston for the holidays.

***

Mr. H. E. Harmon is able to be out after a serious illness.

***

Colonel and Mrs. Vose, U. S. A., left yesterday for New York. Colonel Vose will sail this week for Europe. Mrs. Vose will join relatives in Chicago.

***

Mr. Simon Morris entertained twenty guests at 5 o'clock tea yesterday afternoon at his home on Whitehall street.

***

Miss Sarah Kennedy and her guest, Miss Martha Collier, of Birmingham, will return Sunday to school at Sweetbrier, Va.

***

Mrs. Tracy Acosta and Miss Katherine Acosta, of Jacksonville, who have been spending the holidays at the Georgian Terrace to visit Lieutenant Tracy Acosta, Jr., of Camp Gordon, will return home today. Mr. John Acosta will return to Yale.

Sunday Dinners Asked For Young Collegians Now at Ft. McPherson

From the Y. M. C. A. No. 1 at Fort McPherson comes the following appeal: "You will be profusely rewarded if you will go out to Fort McPherson and give those medical units, just arriving, the "once over." They're composed of the "yelling hyenas" from Syracuse, N. Y.; the brown-eyed, mellow-voiced boys from Louisville, Ky.; the snappy-eyed, red-cheeked fellows from Westchester, N. Y., the Giants from Grand Rapids, Mich.; the Charlotte boys, our neighbors, whom we shall always love; the Buckeye boys from Fairfield, Ia., accustomed to 24 degrees below zero, and think this weather we're handin' 'em summer heat; the Chesterfieldians from Anderson, Ind., with the Whitcomb Riley drawl, and those delightful fellows from Pittsburg, spick and span in new uniforms, and the New York city bunch, that left home Christmas eve and arrived after all holiday festivities were over, Wednesday morning; no dinner, no Christmas tree, no nothin'—all college boys, oozing pep at every pore, and every breath a yell for their unit.

"They'll put Atlanta on the map to "stay" if you'll give them half a chance. They're all aching to see the south, to experience your famous hospitality, but how can they do it unless you call Y. M. C. A. No. 1, Fort McPherson, West 9153, and ask that one, two or three of these boys be sent you for Sunday dinner? Do it now.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY

Second term begins Monday, the 7th. In line with the fuel conservation plans, the Washington Seminary announces that the school will reopen Monday, the 7th of January, instead of Thursday, the 3d.

Classes will therefore begin on Monday, at which time arrangements will be made for new pupils who expect to enter for the second term.

Beginning 8:30 O'Clock This Morning---

January Sale of Silks

Equal in the Newness and Desirability of the Silks as well as in the Matter of Savings, and Greater in Variety Than Any Previous January Sale of Silks!

NOT ONLY is the variety greater than ever before; so is the yardage. This is because we believe our outlet for silks to be greater this January than in any January that has gone before. Of the silks themselves we can speak in the highest terms. Every yard is worthy of a place in the stocks of "The First Silk Store of the South." We stand sponsor for every yard of silk in the Sale—guarantee very yard without qualification. There are thousands of yards of standard silks. And more thousands of yards of the fashionable novelty silks that will be worn this spring. They're your kind of silks. The prices speak for themselves.

40-inch imported pure silk foulards in navy, green, gray, brown and black, for dresses and separate skirts. This is $3.00 grade; yard **$1.49**

36-inch silk foulard, printed in large coin dot patterns. For dresses and separate skirts. This is the $2.00 grade; yard **$1.29**

36-inch silk Faille Francaise. Comes in a broad assortment of the newest colors for spring wear. For dresses and skirts, $2.50 grade; yard **$1.49**

40-inch satin striped marquisette in black, brown and green. Used for spring dresses and waists. This is $2.50 quality; yard **$1.19**

40-inch plain marquisettes in all the wanted colors for spring and early summer wear. For dresses and waists. This is $1 grade; yard **69c**

36-inch taffeta in all the wanted colors. Will be used this spring and summer for dresses and separate skirts. $2.00 quality; yard **$1.49**

32-inch plain colored silk shirting. Comes in white, lavender and gray. For pajamas, shirts, dresses and waists. $1.25 grade; yard **89c**

40-inch crepe chiffon in about the same weight as Georgette crepe. Comes in all the new shades for spring wear. $1.25 grade; yard **69c**

40-inch Broche chiffon, embroidered in beau-tiful border patterns for dresses and waists and separate skirts. $3.50 grade; yard **$1.69**

40-inch Lunette crepe—a little lighter than Georgette crepe. Is used for waists and dresses for spring wear. $1.50 grade; yard **89c**

36-inch fancy striped satin for separate skirts and dresses for spring and summer wear. Good color variety. $2.00 grade; yard **$1.23**

32-inch natural colored pongee, printed with large coin dots in the wanted colors. For dresses and waists. $1.50 grade; yard **79c**

40-inch crepe de chine of good weight in flesh, white, gray and green for spring and summer waists and dresses. $1.50 grade; yard **$1.29**

40-inch crepe de chine for dresses, waists and underwear. Comes in green, gray, flesh and white. This is $1.39 grade; yard **$1.19**

36-inch chiffon taffeta—one of the best liked materials for suits, dresses and skirts for spring. All colors. $1.50 grade; yard **$1.39**

36-inch fancy imported silks and satins em-broidered in gold and silver, for evening wear and for trimmings. $17.50 and $25.00 grades; yard **$7.89**

36-inch Trench crepe. Will be used for dresses and separate skirts for spring and summer wear. All colors. $4.50 quality; yard **$2.69**

36-inch silk and cotton faille poplin. Comes in navy blue and black only. For dresses and separate skirts. $1.25 grade; yard **89c**

36-inch heavy quality white pongee suiting —the famous "Burlington" brand. Rough finish. This is the $3.50 quality; yard **$2.19**

36-inch printed silk foulards in a variety of new spring designs. Colors are navy, brown, black, taupe and rose. $1.69 grade; yard **$1.29**

36-inch surrah silks in a broad range of plain colors and striped patterns in subdued color combinations. This is $1.75 quality; yard **$1.19**

32-inch silk broadcloth shirting in striped patterns. Guaranteed washable. For men's shirts, separate skirts, etc. $2 grade; yard **$1.39**

36-inch Georgette crepe in flesh, white, black, navy, sapphire blue and several shades of taupe. This is our $1.75 quality; yard **$1.19**

36-inch all-silk messaline. Comes in all the street and evening shades. Will be used for dresses and separate skirts. $1.50 grade; yard **$1.19**

36-inch heavy quality wash satin. Used for underwear, waists and separte skirts. Comes in flesh and white. This is $2 grade; yard **$1.29**

40-inch crepe meteor in extra heavy quality. Comes in taupe, navy, black, white, gray, tan, burgundy and green. This is $3 grade; yard **$1.95**

40-inch silk radium in flesh and white only. Guaranteed washable. Good quality for underwear, waists and skirts. $2.50 grade; yard **$1.89**

40-inch fancy printed and striped Georgette crepe in a variety of designs and colors for waists and dresses. This is $2.00 quality; yard **98c**

36-inch white pongee. Good quality, guar-anteed washable. Will be used for spring suits, dresses and separate skirts. $2.50 grade; yard **$1.95**

40-inch radium taffeta in gray, tan and other well-liked shades. Will be used for separate skirts and dresses. This is $3 quality; yard **$1.79**

40-inch printed radium taffeta, printed with large coin dots and cluster dots in good color combinations. This is our $3.50 grade; yard **$2.19**

40-inch silk voiles, printed in beautiful fou-lard patterns on dark grounds. Will be used for dresses, skirts, etc. $2.50 grade; yard **$1.59**

40-inch fancy printed Georgette crepes, printed in foulard designs. Good range of colors for spring wear. This is $2.50 grade; yard **$1.59**

36-inch natural pongee, printed in coin dot designs in good variety of colors. For dresses and skirts. This is $2.00 quality; yard **$1.19**

42-inch satin plaid Georgette crepe. Guar-anteed washable. Comes in a broad assortment of colors for spring wear. $3.00 quality; yard **$1.69**

54-inch silk embroidered navy blue French serge—one of the newest fabrics for separate skirts and dresses. This is $6.00 quality; yard **$2.59**

40-inch Georgette crepe, embroidered and brocaded in silk and tinsel. Comes in navy, taupe, brown, wistaria, etc. $4 grade; yard **$1.95**

45-inch brocaded and embroidered crepes. All pure silk and of extra heavy weight. For dresses and waists. This is $5 quality; yard **$2.19**

36-inch white khaki cool. Good, heavy qual-ity for separate skirts, suits and dresses for spring and summer. This is $5.50 quality; yard **$2.19**

40-inch chiffon velvet in white, sapphire, wistaria, gold, Copen and gray. Used for coats, suits and gowns. This is $6 quality; yard **$2.95**

36-inch pure silk pongee. Extra heavy qual-ity. Comes in gold, turquoise, sapphire, green and gray for suits, etc. $2.50 grade; yard **$1.39**

32-inch natural colored silk pongee, imported from China. Guaranteed washable. Used for waists, dresses, etc. $1.25 grade; yard **79c**

40-inch satin taffeta in navy, brown, Pekin blue, peacock, Copen, sapphire, taupe, green, gray, rose, white and black. $4.50 grade; yard **$1.49**

36 and 40-inch imported novelty satins, chif-fons, Georgette crepes and illes, brocaded in gold and silver. This is $20 grade; yard **$9.95**

36-inch gold and silver brocaded novelty silks for evening gowns and wraps in a good variety of colors. $12.50 quality; yard **$5.95**

40-inch brocaded chiffon velvets, satins and taffetas in a variety of designs—all imported novelties. These are $15 to $20 grades; yard **$7.95**

36-inch black silk moire. Heavy quality for separate skirts and coats, and for dresses for spring wear. This is $2 quality; yard **$1.29**

40-inch black radium and black foulard for separate skirts, dresses and waists for spring and summer. $2.50 quality; yard **$1.49**

44-inch black callot satin, with handsome, lustrous finish. Used for dresses and for suits. This is the $5.50 quality; yard **$2.89**

42-inch black cashmere satin in dull finish. Used for one-piece dresses and for waists and suits. This is the regular $5.50 quality; yard **$2.89**

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

THE CONSTITUTION

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GETTING AT THE CAUSE.

Homicide statistics for 1916 appearing in an article by Frederick L. Hoffman in The Spectator show five southern cities leading in the number of murders committed per 100,000 population in American cities, with Atlanta taking second place.

On the face of it, these figures give Atlanta a bad appearance in comparison with other cities, but the explanation is simple enough.

If these statistics were confined to the white population in their reckoning the showing of Atlanta, Georgia and the south generally would not differ greatly from that of other cities or other states the country over.

Unfortunately, though, they, like our mortality statistics, are made up from the records of the population as a whole, negroes and whites alike being considered. It is a well-known fact that the death rate among negroes is much larger than that among white people simply because one of the inherent characteristics of the colored race is its comparative disregard of fundamental sanitation and hygienic rules and precautions, and that negroes as a race will not pay the attention that white people pay to the minor diseases of infants and children. They will not take precautionary care of their health, neither from the standpoint of physical ailments nor of sanitation. Consequently, when a negro child contracts even a common and comparatively trivial disease its chances for recovery are greatly below those of a white child with the same complaint.

And in the matter of murders: Atlanta as a whole suffers from statistical comparison with other cities, yet the fact remains that most of the murders committed here were committed by negroes against members of their own race. The statistics simply show that so many men and women were murdered during a specified period, but they do not differentiate between the black race and the white race.

Also, there can be no doubt that among the negroes human life is not regarded with the same degree of sacredness or even consideration that it is by white people. It is generally regarded too lightly, for that matter, even among the members of the white race, or there would be far fewer murders of any character; but that is true the country over, no more so in the south or in Atlanta than elsewhere.

Indeed, the standard in this respect, irrespective of geography or of race or color, is low enough! But it is infinitely worse among the negroes, when the races are considered separately.

And the whole south, whites as well as blacks, is suffering from it.

It very often happens that a negro who wouldn't dare kill a white man, when in the heat of passion or with a drink of liquor in his stomach, and with a razor in his pocket, will unceremoniously cut the throat of a member of his own race.

All of which, in the record of murders, counts against the south as a whole.

That is one reason why Atlanta, like most other southern cities, is moving today toward elevating the standard of citizenship among the negroes. That is why southern cities are lending every encouragement toward the establishment of good-citizenship workshops, such as the negro Y. M. C. A. building now under construction and about to be completed in Atlanta!

A higher standard of citizenship among the negroes will count to the credit of the population in its entirety, white as well as black; and one institution that makes for the moral betterment of any class or portion of the community has a beneficent effect upon all—precisely as "one drop of leaven leaveneth the whole loaf!"

UNCLE SAM AND MOONSHINE.

Every decent, law-abiding, patriotic citizen of Georgia will support the federal food administrators in their determination, as expressed by Dr. A. M. Soule, food administrator for Georgia, to stamp out the illegal, pernicious, insidious and disgraceful business of converting food into moonshine whisky.

Certain Georgia sheriffs, it is said—and quite sufficiently proven—are so lightly impressed with the solemnity of their official oaths as to "wink" at, if not openly encourage, the manufacture of whisky in direct violation of the law, and the governor's hands are tied by statutory limitations in his well-meant efforts to compel law-enforcement.

Federal revenue officials and operatives have done and are doing their best to ferret out and destroy stills and capture and punish distillers; but the business, largely because of lack of co-operation on the part of sheriffs and other state peace officers, thrives in spite of their efforts.

Uncle Sam, however, can put an end to whisky-making in Georgia, or anywhere else where it is forbidden by law—which, for the duration of the war, means everywhere in the United States.

Within the last year six officers of the federal government have lost their lives in the discharge of their duty while bringing whisky distillers to justice. But the evil can be stamped out without the shedding of another drop of blood—blood that is all too precious to waste.

It can be stamped out by the food administration—by the throttling process; by cutting off the supply of whisky ingredients.

Whisky can't be made without sweets; and if the government once succeeds in shutting off the distiller's supply of sugar, syrup, molasses or grain, the fires will mighty quickly die under the still!

RENDERING GOOD SERVICE.

The Constitution is in receipt of a communication from a citizen, who writes as follows:

> "What has become of the heat on the Atlanta trolley cars? During the extraordinary cold spell of the past few weeks patrons of the cars have almost frozen. The Atlanta street cars have been warmed in colder spells of weather than the one through which we have just gone. Why not now?"

All of which shows that our correspondent is not familiar with the situation, and that he is not duly thankful for getting the service he is receiving.

The truth is Atlanta is lucky, in view of the exigency arising out of the combined coal famine and the drouth, in getting as good trolley service as the city has received.

The official weather reports for the year 1917 published in yesterday's Constitution show that all this part of Georgia has suffered from an unprecedented drouth during the past three months, and that the December just passed was one of the driest on record. As a result of this unusual weather condition not enough water is passing through the sluices at Tallulah or at Bull Sluice to furnish the trolley and the light company with the power necessary to supply the city. This power has been supplemented by the steam plant of the company, and had the coal famine not been relieved the city would now be in desperate straits for both light and power.

The heating of an electric car consumes just that much power, and for this reason the company, under existing conditions, is not heating its cars as usual.

It is better for the public to enjoy a trolley service without heat than to have heat in an unmovable car.

Generally speaking, Atlanta's public service corporation measures up about as fully to the degree of public expectation as that of any other city in America, and in the instance of which our correspondent complains, it is not subject to the criticism it would be if power were plentiful from either river or steam sources.

LOOKING TO THE LIGHT.

Keeping the bright side in view, even with bullets flying and shells bursting around one, may seem like expecting too much of the optimistic spirit.

But that is exactly what Captain Arthur Hunt Chute says must be done—and is done—by soldiers at the front.

Writing in Harper's Magazine, Captain Chute warns the soldier who is new to conditions there, that it won't do to "take it seriously"—to get in the gloom-way; but he says that—

> "The light-hearted ones, escaping Minnies and Lizzies, may go on indefinitely. The successful soldier of the trenches never loses an opportunity for happiness. He often develops into a more care-free, merry lad than he was at school ten years before. This light heart in the midst of danger and tribulation is our last invincible defense."

Of course, the "serious side" is there, but keeping heart lends light to it. "They sing before battles, and they sing after them," says a war correspondent.

And the fact that the men "never lose an opportunity for happiness," should stimulate the efforts of "the folks back home" to send happiness across the seas.

The boys who will be in the thick of the fight will take the spirit of Home to the scenes of the fighting; and the message from home will be the music heard beneath and above the battle-thunder.

That is what will help to keep "the light heart in the midst of danger."

They will fight in the thought of home, as home will fight for them—in tasks to be done—the large and little; and no task so small but that it may bless and brighten some soldier's life to the day of victory.

Since keeping the light heart is half the battle, let home keep it, too; for it is as necessary to the life of home as it is to the boys who have given stars to the service flags.

Even coal must fall in line and get a New Year move on.

The Old Year's Prosperity train at the New Year station, "with the goods."

Needn't hang the resolution high; the world will be aware of it by the grit and get-there evidence.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

By Frank L. Stanton



If the Coal Man Comes.

I.

We'll reach our heart's desire
Where the New Year hums,
For we'll sure keep up the fire—
If the coal man comes.

II.

Off with all the sighin'!
Beat the marchin'-drums!
We'll keep the sparks a-flyin'—
If the coal man comes.

* * * * *

Somebody Better Get Busy.

This editorial paragraph from The Rome Tribune-Herald:

"It looked like it would rain yesterday, but didn't—it looked like it would snow, but didn't. A man looked like he was going to pay us some money, but he didn't."

Taking the last sentence as a "lead" to the next paragraph in the same paper, there's trouble brewing:

"Some time or other we are going to challenge a certain party to fight a duel on the top of old Rocky Face with double-barrel shotguns as the weapons and hard-boiled eggs for the refreshments—the latter to go to the successful marksman."

* * * * *

The Way Together.

To the hills that beckon on
Take the way together;
Right along,
And find a song
In any kind o' weather.

Know the river is to cross,
But still a challenge toss it;
Let it rise
To stormy skies,—
Sure and safe we'll cross it!

And the "lion in the way"—
Never we'll be fearing;
Right along,
With Hope's high song,
Where the skies are clearing.

* * * * *

What the Boy Wants.

A philosopher on The El Paso Times has figured it out that—

"Man wants but little here below, but it is different with a boy. So far as we have kept a record for a single week, that boy wants a mandolin, a pistol, a razor, a false mustache, a bull-pup, a magic lantern, a detective's tin badge, a motorcycle, a mud turtle, a fiddle, a printing press, a 'stamp album, a tame rat, a camera, a squirt gun, a baseball suit and a pair of roller skates."

* * * * *

In the Long Run.

Can't whistle off the trouble,
But life'll give us grace—
Single file, or double,
To beat it in the race.

* * * * *

Hurrah for Drybone!

"The chances are," says The Charlotte News, "that never in the history of this city have so many men got up in the morning after Christmas without needing a dose of something."

* * * * *

Take Your Place.

With crisp corn cakes, or tempting "batter"
The table makes a goodly show;
The meatless, wheatless days don't matter:—
"Praise God from whom all blessings flow!"

* * * * *

All During the Eats.

According to The Lawrence (Kan.) Journal-World, a recent "social" was very much of a mouth-filling affair:—

"While eating, Blanche Malcom sang, 'Oh, Dry Those Tears,' 'One Fleeting Hour,' and the old, though favorite, 'Perfect Day.' She was accompanied by Clare Noland as tenor, and Greta Noland on the piano."

* * * * *

1818.

Not a chance to slight it,
With its friendship new;
No matter how you write it,
It's right up to you!

* * * * *

"I am an abandoned farmer," is the way Irvin Cobb writes himself down in The New York Independent.

But you don't find any "abandoned" farmers in this day of high-water and hallelujia for food crops.

* * * * *

Way Open Now.

Says The Athens Banner:

"You've been threatening to 'make it hot' for that enemy of yours. Now's the time. He'll thank you—it will be cheaper for him than fuel at the present scarcity."

LITTLE LOCALS ABOUT THINGS OF CITY INTEREST

J. D. Simpson, of Kingsport, Tenn., reported to the police Tuesday morning that two unmasked negroes had held him up at the point of a revolver in front of the Empire building late Monday night and relieved him of $22 in cash.

Almost any man would be tempted to steal 100 pounds of coal this winter, if there was none in his home, but as nearly everyone in the city is in the same fix so far as coal is concerned, it is well not to fall when tempted. Gus Newton, Walter Smith and Jim Davis, three negroes, realized this when they were fined $6 each on the charge of stealing 100 pounds of coal from John Hamilton, another negro, who had set the coal down for a moment while he got a little rest. When he looked around he saw the three negroes lugging off his coal, he says, and caused their arrest.

Following the recent seizure of nearly 4,000 cases of lye hominy at forty-one points in Georgia, Chief Inspector P. A Methvin, of the state pure food bureau, is preparing to bring prosecutions for the violation of the pure food laws. He is now investigating to learn whether the prosecutions should be brought in the federal courts, because of interstate shipments, or in the state courts because of distribution within the state.

Chairman C. M. Candler, of the state railroad commission, has fixed Thursday, January 10, as the date for the hearing of the petition of the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph company, asking authority to restrict the use of telephones to subscribers and subscribers' agents or representatives.

Peter Frarer, who was traveling from Illinois to Florida in company with his wife, stepped off the Dixie Flyer while that train was changing engines in Atlanta and neglected to get on again. His wife went on to Jacksonville and has written to the chief of police asking him to locate her husband whom, she says, had a considerable sum of money in his possession when he left the train. She neglected to state what date it was that she passed through Atlanta.

Prompt action by the city fire department saved three small homes which caught fire Tuesday morning. A small cottage on Georgia avenue, a negro residence on Ridgewood avenue and the residence of Dr. H. B. Boyd, 160 West Peachtree, all caught fire within an hour.

Charged with violating the white slave laws, Mrs. Robert Blunk, 286½ Whitehall street, was given a preliminary hearing before Commissioner Colquitt Carter Tuesday and was held for a further hearing Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Bond of $300 was furnished.

Captain W. M. Mayo, Sergeant J. A. Hollis and Officer F. T. Roberts, of the city police force, were presented with gold stars Tuesday morning by Dr. C. J. Vaughan, chairman of the police commission. In presenting the stars Dr. Vaughan stated they were symbols of honor and heroism. The stars were presented for the good work accomplished by the three officers in the capture of Doc Thomas, a negro, who killed Officer H. T. Thomas three or four weeks ago.

"Let us work hard and co-operate to make 1918 a record-breaker for good and efficient service," was the plea of Chief of Police Beavers in a letter read to the police officers Tuesday. The chief urged the men to use every effort during the coming year to increase the efficiency of the department.

LIFTING THE TEUTONIC VEIL: ENEMY NEWS AND OPINION

Under this heading will be published from time to time quotations from the press of Germany and Austria-Hungary which The Constitution has arranged to receive by cable and mail through The Philadelphia Public Ledger.

GERMANY'S DUAL AUTHORITY.

When may it be said that the German people have control of their own government? This question will some day become a vital one for the people of the United States to decide. It is commonly argued that democracy will have come in Germany when the chancellor has been made responsible to the reichstag. But just as necessary is the subordination of the military authorities to the chancellor. The following editorial from The Frankfuerter Zeitung, quoting Friedrich Naumann, author of "Mitteleuropa," points out very clearly how entirely independent of the civil authorities are the military authorities. "Thus we had a government of Bethmann-Hollweg and a Tirpitz government," says the Frankfuerter. Today it might as well be said Germany has a Hertling government and a Hindenburg-Ludendorff government.

From Frankfuerter Zeitung.

The Frankfuerter writes:

"This paper prints portions of the speech of Friedrich Naumann (author of Mitteleuropa), delivered in the German parliament on October 9, from the stenographic manuscript, and recommends its close perusal on account of the interesting facts it contains in connection with the great domestic controversy, and particularly on the subsequent effect of the emperor's remarks, 'I do not recognize parties any longer.'

"In this connection Naumann spoke on the 'side government' of Tirpitz at the head of the new fatherland party, of which one cannot intelligently speak unless Tirpitz's activity is mentioned in connection therewith. Naumann says that, years ago, he himself had been active in the agitation for a greater navy, which movement was led by Tirpitz, and also that he knows many a good trait of the man. Still Tirpitz's subsequent development forms part of the most painful experiences of this war. Tirpitz succeeded in creating a big navy and then he wanted to pursue his own policy with it. This culminated toward the end of 1914 into a special policy within the politics of the government. Thus we had a government of Bethmann-Hollweg and a Tirpitz government.

Duality in Action.

"In this dual system of government, under which we suffered so severely, a decision could not be had either from above or from below. We experienced times in which neither the monarchy nor parliament could find a difference in the powers of each, nor did anybody dare to attack this dual system. The dualism crept gradually into the public branches of the administration, into the army and into newspapers, as well as into the population. Everything pertaining to the fatherland party, its program and what is being aimed at outside of it, or what is being said concerning it, has nothing to do with its desire to dominate; nor matters it much that a few ill-advised members of the progressive party have joined it. This dualism still obtains. Today it exists no longer as Tirpitz against Bethmann, but under the new conception of Tirpitz versus the majority of representatives of the German people. The present political fights are now being carried on under the new firm's name, and under this new firm we fight the decisive political battles which extend into the masses of the people and into the army.

"In referring to Tirpitz's prophecies in connection with the submarine war. Naumann says that Von Tirpitz told Deputy Haase that he never uttered the words, 'England is to be hauled across the knee for but a short period,' and that he has nothing to do with the excesses committed by the fatherland party. I admit, says Naumann, that it is the skill of Von Tirpitz not always to do the things himself which he likes to have done; but when we compare what he denies having said to Haase it turns out that the latter had not of his own volition accused Von Tirpitz of having made that remark concerning England, but that Lehmann's pamphlet on the aims of the war contained such a remark and also charged Von Tirpitz with having stated at that time that England would be forced to her knees six months after the beginning of the reinforced submarine war. The same pamphlet contains the further remarks: 'Then Von Tirpitz had to resign his office, but the submarine war still continued; now the emperor ordered the reinforced submarine war, which, according to the same pamphlet, was to be finished within a few months.'

In Defense of Von Tirpitz.

"This pamphlet, which was circulated in foreign countries by the legion, caused the people to believe that Von Tirpitz was the father of such exaggerated ideas. 'Now I ask,' said Naumann in his speech, 'have you ever heard Von Tirpitz deny that he was the father of that idea? Or can we assert of having heard something similar from the others? And at the risk of exposing the military secrets of the commission, I will say that the recently departed Deputy Bassermann stated in this session of the commission in March, 1916, when the affairs of the submarine war began to engage the attention of parliament, that he stood behind advocates of the reinforced submarine war and behind the expert authority of Grand Admiral von Tirpitz and that there were enough submarine boats on hand to accomplish the expected results against England.' The speaker also referred to remarks of Count Westarp, who in this connection expressed his opinion that the destruction of 600,000 tons per month of vessels will suffice to force England to her knees. The fact seems, therefore, established that Von Tirpitz denies everything today that was regarded as having been believed by him at that period.

"When in January, 1917, the reinforced submarine war had been agreed upon, all of us who regarded this procedure as dangerous to our fatherland kept silent, since such a policy had been officially adopted and since it had become our patriotic duty to wish that by this means and all others the war should terminate in our favor. This policy, however, is not pursued by Tirpitz's fatherland party today. While at present parliament, government and the military administration intend to follow a new foreign policy in compliance with the resolution of July 19, 1917, the fatherland party fails in displaying that moral discipline which the left has been shown to possess.

Right or Wrong.

"Though they may regard the peace program as a dangerous step, they should at least put up with the inevitable and say, 'Right or wrong, my country!' They should have in their chambers said to each other, 'We regard the peace resolution as a dangerous step,' the same as we have said in regard to the submarine resolution; but when a conclusion has been reached they should have said, 'My country, my rights!' Once our country through its legal representatives did adopt this peace program, 'right or wrong,' who shall then have the right to decide great belligerent and diplomatic actions? Who could have said, when the action against Verdun was begun, whether that was right or wrong? Who can pass a final judgment in any great step undertaken whether its commission or omission may be right in the end? But what was determined on in the serious hours of war must be lived up to. And when those who regard themselves as the special guardians of authority now through the fatherland party attack the government, the war administration and the majority of the reichstag, we must wonder what a good nation has to stand in the line of violent tearing asunder of their public authorities.

"'The path Tirpitz pursues offers us no chance for peace,' said Naumann in conclusion. When on a former occasion Bethmann-Hollwegg declared, 'As far as peace sentiment is concerned, we Germans are in the lead,' because we have begun the peace movement, we can say today that there are some among us who follow their own ways; but that is their own private affair. But to construe their spirit of opposition to peace into a sentiment of the totality of the nation is a wrong which we cannot tolerate."

Suggests a Remedy For Disregard of Law

Editor Constitution: Your editorial, "Law and Enforcement," constrains me to offer the following few suggestions, which I do, feeling that twenty-eight years' practice of medicine in a rural district has made me familiar with conditions which prevail not only in my section but throughout the state.

First I wish to make the broad statement that we have enough law on our statute books, but that the sheriff's office has never been able to enforce the law, and now that we will have universal prohibition and the federal government will have no revenue interest in the enforcement of prohibition laws, consequently will ultimately withdraw its force from the hunting down of illicit makers of alcoholic liquors, then the sheriff's office, supported by the fee system, will be totally inadequate to enforce law for two reasons:

First: Inadequacy of fees to sustain the office in the proper manner.

Second: Local sentiment which may not be in favor of the proper enforcement of law.

My suggestions are these:

By constitutional amendment make the governor of the state of Georgia an executive in fact as well as in fancy, by creating a department of justice, under a minister of justice, having full police powers in the state, taking over the police powers of the present shrivealities, and in lieu thereof policing and enforcing the criminal laws of the state through a force known as the "state police," paid fixed wages, and not fees, and stationed by direction of the minister of justice, subject to frequent transfer from station to station.

Leave with the sheriff's office all civil executive business, the executive business of the courts, except in the matter of crime, and add to his duties the assessment of taxes and their collection.

Give to the attorney general's office the power of appointing all prosecuting officers of the courts.

The governor to appoint his minister of justice and attorney general with the consent of the state senate.

By giving to the governor of the state of Georgia these powers we will have enforcement of law and order, less lynching and less moonshine liquor.

W. A. CHAPMAN, M. D.

Cedartown, Ga., December 31, 1917.

The Sheep Situation and What It Means Just Now

Editor Constitution: If dear old Mother Goose had it all to do over again today, one of her best sellers might run something like this:

"Baa, baa, black sheep, have you any wool?"
"Yes, yes, master, three bags full;
"One for our soldiers and one for the French,
"And one for the Tommies in the front line trench."

The analytical civilian will at once observe with some anxiety that he is left out in the cold entirely. The baa-baa sheep seems to have provided no wool for him at all. And that is just about the size of the situation. If Mr. Anxious Civilian wants to know what to do about it here is the answer:

The farms of the United States must produce more sheep.

"But aren't we producing enough wool?" someone will ask. "Can't the sheep pass around enough clothes for all us, soldiers and home workers, too?"

The answer is: No—not unless we get more sheep.

So the immediate personal interest of every individual in this particular phase of the war agricultural production program becomes very apparent.

More than the entire wool production of the United States will be used in clothing and outfitting our armies. The apparel of one soldier represents the yield of twenty sheep.

The solution of the problem is found in this statement: There are six farms without sheep for every farm with sheep in the United States. And yet sheep may be produced profitably in practically every part of the country and in an economical agricultural adjustment should be found on almost every farm.

The possibilities of developing the sheep industry in this country are enormous. If all our farms had sheep and failed to supply the demand the situation would be serious—but since the trouble is caused entirely by the fact that so few farms do have sheep the situation is comparatively simple of solution. It is just a matter of getting sheep on the six farms out of seven that now are sheepless. That will not be done unless the farmers thoroughly appreciate the necessity of this production; the importance of purchasing ewes and establishing sheep breeding as a permanent part of their agricultural arrangements.

Every banker and business man and every person who comes in contact with the farmers of his community may further the movement by mentioning this need.

There are 1,200,000 fewer sheep in the United States this year than in 1914. The wool production of this country has decreased steadily. It was 321,362,750 pounds in 1910, 290,192,000 pounds in 1914, 288,490,000 pounds in 1916, and 285,573,000 pounds in 1917. At the same time the amount of wool manufactured in the United States has increased from 550,356,535 pounds in 1914 to 737,679,924 pounds in 1916. This year the amount manufactured will be larger.

During this same period the consumption of mutton also increased. In other words, we used sheep products faster than we raised sheep. The difference represents the amounts we imported from other countries. But the shipping shortage now makes it necessary that our vessels be concentrated in the Atlantic to transport men and war supplies to Europe. Unless it is urgently necessary, for military purposes, we cannot spare ships for long voyages to Australia, South Africa and other distant wool-producing countries. We must produce wool at home instead of bringing it from the other side of the world.

The history of the sheep industry is that in every "new country," every "frontier land," sheep have been the pioneers of agriculture—the forerunners of farming. In these countries there were vast tracts of cheap land available for sheep or cattle ranges. As each country developed, these range lands advanced in value. Farming increased—and that decreased the sheep ranges. Since he was operating on costlier land the sheepman had to make more money in order to get a proper return on his investment. So he began to sell mutton as well as wool. He had been unable to do that in the earlier stages of the sheep industry, because he did not have adequate transportation facilities. These changes came gradually through a period of years. Finally a point was reached where the world's wool production was practically stationary. Lambs were killed for mutton at a rate that prevented an increase in the flocks.

None of the sheep countries had new, cheap range lands. And yet the world was constantly using more wool. This was the world situation of the sheep industry when the war began in 1914. The discrepancies have been accentuated by the war. The problem that we would have had to solve sooner or later has been made an urgent one—one that must receive attention at once.

Six farms out of seven in the United States can help.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. By Clarence Dubose.

HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

EXPOSURE.

A chronic dyspeptic's advice about the choice of food is scarcely good advice for normal individuals to follow.

Yet the majority of people in America listen with respect to the advice of victims of chronic nose, throat and bronchial disorders and sufferers with various other ailments which seem to be more or less influenced by atmospheric conditions, in the matter of exposure to weather, dampness, drafts and sudden changes of temperature.

It is a hard fact that a healthy individual suffers no apparent harm from exposure in the everyday sense of the word. The reason why a healthy individual can stand exposure to drafts, dampness, wet feet, inclement weather and so forth, is because he has a vasomotor nervous system that works. This system is the automatic controller of the circulation; it is the system which regulates and equalizes the distribution of blood under constantly varying conditions of environment; it is the system which enables one to warm up in the reaction that follows a cool bath—no matter whether the bath be a water bath or an air bath.

The reason why a victim of chronic rhinitis (inflammation of the lining of the nasal cavity), or, as the indifferent doctor calls it, "catarrh," doesn't find exposure so comfortable is because his vasomotor nervous system doesn't work. It hasn't been naturally trained. It has been unnaturally coddled by a lifetime of erratic habits, by the great mistake of trying to keep good and warm by artificial means instead of attaining this desirable end by natural means. Nature gives us the means of keeping good and warm, but too many of us, indeed, the vast majority of us in civilized communities, insist upon substituting artificial means for nature's own—we actually acquire the notion that the way to keep warm is to keep the household temperature six to ten degrees higher than is hygienically or physiologically necessary. And nature simply won't stand for such mistakes. She retaliates by leaving us in the lurch when we are compelled to fare forth from our caves and expose ourselves to the open.

Medical mollycoddles looked forward confidently to a vast amount of pneumonia, rheumatism, and other alleged results of exposure in the soldiers defending civilization in the trenches. They were unable to understand the actually diminished prevalence of such diseases among the troops. They couldn't understand how a healthy man can escape illness if he gets his feet wet or sits in a draft. The more we learn about the causes and nature of disease the less do we libel the weather.

A Bit of Uncle Remus History

Editor Constitution: In the December number of The "Southern Woman's Magazine" appears an interesting sketch of the Uncle Remus Home by Katherine Hinton Wooten.

Had Miss Wooten been acquainted with some inside history of the movement which finally culminated in making the home of Mr. Harris a memorial to his life and genius, doubtless she would have been glad to include it in her charming narrative.

I was present at the preliminary meeting whose purpose was to decide upon a suitable memorial of Mr. Harris. I there stressed the policy of acquiring the Harris home and perpetuating it as a Mecca for literary and grims and admirers of Mr. Harris in all parts of the world.

The drift of opinion, however, was apparently against me—the preponderating sentiment seemed to be in favor of a park or a school. The committee adjourned without taking definite action. When I left I repaired immediately to the residence of Rev. Dr. J. W. Lee, who was then pastor of Trinity church. I acquainted him with the drift in favor of a park or a school. He deplored this as manifestly inopportune and inappropriate. He said that we should be guided by the practice observed everywhere in the world, viz: to perpetuate the homes of its famous literary men just as were preserved the homes of Shakespeare in England, of Burns in Scotland, of Dante in Italy, etc.

I then appealed to Dr. Lee to exert his influence in some way that would awaken public sentiment to a sense of the importance of such a memorial to Mr. Harris.

The next day was Sunday. On Sunday night Dr. Lee embodied in his sermon a convincing argument in favor of making Mr. Harris' home a memorial to his life and writings.

He won the congregation. His sermon was printed. The result was that public sentiment was quickly crystallized into a movement that finally secured the home of Mr. Harris as a fitting shrine for the lovers of "Uncle Remus" for Atlanta and the world.

I am moved to make a recital of this as a matter of history, and as an act of justice to Dr. Lee, to whom we are indebted for his opportune services in a good cause.

BURGESS SMITH.

RIGHT OF WAY GIVEN TO THE COAL TRAINS

McAdoo Believes Railway Congestion Rather Than Actual Shortage Has Caused the Fuel Famine.

Washington, January 1.—Coal trains went forward today under new government orders based on the belief of Director General McAdoo that railway congestion rather than actual shortage is responsible for the fuel famine in many districts.

Upon receipt of reports that hundreds of loaded coal cars were stalled on sidings behind long strings of cars containing shipments of higher preferentail rating than coal, all existing priority orders for the entire country were suspended by Robert S. Lovett, priority director of the war industries board, on recommendation of the director general. This is expected to result in quicker movement of the entire mass of congested freight whose sluggishness has been caused largely by a multiplicity of priority orders.

Wilson Going to Congress.

President Wilson, it was learned tonight, will go before congress Friday to present his recommendations for legislation to make government operation fully effective and to provide for compensation of the carriers, and legislation which has already been drawn will be introduced immediately after his address. Some officials think there will be a vigorous fight over the question of whether the legislation should be effective only for the period of the war and a limited time thereafter, or should remian in force until specifically repealed or modified by congress.

Representatives of the railroads were to have appeared tomorrow before the senate interstate commerce committee, but when word came that the president desired to address congress Friday it was announced that they would ask permission to withhold their statements for the present. The committee instead will hear Commissioner Aitchison, of the interstate commerce commission, and then probably postpone further hearing until the president has been received.

Director General McAdoo spent a busy New Year's day. He broke railway precedents by ordering that the Pennsylvania company's tunnel under the Hudson river, heretofore restricted to passenger trains, be used to hasten coal supplies into the heart of New York city. The orders are to be followed, even if they interfere with passenger schedules.

The action was considered significant by railroad men not only because of the direct results, but because it indicated how determined the government is to use all facilities to their utmost, regardless of previous practices, to relieve congestion and promote efficiency.

Ships to Carry Coal.

At the first conference of Mr. McAdoo in the New Year with his advisers and executives, it was decided to put additional ships now controlled by the shipping board into service carrying coal from Hampton Roads to New England. The number of vessels which can be spared will be determined tomorrow and they will be ordered immediately to the service.

Hundreds of telegrams pouring into the railroad administration told of coal trains or individual cars apparently lost in yard confusion. These reports, most of which were submitted by interstate commerce commission inspection, were referred to railway executives with instructions to clear out the stalled freight as fast as physically possible and to notify the administration the extent of their inability to move certain quantities of freight.

Early action to divide the country into operating districts with a government supervisor over each and possibly a federal railroad agent for each state has been urged strongly upon Director General McAdoo and he is said to be considering this policy.

Many of the telegrams which have reached him in the last few days are from persons or organizations urging appointment of certain men to positions which may be available when the director general decides on the form and personnel of his permanent organization.

COAL RIOT IN NEW YORK.

New York, January 1.—With another day of bitter cold and intensive suffering from the general fuel shortage, New York had today its first real coal riot. The disorder began when several hundred men, women and children, who had lined up outside a large coal yard at 119th street and the East river, discovered several loaded trucks leaving the yard after announcement had been made that there was no coal for sale.

Some of those who had been waiting patiently with pails, bags, small wagons and baby carriages, at once began to stone the office windows. Others followed the trucks, unhooked the rear chutes and seized the coal that streamed into the street. Police reserves were called and succeeded in restoring order when a representative of the coal company announced that coal would be sold in small lots after certain hospitals had been served.

Early relief from the fuel shortage is expected to result from an order issued late today by William G. McAdoo, director general of railroads, permitting the Pennsylvania Railroad company's tunnels under the Hudson river, heretofore devoted to passenger traffic, to be used by incoming coal trains. Many thousands of tons of fuel will thus be made available and it is expected that rapid distribution by trucks will restore the coal situation to something like normal.

The temperature today ranged from zero to 6 above at 10 o'clock tonight and a slowly rising temperature was predicted by the weather bureau.

Now Is a Good Time to Invest In a Diamond

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Practically all good grades in popular sizes are exceedingly scarce. The cutters have advanced prices several times in the past twelve months.

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KENNEDY IS GIVEN GREATER POWERS

Government Control of the Roads Will Help Solve Coal Problem, He Says. Meeting Called for Chamber Tomorrow.

That the orders for rushing coal to various parts of the country suffering from lack of fuel, given yesterday to the railroads by Railroad Commissioner William G. McAdoo, will, in a great measure, relieve the coal situation in Atlanta, is the opinion of Henry B. Kennedy, local fuel administrator.

Mr. Kennedy stated last night that, in his opinion, the root of practically all the trouble lay in the transportation problem, and that this giving of the right of way to coal trains would undoubtedly bring great relief very quickly.

Mr. Kennedy is now receiving daily reports from the different railroads as to the amount of coal entering the city each day. On Tuesday there were only a few cars came in. The Southern railway reports that it brought in three cars of domestic coal. Other roads will make their report Wednesday morning.

Given Greater Powers.

Additional plenary powers were given to Administrator Kennedy in a wire received from Feberal Fuel Administrator Garfield, Tuesday. This telegram authorizes Mr. Kennedy to take over any coal consigned to a dealer who is receiving more fuel than he can promptly deliver to the consumers. At the present time there is no need of such action, as there is no dealer in the city who has as large a supply as his delivery equipment can take care of.

In the event, however, of an over-large supply of coal coming into the city consigned to one dealer, while other yards are empty, or practically so, this new ruling would allow Mr. Kennedy to order the placing of as many surplus cars as he thought advisable at the yards of the idle dealers, in order that deliveries might be made and relief brought to people suffering for lack of coal as rapidly as possible.

Local interest now centers in the meeting called by Dr. L. G. Hardman, of Commerce, Ga., state fuel administrator, to be held at the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce on Thursday at 2 p. m. Dr. Hardman announced this meeting by means of a wire sent to The Constitution Monday night. In his communication he requests that all officials of the chamber of commerce, city officials, coal dealers and others who may be able to help relieve the stringency, attend the meeting, at which time, he states, plans will be formulated to provide Atlanta with a sufficient supply of coal for her needs.

Deliveries of Coal.

Some deliveries of coal were made Tuesday by local dealers. The chamber of commerce also delivered over a hundred orders which had been left over from the emergency work done on Sunday and Monday. These orders were delivered by the Fulton county department of public works trucks. There are still a few of these orders left for futrue delivery, which could not be filled on account of insufficient supply of coal.

People who are seriously suffering for lack of coal are advised to procure their own wagons and go to the dealers' yards for their own supply. In this way there is much greater probability of their securing coal than by merely ordering.

The public safety committee of the chamber of commerce makes a special request of the public that they conserve the coal as much as possible. Individuals are asked not to order coal unless they need it for immediate use, as every hundredweight lying unused in private cellars makes it more difficult for those who are entirely without to secure a supply.

MORTUARY

Mrs. Dolan Brannon.

Mrs. Dolan Brannon, 29 years old, died Monday night at the residence, 704 Woodward avenue. She is survived by her husband, H. B. Brannon, and four small children. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

George A. G. James.

Private George A. G. James, 22 years old, died Monday at the regimental hospital at Camp Gordon of pneumonia. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. James. The body was removed to the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son.

Waco Qualles.

Waco Qualles, 25 years old, died Monday night at the base hospital at Fort McPherson. The body was removed to the chapel of Harry G. Poole.

W. P. Dyar.

W. P. Dyar, 53 years old, died Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the residence, 86 Gaskill street. He is survived by one son, J. A. Dyar. The body was removed to the chapel of Hunter & Hemperley.

Edna Neal Ramsay.

Edna Neal Ramsay, the 1-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ramsay, of 53 Weyman street, died Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at a private hospital. Besides her parents she is survived by one sister. The body was removed to the chapel of Greenberg & Bond.

Pierre Sullivan, Zebulon.

Zebulon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Pierre Sullivan, of Pike county, selectman, was buried at Zebulon yesterday. He had been in the army only a few weeks and was at home to spend Christmas with his mother and brothers when he was stricken with pneumonia and died. Funeral services were conducted at the home by Rev. R. W. Rogers, the Woodmen of the World having charge at the grave. The deceased was a member of a well-known family of Pike county, and leaves a host of friends.

MRS. A. A. PARKHURST DIES IN MILLEDGEVILLE

News reached Atlanta of the sudden death early last night in Milledgeville of Mrs. A. A. Parkhurst, of 282 Ponce de Leon avenue, who was visiting relatives in that city. Mrs. Parkhurst was 70 years of age.

She is survived by two sons, W. F. Parkhurst and D. M. Parkhurst, and one daughter, Mrs. DeLos Hill, of Atlanta. The body will be brought to Atlanta today. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Succumbs to Burns.

Clayton, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Miss Susie Cannon, daughter of Charles E. Cannon, of this place, who was severely burned Sunday morning, died this morning at 9 o'clock. She leaves a father, three sisters and one brother.

Impressive Ceremonies Mark Bishop Keiley's Anniversary

With more than 1,000 people present at the Sacred Heart church yesterday morning, a pontifical high mass was held in celebration of the forty-fourth anniversary of the ordination to priesthood of Bishop Benjamin J. Keiley, of the diocese of Savannah, Roman Catholic church.

Bishop Keiley, in his address, gave reminiscence of his life in Georgia and he wished the congregation a happy New Year.

The following were officers of the mass: Rev. Matthew Thouvenin, assisting priest; Rev. John Guinan and Rev. Thomas Bower, deacons of honor; Rev. Michael Cotter and Rev. Danfel Sullivan, deacons of mass; Rev. Joseph Bott, master of ceremonies. Father McOscar, pastor of the Sacred Heart church, also assisted.

A luncheon was given at 1 o'clock by Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy in honor of Bishop Keiley and the clergy of Atlanta.

During the day Bishop Keiley received a wealth of congratulations from his Atlanta friends, while many New Year's greetings were sent him from all parts of Georgia.

COSSACKS BATTLE WITH BOLSHEVIKI

Continued From First Page.

adds that the United States, Great Britain, France and Italy are already exchanging views concerning the peace proposals. The reported visit of Premier Clemenceau, it declares, is an intelligent anticipation which may or may not be realized.

Danger of Separate Peace.

The Petrograd correspondent of The Daily News wonders whether the danger of a separate peace is realized in England. He says it would be a defeat for German democracy in addition to insuring the virtual enslavement of Russia, as it would be a victory for the military caste of Germany.

"As it may mean," he adds, "much more than Russia's neutrality. If we make no move, it seems possible that the Germans will ask the Russians to help them in enforcing Russian peace terms on the entente allies. Trotzky is well aware of the danger, though faced with the necessity of concluding peace, and is doing his utmost to stimulate a revolution in Germany. Fraternization at the front already has passed beyond control of enemy officers and enormous quantities of revolutionary newspapers printed in German are being distributed.

"I am convinced our only chance in defeating German designs to publish terms as near the Russian terms as possible and by taking a powerful hand in the proposed conference help the democratic movement in Germany while helping the Russians to force the German government in the direction it has had to take. . . .

"Whatever party might be in power in Russia it would be compelled to conclude peace, and Trotzky's method is more likely to damage Germany than the method of any more polite person in his place. The nationalization of the banks puts a weapon more powerful than the guillotine in the hands of the government and probably will end much of the present sabotage."

The writer foreshadows a further leavening of the ministry by men from other parties joining the government.

Germans May Be Disappointed.

The Petrograd correspondent of The Times, who is visiting in London, continues his anti-Bolsheviki statements today. He says it is not unlikely that the Germans, who are now reckoning upon the great advantages they expect from the Russian revolution, will suffer a grievious disappointment, provided the friends of the Russian nation offer it a helping hand. He implies that the Russian people will not continue to submit to German exploitation through Bolsheviki "adventurers," if a closer union is established between Russia and the entente allies.

The German naval delegation at Petrograd, according to the correspondent of The Daily Mail in the Russian capital, has reached an agreement with the Bolsheviki government for raising the "blockade" of the White sea, and for the regulation of maritime commerce which is expected to begin with the impending arrival at Reval of ships with goods from Germany. A dispatch to The Daily Express from Petrograd says German ships already have free access to Russian waters and the government is taking precautions to protect them from British submarines. The first commercial squadron is expected before the Russian Christmas on January 7.

Special dispatches from Petrograd refer again to the subject of food shortage which, according to the correspondent of The Daily Mail, is steadily becoming more critical. The correspondent of The Daily News says that the hotel in which he is staying is piled with crates of provisions bearing Berlin stamps. He adds that the German delegation, expecting an immediate famine, brought its own food.

Berlin newspaper reports received in Amsterdam say that Foreign Secretary von Kuehlmann, while coming to Berlin from Brest-Litovsk, stopped at Warsaw to confer with the Polish premier. The Polish government, it is said, will share in the future negotiations at Brest-Litovsk in an advisory capacity.

REICHSTAG LEADERS APPROVE TERMS.

Rotterdam, January 1.—Mathias Ersberger, of the clerical party; Frederich Ebert, of the socialist party, and Herr Fischbeck, of the progressives, have informed the Berlin correspondent of The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant that the German declaration at Brest-Litovsk is approved unreservedly by the members of the reichstag main committee. The members of this committee represent the majority of the parties responsible for the reichstag peace resolution of July 19.

RUMANIAN KING TO PARLIAMENT.

Jassy, Rumania, January 1.—The Rumanian parliament was opened last Friday with an address by King Ferdinand.

"However painful may be the sacrifices that we may still have to make in order to realize our legitimate aspirations," said the king, "we have the deep conviction that they will be compensated on the decisive day when there is established the reign of justice and liberty in the relations among nations.

The king bestowed warm praise on the army. He thanked the parliament for the constitutional reforms enacted at the last session and for the laws providing for apportionment of the land among the people and for equal suffrage.

One Death at Jackson.

Columbia, S. C., January 1.—At Camp Jackson today the health report dealing with the meningitis situation showed two cases for the previous 24 hours. There was one death, Claude W. Howard, of the depot brigade. To date there have been a total of 122 cases and 39 deaths.

STOVALL TO SPEAK TO ROTARY CLUB

United States Minister to Switzerland Will Be Here January 15 — Rotarians Will Push Thrift Campaign.

Announcement that Hon. Pleasant A. Stovall, of Savannah, United States minister to Switzerland, will be the guest of the Atlanta Rotary club at its next meeting, January 15, and the decision of the membership to back in every way in its power the thrift campaign, were the features of the luncheon held by the club at the Piedmont hotel yesterday afternoon.

The announcement of the acceptance of the invitation by the Rotarians by Minister Stovall was made by President Willis M. Timmons. He will make an address on "The War as Viewed from Switzerland." The club is planning to make this meeting one of the most notable events of the year.

Back Thrift Campaign.

The thrift campaign was brought to the attention of the members by Hugh Richardson, state director, who told of the necessity of Georgia doing her part in the purchase of certificates and war savings stamps.

He stressed the fact that in the two Liberty bond campaigns only 10 per cent of the population of the United States responded, and that the thrift campaign was the best way to interest the other 90 per cent and make them do their part in financing the war.

Bolling Jones, Lewis D. Hicks, E. H. Cone, Joel Hunter and Willis Timmons made short talks indorsing the plan, and the members then pledged themselves to form war-saving societies from among the members and employees of their respective firms.

Impromptu Toasts.

The guests were handed numbers as they entered the room, and after they were seated at the table corresponding numbers, well shuffled, were passed to them. In this way every person held two numbers. And as the roll was called, each member stood, designating the numbers in his possession. Then the two whose numbers corresponded were required to introduce themselves to the crowd, telling the line of business they were in, and finally to give an impromptu toast to each other.

A prize, offered by Lloyd Parks for the best toast, was awarded to Lee Jordan, of Bryan, Jordan & Middlebrooks, in his New Year's wish to Leroy Roger, in which he said:

"Leroy: Most heartily I thank you for your expression of good wishes. My wish for you is that the year 1918 be filled with the highest measure of happiness to you and yours. May some service rendered by you to your family, your friends, your city, your state or your country each day be your sufficient cause for rejoicing each night."

Greetings were sent to Charlie Beauchamp, an absent member, who is in a local hospital.

At the close of the luncheon the following new members enrolled during the year 1917, were introduced by Joel R. Hunter: Elford S. Papy, representing a packing house; James L. Wells, wholesale paper house; Cornelius N. Johnson, printing machinery and supplies, and Fred E. Foster, a cotton mill machinery company.

Immediately following the luncheon the members visited the clubrooms in the Healey building and mingled with the soldiers for quite a while.

As Willis Timmons, president of the Rotary club, gazed upon the laughing youthful faces about him he said:

"This scene is worth every effort we have made for them."

Mr. Timmons stated that he was very much pleased with the work done by the Soldiers' club since Miss Buckmaster has been in charge.

AUGUSTUS CODINGTON, AGED MACON MAN, DEAD

Macon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Augustus Codington, aged 80 years, who for twenty-five years had been a prominent resident of Macon, died at his home here today following a long illness. Mr. Codington came south from New Jersey when a young man and for many years operated a sawmill in Telfair county. He retired from business several years ago and had been living a retired life here in Macon.

Besides his wife, he leaves three sons, E. B. and Arthur, of Macon, and Lieutenant Herbert Codington, of Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C.

Driver Agents Wanted

Drive and demonstrate the Bush Car. Pay for it out of your commissions on sales. My agents are making money. Shipments are prompt. Bush Cars guaranteed or money back. 1918 models ready. Write at once for my 48-page catalog and all particulars. Address J. Bush, Pres. Dept. 24



Five-Pass., 34.7 H. P., 32x3½ tires, 116-in Wheelbase, Delco Ignition—Elect. Stg. & Ltg.

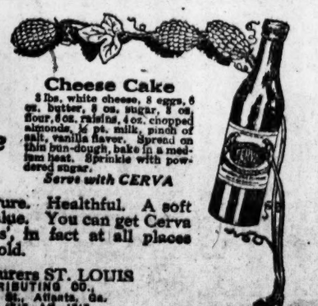
BUSH MOTOR COMPANY, Bush Temple, Chicago, Illinois

EADE'S GOUT PILLS

The Old and Popular Remedy for Gout, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago; pains in the head, face & limbs. All druggists. E. FOUGERA & CO., Inc., Agents for U. S., 90 Beekman St., N. Y.

CERVA
The World's Best Beverage





Cheese Cake

3 lbs. white cheese, 8 eggs, 6 oz. butter, 9 oz. sugar, 3 oz. flour, 6 oz. raisins, 4 oz. chopped almonds, ½ pt. milk, pinch of salt, vanilla flavor. Spread on thin pan-dough, bake in a medium heat. Sprinkle with powdered sugar.

Serve with CERVA

Non-intoxicating. Pure. Healthful. A soft drink with great food value. You can get Cerva at grocers, at druggists, in fact at all places where good drinks are sold.

LEMP Manufacturers ST. LOUIS
CERVA DISTRIBUTING CO.
No. 11 Packers Av., Atlanta, Ga.
Phone Bell M. 1717. Atl. 1717.

ROSENWALD GIFT ASSURED TUESDAY

$15,000 Raised for Negro Y. M. C. A. and Now $10,000 More Will Be Secured For Furnishing Building.

IF YOU WISH TO AID.

People wishing to aid the colored citizens of Atlanta to secure their own fully equipped Y. M. C. A. building may do so by filling in this blank for any amount they wish and mailing it, with check attached, to

J. K. ORR, Chairman,
30 Auburn Avenue,
Atlanta, Ga.

I herewith subscribe $..... to the fund for a negro Y. M. C. A. building.

Name .....

Address .....

As a result of the whirlwind campaign by the business men of Atlanta to raise the necessary $15,000 for the colored Y. M. C. A. building which was required to assure the gift of $25,000 from Julius Rosenwald, of Chicago, this sum has been secured and a start made on the additional $10,000 which is needed to fully furnish and equip the new building.

The committee of the chamber of commerce, of which J. K. Orr was chairman, kept at work all day Tuesday securing subscriptions from the business men and general public.

When the meeting for the making of reports was held at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening, it was found that there was a small sum still lacking to complete the amount. Various names were immediately given to the different committeemen who then got busy on the phone. Until 10 o'clock Chairman Orr was busy tabulating the subscriptions which came in and, when the amounts were totaled at that hour, it was found that $15,157 had been secured. Other subscriptions will doubtless come in Wednesday and the campaign will continue until the additional $10,000 is secured.

This work for the colored youths of the city, it is pointed out, is one of the most important ever undertaken and the results in the stabilizing and betterment of the younger negroes by bringing them under constant Christian influence will be felt in every branch of the city's life. At the present time when there are so many negro soldiers at Camp Gordon, it is particularly necessary, it is shown, that a place of this nature be provided for them to go when they come into the city.

All persons wishing to help in this work can do so by filling in the amount of their subscription on the form given herewith, detaching same and sending it, with check, to J. K. Orr, chairman, 30 Auburn avenue, Atlanta, Ga.

In speaking of the campaign, Mr. Orr said:

"Thanks to the splendid support given by all three of the local papers, and to all the workers who have aided, we have secured the $15,000 and made a good start towards the additional $10,000. We feel deeply grateful for the support received particularly at this time when people have had so many calls and are so busy."

Subscriptions reported Tuesday were as follows:

John W. Grant, $250; Jacob Elsas, $200; John M. McEachern, $200; W. S. Elkin, $125; W. G. Ashford, $100; Forrest and George Adair, $100; Davison-Paxon-Stokes company, $100; M. Rich and Brothers company, $100; J. M. High company, $100; J. P. Allen company $100; E. F. Johnson, $100; W. B. Willingham, $100; Gordon P. Kiser, $100; W. C. Mansfield, $100; Sig Montag, $100; George Muse company $75; George M. Brown, $75; F. J. Coolidge & Sons, $75; M. L. Thrower, $60; F. W. McRae, $50; Joseph A. McCord, $50; Mrs. John S. Candler, $50; Hugh Richardson, $50; Red Rock company, $50; W. E. Chapin, $50; Mrs. S. M. Inman, $50; E. L. Rhodes company, $50; Kamper Grocery company, $50; W. R. C. Smith, $50; Dr. F. P. Calhoun, $50; Nunnally & McKee, $50; Arthur Tufts, $50; L. H. Beck, $50; J. L. Dickey, $50; Alex C. King, $50; T. R. Sawtell, $50; Harry Silverman, $25; J. H. Hirsch, $25; Clyde King, $25; A. V. Goode, $25; E. W. Alfriend, $25; Walter Candler, $25; Carter Electric company, $25; George Hillyer, $25; Mrs. George McKenzie, $25; J. M. B. Hoxsey, $25; John A. Barton, $25; H. G. Lewis & Co., $25; W. H. White, Jr., $25; Riddell Brothers, $25; R. S. Armstrong, $25; T. C. Woolford, $15; Ernest C. Kontz, $15; John A. Hynds, $10; Walter C. Hill, $10; H. C. Fisher, $10; Milton Dargan, $10; Mrs. E. H. Phillips, $10; C. M. Frederick, $10; R. C. Darby, $10; J. H. Whitten, $5; L. B. Hicks, $5; Mrs. E. C. Kontz, $5.

Negroes Help Fund.

When it was learned on Monday evening at the watch meeting services that there was still a shortage of a few dollars in raising the desired amount for the Y. M. C. A., the ministers of four of the colored churches presented the matter to their congregations and the response was immediate.

Zion Hill Baptist church, Rev. C. H. Robinson, collected $17; Allen Temple A. M. E., Rev. J. A. Lindsay, pastor, raised $10; Reed Street Baptist church, Rev. E. P. Johnson, pastor, collected $8.75; Bethlehem Baptist, Rev. Paul Scrugga, pastor, $5. These churches were visited by two of the special workers in the Y. M. C. A. campaign, W. S. Cannon and William Driskell. Other contributors during the evening were: Rev. E. P. Johnson and Dollie Alexander, $5 each. This makes a total of more than $125 for Dr. E. P. Johnson. W. H. Scott, $3; C. W. Hill, $2.26; F. Gamble, $1.50; J. C. Johnson, Birnice Shaw, Carl Hutcheson, V. Perkins, Henry Bomar, William Anderson, T. S. Turner, $1 each; W. W. Florence, J. L. Fambro, G. S. Ray, $1.50; William Wilkins, $30; Bishop R. A. Carter, of the C. M. E. church, $25.

SHERIFF LOWRY DINES DEPUTIES AND WIVES

Sheriff Lowry was host at a New Year's dinner at the Majestic hotel to the members of his office force and their wives last night. Over fifty persons were present. The dinner began at 8 o'clock and continued until the wee small hours.

Among the guests who made short addresses to the assembly were Deputies W. H. S. Dorsey, J. G. Hardy, W. G. McNair, Fred McNair, Fred Mayfield, Bob Holland, chief jailer; Deputy J. H. Estes, C. G. Register, J. A. Manning, J. D. Basemoore, George Maddox, W. D. Owen, Charles House, B. F. Byfield, E. O. McKensie and Deputy Milan, the only bachelor present.

At exactly the same hour, January 1, 1919, and all the other years during his office, Sheriff Lowry plans to hold a "get-together" dinner for his office force.

TEUTON MILITARY TRAINS HELD UP BY HEAVY SNOW

Geneva, Monday, December 31.—Snow continues to fall heavily along the Swiss-Italian and Swiss-Austrian frontiers and in the Tyrol. A telegram from Chiasso, which is confirmed by Swiss soldiers on duty on the Italian frontier heights, states that Austro-German troops are held up on the Tyrol frontier. Many Red Cross and food convoys are stalled in the mountain passes and regiments of central empire troops have been isolated without food supplies for several days.

Military trains from Trent, which are depended upon to provision the Austrian front, are blockaded. A large army under General Conrad is trying to clear the railway, but unless it succeeds serious difficulties will hamper the operations against the Italians

SAVE YOUR HAIR AND BEAUTIFY IT WITH "DANDERINE"

Spend a few cents! Dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Try this! Hair gets beautiful, wavy and thick in few moments.

If you care for heavy hair, that glistens with beauty and is radiant with life; has an incomparable softness and is fluffy and lustrous, try Danderine.

Just one application doubles the beauty of your hair, besides it immediately dissolves every particle of dandruff; you cannot have nice, heavy, healthy hair if you have dandruff. This destructive scurf robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life, and if not overcome it produces a feverishness and itching of the scalp; the hair roots famish, loosen and die; then the hair falls out fast.

If your hair has been neglected and is thin, faded, dry, scraggy or too oily, get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine at any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents; apply a little as directed, and ten minutes after you will say this was the best investment you ever made.

We sincerely believe, regardless of everything else advertised, that if you desire soft, lustrous, beautiful hair and lots of it—no dandruff—no itching scalp and no more falling hair—you must use Knowlton's Danderine. If eventually—why not now?—(adv.)

Zebulon Masons Elect.

Zebulon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Montgomery lodge, No. 31, F. & A. M. of Zebulon, has elected and installed the following officers for the ensuing year: George M. Smith, W. M.; R. C. Johnson, Jr., S. W.; J. M. Meana, J. W.; C. R. Gwyn, treasurer; F. L. Adams, secretary.

"BEST DENTAL OFFICE IN ATLANTA"

That's What Mr. Nestlehut Says About the One-Price Dental Office, Where the Work Is Not Only Well Done, But Reasonably Priced.

One of the most popular places of business in Atlanta is the One-Price Dental Office, 104½ Whitehall street, corner of Mitchell, which is visited daily by people from different parts of the state as well as by residents of the city. And the secret of its popularity lies not in the fact that dentistry is a particularly enjoyable experience, but because all patrons of the place get first-class dental treatment at the very lowest possible charge—much lower, in fact, than the average dentist charges. Mr. W. V. Nestlehut, of Austell, Ga., says it's "the best dental office in Atlanta," and there are many more who will doubtless agree with him. The prices here never change and all work is guaranteed ten years. Best gold crowns, $3; bridge work, $3 per tooth; best set of teeth money can buy, $5. Bad teeth frequently are the cause of bad health. Every one should have his teeth examined by a dentist at least twice a year. If your teeth need treatment, let one of the skilled operators at the One-Price Dental Office give you an estimate on the cost of repair. Office hours Sunday, 9 to 1.—(adv.)

Looking Ahead!

Buying Good Wool Clothes *Now* Is an Investment

---The Best Resolution of the Year---

TO Buy Wool Clothing January 1918 is banking money against 1919 needs.

Another season will see wool garments much higher than now. Demand is growing stronger—supply is lessening—making wool clothing difficult to secure at any figure.

Such news is **fact**—not mere prophecy and the sufficient word to the understanding.

To buy now the good Suit and Overcoat which you will gladly wear another winter is not less than an intelligent investment.

To tell you this is to **serve you** with profitable information with regard to the merchandise we **know** and sell.

Put your money in good wool clothes. Many wise men are doing this now.

He who dons good wool garments in the sale of this New Year has providently fortified himself against next winter's blasts as fortunately as he who is now snug and smug because he bought coal last spring.

Geo. Muse Clothing Co.
3-5-7 Whitehall

Wait For High's

$100,000.00 January
WHITE SALE
Beginning Monday, January 7th

20 MILLION PEOPLE USE CASCARETS—WHY?

Only True Tonic for Liver and Bowels Costs 10 Cents a Box.

Cascarets are a treat! They liven your liver, clean your thirty feet of bowels and sweeten your stomach. You eat one or two Cascarets like candy before going to bed and in the morning your head is clear, tongue is clean, stomach sweet, breath right, and cold gone and you feel grand.

Get a 10 or 25-cent box at any drug store and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. Stop sick headaches, bilious spells, indigestion, furred tongue, offensive breath and constipation. Mothers should give cross, peevish, feverish, bilious children a whole Cascaret any time.—(adv.)

CONSTITUTION ON SALE

The Atlanta Constitution can be found on sale every day at the fourteen exchange stores in Camp Gordon. If you fail to buy your copy from the boys in the morning you can drop in at any regimental canteen and get one.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION'S

Camp Gordon News

Edited by James A. Hollomon.

CAMP GORDON BUREAU.

Camp Gordon News Bureau of The Constitution is in the "Y" administration building. Soldiers are invited to visit The Constitution, leave poetry, photographs, news, jokes, human-interest stories, etc., and if The Constitution can serve you, command it.

EX-PRESIDENT TAFT AT CAMP GORDON JANUARY 30th AND 31st

Distinguished Statesman Will Speak to Every Soldier in the Camp at a Series of Addresses Arranged at the Various Service Buildings—It Is Expected That He Will Also Be Heard in Atlanta.

William Howard Taft, former president of the United States, will spend several days at Camp Gordon at the end of January, and will speak to every man of the Eighty-second division at the various regimental service buildings in the camp.

Ex-President Taft will come to Camp Gordon under the auspices of the Army Y. M. C. A., with which organization he is making an extensive tour of cantonments of the national army system. His dates at Camp Gordon are January 30-31.

The fact that Camp Gordon is to entertain so eminent a speaker should be of interest to every man in the Eighty-second division. Mr. Taft is not alone one of the two surviving ex-presidents and a man of national influence today, but he enjoys an immense popularity as a pleasing speaker and as a worker among the men in khaki.

It is stated that Mr. Taft will have no set program of speeches to follow in his most recent work. He will choose his topics at will, but it is considered most likely that he will devote most of his time to the explanation of how the United States was forced into war with Germany. His speeches will ring with a true patriotism.

Mr. Taft has already spoken on different occasions to the men at several of the northern and eastern camps, where he was received with great enthusiasm. It goes without saying that he will be accorded a warm reception by the soldiers at Camp Gordon. Thousands of civilians will also hear him.

The following is the schedule of ex-President Taft's appearances at the various national army cantonments:

January 24, Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass.
January 25, Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J.
January 26, Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va.
January 28 and 29, Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.
January 30 and 31, Camp Gordon, Atlanta.
February 1 and 2, Camp Pike, Little Rock, Ark.
February 3, 4 and 5, Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas.
February 6, 7 and 8, Camp Funston, Fort Riley, Kansas.
February 9 and 10, Camp Zachary Taylor, Louisville, Ky.
February 13 and 14, Camp Meade, Admiral, Md.
February 15 and 16, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio.
February 17 and 18, Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich.

While at Camp Gordon, as guest of the war work council, a delegation of Atlantans will visit him, and it is certain that one or more local functions will be arranged in his honor, at which he will address the civilians of the city.

LEAGUE OF ENTERTAINERS, CAMP GORDON



The above are professionals in various lines of theater, moving picture, vaudeville and circus entertainment. They are all soldiers now in the 82d division. They represent a number of nationalities, and come principally from New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

Nespor's Unselfish Devotion to a Cause Helping Atlanta Provide For the Soldiers

By James A. Hollomon.

Much has been said and written commendatory of the "Atlanta spirit" that has been such a factor in providing social and recreational resources for the soldiers at Gordon and McPherson, both inside the reservations and in the city. And justly so. Authorities who have made a study of environments around training camps cite Atlanta as a pleasing example of what the war department intended when it authorized the creation of the Fosdick commission on training camp activities in community organization. The work has been well done and it is only in its incipiency.

* * * *

As in every undertaking where constructive results are expected it necessarily takes a system, and this is the reason that in each city in America adjacent to a training camp a representative of this commission has been placed for the distinctive purpose of arousing and solidifying public sentiment to the necessity of a systematic development of these resources in a way to be of the greatest possible value both to officers and men. For Atlanta the commission chose Z. Nespor, superintendent of recreation for the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company, who was loaned to the service for the duration of the training camps. And in all frankness, in Nespor they picked a winner—particularly so as he has accomplished results in a quiet, unostentatious manner and has kept himself absolutely in the background. He has found the heartiest response from the good people of Atlanta in everything he has undertaken, for two reasons, first, their desire to be helpful in any way to these men in khaki, and second, because every suggestion of his has been unselfishly inspired by a genuine desire to help and benefit the soldier, and to surround him with the proper environment, rather than to promote his own popularity or to publicly pose as a hero.

* * * *

One of Mr. Nespor's first accomplishments was the organization of the Atlanta commission on training camp activities, to be affiliated with the war department commission, and no more active and earnestly enthusiastic organization could have been created. It went to work with a purpose, and its results began to show for themselves. And then he aided the Rotarians, who are always ready to help in any cause where service counts for good. And then the churches for "open house," and the clubs for Saturday evening entertainment. He conceived the idea of the Sunday afternoon and evening entertainment in the city auditorium, now proving so popular—and in various other ways aided in putting Atlanta at the head of the list in surrounding the men of the camps with those influences that tend to a proper recreation and a high morale.



Z. NESPOR.

* * * *

There are hundreds of Atlanta men and women unselfishly giving a great deal of their time to this cause and thousands of others helping in various ways, and Nespor is the man whose work is to co-ordinate these different agencies so that overlapping and lost motion shall be eliminated, and the commission he represents no doubt is much pleased with his success.

Z. Nespor is a Wisconsin man and has had twenty years' experience in all forms of recreation. He was a "Y" physical director for three years, subsequently becoming physical training director in the University of Wisconsin. He organized the public baths for the city of Madison. Before accepting the very responsible position he holds with the Tennessee corporation, from which he was loaned to the war department, he was athletic director for the Birmingham Athletic club, and he organized the recreation system for the city of Birmingham.

SOLDIERS GET DOWN TO BUSINESS TODAY

Last Holiday of the Holiday Season Passes for the Men at Camp Gordon.

Soldiers of the Eighty-second division spent New Year's day leisurely, having been excused from all military duties by an official order declaring the day a holiday.

Several thousand of the soldiers came to Atlanta during the day, and a large number of them were guests in homes in Atlanta and other nearby cities at New Year's dinners.

The military routine will again be assumed by the soldiers Wednesday morning, and the ceaseless task of preparing for the grim work "over there" will once more claim their attention. Officials are confident of the fact that the men will return to work with the same willing spirit that marked the reassuming of operations after the Christmas holiday.

Soldiers all over the reservation were speaking of the "extra" dinner that was served them Tuesday by the sergeants and cooks of the various messes of the division. Chicken was on the menus in a number of the mess halls.

Terrace Dinner-Dance.

The weekly dinner-dance at the Georgian Terrace hotel in honor of the officers at Camp Gordon will be an enjoyable event of tonight.

TWO NEW "Y" WORKERS REPORT AT THE CAMP

Religious and Athletic Secretaries to Be Assigned to Duty at Once.

Two new members of the Army Y. M. C. A. staff at Camp Gordon made their first appearance at the camp yesterday and reported for immediate duty to authorities of the organization. They are E. E. George, of Nashville, Tenn., and H. R. Paskett, of Terrytown, N. Y.

Mr. George has been for some time doing field work with the Y. M. C. A., having been in charge of the campaign of that institution in west Tennessee. He is also well known in evangelistic circles, having been connected with the Monteagle Sunday School association, of Monteagle, Tenn. He will be assigned to duties as religious director in one of the buildings.

Mr. Paskett is also well known in athletic circles in his home state, and is recommended as an athlete of merit. He will assume duties as athletic secretary in one of the service units.

Secretary Souby Returns.

A. M. Souby, popular social secretary of the Camp Gordon Y. M. C. A., who has been away from the camp for the past week on a visit to friends and relatives at Winchester, Tenn., returned Monday night and was yesterday at his regular work.

Mr. Souby states that he has had a fine trip and is glad to be back at his post of duty. He was on Tuesday receiving a welcome back to the camp from his many friends, both in the division and the civilian organizations.

Extensive Athletic Program Staged With Great Success at Camp Gordon

New Year's Day Celebrated by Soldiers With Three Full Programs of Boxing and Wrestling—"The Vision" Makes Hit at Camp Theater.

With the most elaborate and extensive program of athletic events that has ever been staged on the reservation, Camp Gordon spent New Year's day in howling glee by the side of the track and the ring, witnessing some of the greatest "sprints" and "scraps" ever furnished for soldier entertainment there.

In spite of the fact that the weather continued cold in the early morning of the holiday, the track contestants of three organizations scheduled to stage a triangular field meet were undaunted, and Manager Bob C. Cubbon, in charge of the meets, decided to let events take their course.

Accordingly, the 307th Engineers, the 307th Truck and Supply train and the Remount Station staged a three-sided meet at 9 o'clock on the athletic field of the camp. Some of the liveliest competition ever seen on the reservation ensued in the contests that followed, but the outcome of the affair was that the engineers won the meet handily with a total of points to the number of 45, against 17 for the supply train and 2 for the remount men.

The engineers were in charge of Major Eugene, well-known athletic officer of that organization, and were coached by First Lieutenant C. B. Shaffer and Second Lieutenant Harry Newton, both of whom are prominent in camp athletics.

Tug-of-War Contest.

The most interesting event of the meet was the tug-of-war with teams of 25 men. The engineers won two pulls from the remount station and tied up on the third with the supply train. It was decided to pull off the tie at some time in the near future.

The following is the schedule of events decided in the meet, with the winners of the various contests:

Relay Race—Patterson, Walling, Noble, Stronson, of the Engineers, first place; Fallow, Davis, Bennett, Gladstone, of the Supply train, second. Approximate distance, 220 yards each man.

Fifty-yard Dash—Clarke, of the Engineers, first; Gladstone, Supply train, second; Gilbert, Engineers, third.

One Hundred-yard Dash—Clarke, Engineers, first; Kirkland, Engineers, second; Gladstone, Supply train, third; Hoinkus, Engineers, fourth.

Running Broad Jump—Burton, Engineers, first; Gilbert, Engineers, second; Bruck, Engineers, third, Hoinkus, Engineers, fourth.

Manual of Arms Contest—Chickering, Supply train, first; Stough, Engineers, second; Blumenkranz, Engineers, third; Scharf, Engineers, fourth.

Referee, Cubbon; head judge, Captain W. S. Pottinger; judges, Lieutenants H. C. Taylor, Fred Moore, M. E. Boyle, Harry Newton, P. F. Witherington, C. B. Shaffer; measurer, Sergeant C. W. Robinson; starter, Haddleton.

The trophy awarded the Engineer regiment was a handsome silk banner given by the Spalding company, of Atlanta.

325th Athletic Council.

The 325th infantry regiment also staged its initial athletic carnival on the open air arena of the organization at 9 o'clock in the morning, with a large crowd of soldiers in attendance. The regimental band was on hand with music, and the men were shown an exciting program of events.

The events of the program were staged as follows:

Linkins, Headquarters company, and Berkyenski, Company H, lightweights, wrestled to a draw.

Sergeant Amunson and Private Dursch gave a fine demonstration of the holds and breaks in wrestling.

McGee, Company M, won the decision over Kathro, of the same company.

Fuldner, Company M, outpointed Collins, Company H.

Earl, Company B, was forced to retire in favor of Parsons, of the band.

Kern, Company B, and Collins, Company H, fought to a tie.

McIldowney, Company H, won from Martin, Machine Gun company, in a snappy fight.

All the events of this program were refereed by C. A. Boyer, of the Fosdick commission, and Valker, Y. M. C. A., assisted.

Afternoon Program Fast One.

Probably the largest crowd of the day attended the attraction of the afternoon which was staged at the auditorium. The 325th Infantry band was again on hand and made the intermission interesting to the soldiers.

The following is the outcome of the several events of the afternon program:

Linkins, Headquarters company 325th, won the first fall from Gallagher, Headquarters company 326th, in three minutes and 50 seconds, and was thrown by Gallagher for the next fall in 4 minutes and 33 seconds.

Victor, Company A, 325th, and Christy, Company G, 325th, staged a fight that was called in the second round in favor of Victor.

Hughes, Company M, 325th, outpointed Ryan, Company K, 325th, in three out of four rounds.

O'Rouroh medical department 328th, infantry, and Gavio, of the same organization, wrestled 15 minutes to a draw.

Fryer, Company A, 325th infantry, won from Segal, Headquarters company, 327th, in four rounds.

First Attraction at Theater.

The other feature attraction of the New Year's program at the camp was the appearance twice during the day of "The Vision," a fantastic pageant written by a Decatur lady, at the theater of the camp. Large and enthusiastic audiences of soldiers attended both performances of the pageant and were much impressed with the music and acting of the participants.

Watch Party at "Remount."

The boys at the remount station had the "time of their lives" at a watch party-ball Monday night. Several of the fair sex were out to join in the affair. One entire barracks was "cleaned out" of all cots, clothes, etc., to make room for the dance and plenty of sandwiches, cakes, cigars, etc., were supplied to make the event worth "setting up" three hours later than usual.

The fiber of a species of hemp native to the Azores has been found useful in paper manufacture.

UNIFORMS PURCHASED IN MANY DIXIE CITIES

Commandeering in Atlanta Monday Part of Program Throughout South.

The most recent development in the purchase of military clothing and uniforms in several Atlanta stores made by the depot quartermaster's force on Monday is that the move was a part of a general and extensive purchase of similar articles in cities all over the southeast where military camps are located.

The sudden purchase of military uniforms was the result of a shortage of these garments in a number of cantonments in the southeastern department, according to an official of the Atlanta depot quartermaster's department, which led to the issuing of orders by the war department to the depot quartermaster for the southern department to the effect that as full a supply of uniforms as available be immediately procured.

The war department order further added that in cases where high or exhorbitant prices were charged for the garments, they were to be taken by the depot quartermaster with the stipulation that the war department would settle the matter of charge with the merchant.

In accordance with the order quartermasters in Atlanta, Macon, Augusta, Spartanburg and other cities where cantonments and camps are located began the search. The extensive purchase resulted in the collection of a large assortment of military supplies in the way of clothing, which is to be distributed among the camps according to existing needs.

As to the question of sending the uniforms to Camp Gordon for use by the members of the Eighty-second division, the official stated that the garments will not go to the Atlanta camp, but will be used exclusively in other southeastern cantonments.

THE WEEK OF HOLIDAYS AT THE HOSTESS HOUSE

The holiday week at the Hostess house has been full of good cheer. The house is beautifully decorated with pine and holly. A large Christmas tree is placed in the center of the cafeteria. The decorations were placed there by "the boys" themselves. On Christmas day a short service was held in the lounge, many boys joining in the singing of Christmas anthems. The holiday spirit prevails throughout the house and each day guests are favored by volunteers giving musical selections. Among the camp talent is to be found some wonderful artists.

Many northern families are here to see their "boys." Many have come a long way and the Hostess house is a great blessing to them.

The Atlanta women sent out boxes of goodies and useful gifts which were given to boys needing them most.

In the cafeteria it is easy to find many groups having luncheons or little dinner parties, ofttimes with their young lady friends from many miles away.

The Great Sugar Saver
Grape-Nuts

Over 10% by weight of this famous food with the barley flavor is pure, sweet, easily digested sugar. *Not* sugar "put there" in the making, but a pure grain sugar developed from cereals in the process by which Grape-Nuts is made.

Use it as *your* cereal—Without sugar. Sprinkle it over other cereals instead of sugar. At Grocers Everywhere



Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hail to Young 1918

May it bring peace, joy and prosperity to you and all mankind.

For Good Clothes
and nothing else

IT'S a good rule to start the new year with, and it's a good rule to go by all the time—for you as well as for us.

"The best is the cheapest" in clothes is truer now than ever before; and the best clothes are made by Hart Schaffner & Marx.

Buy them for real economy; for style; comfort; all-wool; fit, and the guarantee.

Suits and Overcoats $20, $25 to $40

Everything else good for men to wear

Daniel Bros. Co. 45 to 49 Peachtree
Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Circulation of The Atlanta Constitution on January 1, 1918

49,677

95% in Georgia

Here Is the Sworn Circulation for the Months of October, November and December, 1917

Detailed Statement Circulation of Atlanta Constitution for October, 1917.

GROSS DISTRIBUTION BY DAYS

	Daily.	Sunday.
1st	44,963	
2nd	44,904	
3rd	44,750	
4th	44,899	
5th	44,858	
6th	45,048	
7th		52,660
8th	45,876	
9th	45,032	
10th	45,254	
11th	45,098	
12th	45,099	
13th	45,272	
14th		52,232
15th	45,426	
16th	44,904	
17th	44,803	
18th	44,975	
19th	44,871	
20th	44,756	
21st		51,879
22nd	45,774	
23rd	44,835	
24th	45,085	
25th	44,813	
26th	44,994	
27th	45,442	
28th		52,566
29th	45,604	
30th	45,199	
31st	45,462	
Average Gross Distribution	45,112	52,334
Less Frees, Sample and Service Copies	1,405	1,646
Average Net Paid for October, 1917	43,707	50,688

Detailed Statement Circulation of Atlanta Constitution for November, 1917.

GROSS DISTRIBUTION BY DAYS

	Daily.	Sunday.
1st	47,061	
2nd	47,247	
3rd	47,327	
4th		53,911
5th	47,140	
6th	49,043	
7th	48,224	
8th	48,552	
9th	48,806	
10th	48,842	
11th		54,787
12th	48,989	
13th	49,016	
14th	49,065	
15th	49,542	
16th	49,501	
17th	49,560	
18th		55,811
19th	49,667	
20th	48,749	
21st	49,155	
22nd	49,235	
23rd	49,499	
24th	50,165	
25th		55,281
26th	49,969	
27th	49,806	
28th	50,063	
29th	50,002	
30th	50,774	
Average Gross Distribution	49,038	54,947
Less Frees, Sample and Service Copies	1,403	1,621
Average Net Paid for November, 1917	47,635	53,326

Detailed Statement Circulation of Atlanta Constitution for December, 1917.

GROSS DISTRIBUTION BY DAYS

	Daily.	Sunday.
1st	50,381	
2nd		56,380
3rd	51,114	
4th	50,525	
5th	50,504	
6th	50,823	
7th	50,795	
8th	50,632	
9th		55,807
10th	50,599	
11th	50,660	
12th	50,724	
13th	50,443	
14th	50,738	
15th	51,257	
16th		56,455
17th	51,597	
18th	51,284	
19th	51,532	
20th	51,567	
21st	52,802	
22nd	51,618	
23rd		57,086
24th	52,470	
25th	51,901	
26th	51,799	
27th	51,587	
28th	51,521	
29th	51,889	
30th		56,478
31st	52,188	
Average Gross Distribution	51,267	56,401
Less Frees, Sample and Service Copies	1,385	1,697
Average Net Paid for December, 1917	49,882	54,704

The Constitution Is the Best and Cheapest Advertising Medium in Georgia

Phone Main 5000 and a Representative Will Call

Contract Rate On Request



I certify the above circulation statements are correct.

Jno. J. Toler

Circulation Manager Daily and Sunday Atlanta Constitution

Sworn and subscribed before me January 1, 1918.

H. F. Russelle

Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.
My Commission Expires Sept. 8, 1918

MARKETS

Local Stocks and Bonds

STOCKS.	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	285	295
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp.	73	74
Atlantic Ice and Coal Corp., pfd.	87	90
A. & W. P. Ry.	155	160
Atlantic Steel	150	...
do. pfd.	95	97
Central Bank and Trust Corp.	149	153
Augusta and Savannah Ry.	102	104
Fulton National Bank	112½	115
Fourth National Bank	295	310
Exposition Cotton Mills	175	186
Gate City Cotton Mills	220	...
Ga. Ry. and Electric, 6 per cent.	85	87
Ga. Ry. and Elec. stamped	125	125
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 1st pfd.	92	96½
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., 2d pfd.	21	23
Ga. Ry. and Power Co., common	12	13
Ga. Ry. and Banking Co.	265	270
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	58	60
Empire Cotton Oil Co., pfd.	96	98
Southern Ice Co.	10	15
Southern Ice Co., pfd.	45	53
Southeastern Railroad	104	107
Trust Co. of Ga.	295	309
Third National Bank	215	217½
Lowry National Bank	226½	227

ATLANTA GROCERIES.

(By Cone M. Maddox Company.)
United States Food Administration License No. G 06513.

Baking Powders—Success, 48 5c packages	$ 1.80
Beans—Limas, recleaned	.15
Bran—Pillsbury's Health Bran, 1 doz. packages	1.35
Brooms—4-string 23, per dozen	4.00
Catsup—Bull head, 2 dozen 8-oz. bottles	2.70
Cheese	.28
Cocoanut—Shredder, bluk, barrels	.25
Coffee—Arbuckle's, 100-lb. cases	18.25
Coffee, Rio Roasted, 100-lb. sacks	11.75
Coffee—Arbuckle's Breakfast, 60-lb. cans	.24½
Corn—Canned, 2 dozen No. 2s	2.25
Corn Flakes—Post Toasties, 36 pkgs.	3.30
Corn Flakes—Kellogg's 36 pkgs.	3.40
Corn Flakes—Krinkles, 36 pkgs.	2.85
Corn, Okra and Tomatoes—2 dozen, No. 2, canned	3.25
Crackers—Sodas in boxes, bulk	.14
Flour—Pillsbury's Best, sacks	11.75
Flour—Pillsbury's Graham, 12-lb. sacks	11.25
Flour—Pillsbury's Whole Wheat, 12-pound sacks	11.50
Flour—Pillsbury's Pure Dark Rye, 24 pounds	3.50
Flour—Columbia Fancy Patent, sacks	11.75
Flour—Sweet Marie Self-Rising, sacks	11.75
Flour—Quick Riser, Self-Rising, sacks	11.00
Grits—24 pkgs. Purity Quaker	2.85
Grits—96-lb. sacks, medium	5.00
Grape Nuts—No. 2s, 2 doz. 1bo pkgs.	2.85
Jelly—Glucose Apple, in 26-lb. pails.	2.25
Lard—Compound	.28½
Lard—Snowdrift, cases	13.25
Macaroni—Pkgs., 5c, 10c	2.30
Macaroni—Broken in bbls.	.09
Mackerel—100 count, 5-6 oz. Fat Shore	8.00
Meal—Columbus Water Ground, 2-bushel sacks	3.80
Milk—Dime Brand Condensed, 48 cn.	6.35
Milk—Eagle Brand, Condensed, 48 cn.	8.70
Milk—Winner Brand, Con., 48 cans	8.25
Milk—Evap., baby size, 96 cans	6.25
Milk—48 tails, evaporated	6.25
Mince Meat—Atmore's Keystone, 40-pound pails	.15
Mincemeat—Goodwin's Best, 70-lb. Kamnikans	.12½
Molasses—Black Strap, bbls.	.42
Mustard—2 doz. 10c	1.80
Oatmeal—18 round packages	1.80
Oil—Cooking, in barrels, refined	1.60
Oil—Wesson, 8-1 gallons	15.25
Oil—Wesson, 2-5 gallons	13.00
Oil—Wessons, 2 doz. small cans	7.40
Okra—2 doz. No. 2s, Dunbar's end.	2.00
Peaches—Choice Evap. 50-lb. bxs	.13
Pepper—Durkee's, 5c and 10c pkgs.	1.90
Pepper—Ground, black, 15-lb. pails.	.35
Pepper—Cayenne, 10-lb. boxes, bulk	24
Prune—40-50 25-lb. boxes	.12½
Prunes—60-70 25-lb. boxes	.11½
Pickles—800 sours, 45 gals.	17.50
Pickles—800 dills, 45 gallons	17.50
Raisins—45 12-oz. pkgs., White Ribbon	4.25
Raisins—Loose Muscats, 50-lb. boxes	.10
Raisins—Seeded, 25-lb. boxes, bulk	.09
Raisins—Thompson's Bleached, 50-lb. boxes	.14
Rice—Head, 100-lb. sacks, Blue Rose	8.75
Salad Dressing—Durkees' Picnic size	2.20
Salad Dressing—Durkee's, medium size	5.40
Salt—Ozone, 25 2-lb. packages	.90
Soap—Fairy, 100 bars	5.75
Soap—Ivory, 100 bars	6.65
Soap—Clean Easy, 60 bars	2.60
Soap—U. S. Mail, 120 8-oz. bars	4.35
Soap—Fairbank's Tar, 100 bars	5.00
Soup—Campbell's Condensed, 48 cs.	4.65
Spaghetti—5c and 10c pkgs., per case	2.20
Starch—Bulk, 50-lb. boxes laundry	.07
Sugar—Granulated, sacks or barrels	Nominal
Syrup—Eagle, in barrels, 60 gals.	.65
Syrup—Alaga, 48 1½-lb. cans	5.75
Syrup—Sunnygold, 48 ½-lb. cans	5.50
Syrup—Alaga, 6-10c, $4.75; 12-5s, $5.00; 2½s	5.25
Tomatoes—Canned, 2 doz. No. 2s	3.00
Vitos—Pillsbury's Vitos in pkgs.	2.20
Vinegar—Colored distilled, barrels	.16
Vinegar—Apple and Distilled, bbls.	.22
White Fish—New catch, 60-lb. kegs	6.25

All prices F. O. B. Atlanta, Ga.

THE ATLANTA PRODUCE MARKET.

Fruits.

Grapefruit	$3.50
Grapes, crate $2.25, keg	$5.50
Lemons	$5.00@6.50
Apples, per barrel	$5.00@7.00
Apples, per box	$1.50@2.75
Oranges, per box	$2.75@4.00
Bananas	3½@3¾
Raisins	$2.25
Cabbage, per pound	3c
Celery, washed, per dozen	$1.25
Lettuce, dozen	$1.00@1.25
Onions, yellow	$3.50
Onions, white	$4.00
Irish potatoes, pound	2½@3c
Sweet potatoes	$1.25@1.40
Turnips	1½c

Poultry and Eggs.

Eggs	45@54c
Hens	26@28c
Friers	25@30c
Turkeys, live	25@30c
Friers, live	25@30c

Vegetables.

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(Corrected by W. H. White, Jr., President of the White Provision Company.)

Good to choice beef steers, 850 to 1,000, $8.50 to $9.00.

Good steers, 750 to 850, $8.25 to $8.75.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $7.75 to $8.25.

Good to choice heifers, 550 to 650, $8.50 to $8.00.

Medium to good cows, 650 to 750, $6.75 to $7.35.

Good to hcoice heifers, 550 to 650, $6.50 to $7.00.

The above represents ruling prices for good quality cattle. Inferior grades and dairy types selling lower.

Medium to good steers, 650 to 750, $7.25 to $7.75.

Medium to good cows, 600 to 700, $6.00 to $6.75.

Mixed common, $5.00 to $6.00.

Good fat oxen, $7.50 to $8.00.

Medium to good oxen, $6.50 to $7.25.

Good butcher bulls, $6.00 to $7.00.

Choice veal calves, $7.00 to $8.00.

Yearlings, $6.00 to $6.50.

Prime hogs, 165 to 225, $14.25 to $14.75.

Light hogs, 130 to 165, $13.25 to $14.00.

Heavy pigs, 100 to 130, $12.50 to $13.00.

Light pigs, 80 to 100, $11.00 to $12.00.

Stags and roughs, $10.00 to $11.00.

Above quotations apply to good quality mixed-fed hogs.

FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

(United States Food Administration License, No. G-06431.)

Flour, Sacked, Per Bbl.—Victory (our finest patent), $12.95; Ocean Spray (good patent), $11.70. (All 24-lb. bags 10c per barrel higher.)

Plain Meal, Per Bu.—Meal, plain, 96-lb. sacks, $1.87; meal, plain, 48-lb. sacks, $1.89.

Grain, Sacked, Per Bu.—Corn, No. 2 white, $1.90; oats, fancy white clipped, $1.03; oats, No. 2 white, $1.02; oats, heavy red oats, $1.02; oats, mixed, 99c.

Seeds, Sacked, Per Bu.—Bancroft seed oats, $1.75; Texas rust-proof oats, $1.45; Oklahoma rust-proof oats, $1.25.

Hay, Etc.—Timothy, No. 1 large bales, $2.05; timothy, No. 1 medium bales, $2.10; alfalfa hay, standard, $2.20; peanut hay, $1.50; straw, $1.00; C. S. meal, Prime, No. 7, $52.00; C. S. meal, Buco Feed, $40.00; C. S. meal, Cremo Feed, $40.00; C. S. hulls, old style, $27.00; C. S. hulls, lintless, $19.00.

Chicken Feed, Per Cwt.—Red Feather scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.75; Purina pigeon feed, 100-lb. sacks, $5.25; Purina scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.75; special scratch, 100-lb. sacks, $4.15; Aunt Patsy mash, 100-lb. sacks, $3.60; meat scraps, per 100-lb. sacks, $5.75; meat scraps, per 50-lb. sacks, $3.25; oyster shell, per 100-lb. sacks, $1.00.

Peter's Proven Products, Etc., Cwt.—Arab horse feed, $3.75; Re-Peter special horse feed, $3.45; King Corn horse feed, $3.30; A. B. C. horse and mule feed, $2.70; Sucrene dairy feed, $2.75; Alfal-Fat dairy feed, $2.75; Rich Cream dairy feed, $2.25; Jersey Cream dairy feed, $2.15; beet pulp, 100-lb. sacks, $2.90; No. 1 alfalfa meal, $2.60; Blatchford's calf meal, $6.00.

Shorts, Bran, Mill Feed, Cwt.—Fancy mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.65; fancy mill feed, 100-lb. sacks, $3.50; International hod feed, 100-lb. sacks, $3.50; International hog feed, sacks, $3.05; Georgia feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.05; X. X. X. mill feed, 75-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, best, 100-lb. sacks, $3.00; brown shorts, half, 100-lb. sacks, $2.90; Big Mack hog feed, 75-lb. sacks, $2.75; peanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.65; cocoanut meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.60, velvet bean meal, 100-lb. sacks, $2.40; bran, pure wheat, 75-lb. sacks, $2.50; bran, pure wheat, 100-lb. sacks, $2.45; bran, rice brand, 125-lb. sacks, $2.50.

Salt—Salt brick (med.), per case, $7.50; salt brick (plain), per case, $4.50; salt, White Rock, per cwt., $1.50; salt blocks, 50-lb. blocks, 60c.

These prices are f. o. b. Atlanta, Ga., and subject to market changes.

Live Stock.

St. Louis, January 1.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; higher; light, $16.55@16.75; pigs, $13.75@15.25; mixed and butchers, $16.65@16.95; good heavy, $16.85@16.95; bulk, $16.60@16.90.

Cattle—Receipts, 3,500; higher; native beef steers, $8.00@14.25; yearling steers and heifers, $7.00@15.50; cows, $5.00@10.50; stockers and feeders, $6.50@11.00; Texas quarantine steers, $6.75@10.80; fair to prime southern beef steers, $9.00@12.75; beef cows and heifers, $6.00@10.00; prime yearling steers and heifers, $7.50@10.00; native calves, $5.75@16.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; steady; lambs, $14.00@17.00; ewes, $10.00@11.50; wethers, $11.00@12.50; canners and choppers, $6.00@9.00.

Kansas City, Mo., January 1.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,000; strong; bulk, $16.60@16.80; heavy, $16.85@16.95; packers and butchers, $16.75@16.90; light, $16.60@16.75; pigs, $13.50@15.50.

Cattle—Receipts, 6,000; strong; prime fed steers, $13.00@14.25; dressed beef steers, $11.00@12.40; southern steers, $7.00@9.00; cows, $6.75@10.50; heifers, $6.50@11.50; stockers and feeders, $7.25@11.50; bulls, $7.00@10.00; calves, $7.00@13.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; strong; lambs, $15.50@16.50; yearlings, $12.50@14.10; wethers, $11.50@12.75; ewes, $9.50@12.00.

Income Tax Primer

For the Individual Taxpayer

The Internal Revenue Bureau has just prepared a list of more than

100 Questions and Answers on the Income Tax Law

In this official educational treatise the law is fully covered and its technical phases clarified.

For the convenience of individuals subject to tax, we have printed this information in pamphlet form. A copy will be furnished upon request for tax literature AC-150.

The National City Company

National City Bank Bldg., N. Y.

ATLANTA OFFICE
Trust Co. of Georgia Bldg.

Bonds Short-Term Notes Acceptances

HARRISON & CO.
Lafayette Building, Fifth and Chestnut Sts.
Philadelphia

We beg to announce that the name of the firm of

CHAS. C. HARRISON, JR. & CO.

has this day been changed to

HARRISON & CO.

Members Philadelphia and New York Stock Exchanges.

CHAS. C. HARRISON, JR.
HARRY W. HARRISON
THOMAS D. SMITH

December 31, 1917.

By purchasing the preferred securities of established industrial corporations, earning their dividend requirements several times over, your funds will earn you 7%.

Dividends Paid Quarterly.

FRED B. WILSON
Investment Securities.
Candler Bldg. Ivy 2337.

GEORGIANS ARE WARNED AGAINST HOARDING FOOD

Dr. A. M. Soule Urges Moderate Buying of All Household Supplies.

Dr. A. M. Soule, federal food administrator, issued another statement Tuesday again warning the public against hoarding food commodities. Dr. Soule urges moderate buying of household supplies, both because there appears now little need to fear a further pressing shortage, and also to prevent any shortage. Dr. Soule declares that if a policy of moderate buying is pursued there will be no further dire shortage.

Sugar is becoming more plentiful, and because it may be had in larger quantities should not tempt the householder to lay in more than he needs, says Dr. Soule.

He also points out that salt is now moving more freely, and in this connection he urges dealers to make up their orders for carloads as full as the car will stand. By this means a quicker transportation may be secured, and the killing of Georgia hogs will be facilitated.

After having cut off the source of sugar supply of a dealer in Banks county, the administration announced Tuesday that the restriction had been lifted for this dealer upon promise that he will in futire observe the rules of the food administration.

Capt. Wm. R. Townsend, Loved Citizen of Glynn, Was Buried Yesterday

Brunswick, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Captain William R. Townsend, one of Glynn county's best known and most popular citizens, passed away at the city hospital last night, after an illness of about two weeks from diabetes.

A few weeks ago Captain Townsend complained of trouble with his feet, and when physicians were consulted, it developed that he was suffering from a severe case of diabetes, from which gangrene developed. Physicians announced several days ago that there was no hope for his recovery.

Captain Townsend had been a resident of Glynn county practically all of his life and was prominently identified with all progressive movements here. For years he had been a member of the Glynn county commissioners of roads and revenues, and was a strong advocate of better roads. He was one of the largest property owners in the county and one of the largest and most successful farmers in south Georgia.

The deceased is survived by one son, A. O. Townsend, deputy clerk of Glynn superior court; two sisters, Mrs. Carl Fulton, of Orlando, Fla., and Mrs. A. J. Middleton, of McIntosh county, together with a number of other relatives.

The funeral was held this afternoon, a large concourse of friends turning out to pay a last tribute to this prominent citizen.

TWO BLOCKS WASTED IN HEART OF NORFOLK

Continued From First Page.

this time in the Monticello, Mayor Mayo put the naval authorities in charge. They placed patrols throughout the business district, threw a cordon of marines and bluejackets around the fire district and began picking up persons unable to account for themselves.

Department of justice agents joined with the city detective force in seeking to unravel the mystery of the explosions. Three of the men arrested were placed in the city jail, and federal agents took charge of the other two, Schmidt and Lessing. The latter, officers said, first represented himself as a department of justice official.

Fire tugs from the navy yard early in the day took up positions on the waterfront, three blocks away, and assisted the fire engines and pumped tons of water into the burning buildings, but the block on Granby street, from City Hall avenue to Tazewell street, virtually was destroyed, only two buildings—the Dixon and Commercial structures, both new—escaping destruction. They were badly damaged.

Fire Breaks Out Afresh.

Just at dusk the fire in the Monticello broke out afresh and, despite the heroic work of the firemen and sailors, the Lenox, Carpenter and Tazewell buildings, six-story structures across the street, were wrecked. For a time the naval Y. M. C. A. was threatened, but the wide lane separating it from the burning buildings enabled the firemen to save it and other large buildings nearby.

Although the fire still was burning in the ruins late tonight, the fire chief announced that the danger was over if the naval patrols could "check the work of incendiaries."

The fire-swept district is but three blocks from the Elizabeth river waterfront on the north, and five on the west. It is more than a mile from the Norfolk navy yard, which is located up the Elizabeth river, in the western section of Portsmouth. The nearby waterfront is used by bay and river steamers and trucking vessels.

All of the upper part of the Monticello hotel was swept away, including the magnificent dining room on the fifth floor, and the lower floors were badly damaged by water. More than 350 guests, who were in the hotel at the time, were forced to flee, but all got out of the hotel without injury.

Result of Another Fire.

The fire was discovered this morning about 7 o'clock in the roof of the kitchen on the sixth floor. The alarm was sent in and all of the apparatus in the city responded. In the intense cold the firemen found all of the hydrants frozen, and it was necessary to build fires about these plugs to thaw them out. After the hydrants were opened the water pressure was weak and the flames gained headway before a stream could reach the top floor.

The hotel fire was the result, it is believed, of another fire that started at 4 o'clock and destroyed three stores on Granby street about a half block from the Monticello. It is thought that a spark blew from the first fire to the roof of the hotel over the kitchen, where the blaze was first seen. The flames soon reached the elevator shaft and with the draft from that opening was quickly swept to other parts of the hotel.

Many of the guests of the hotel had just fallen to sleep after watching the fire a few hundred yards away, when they were aroused by the alarm that the building was on fire.

The Monticello hotel was one of the best known hotels in the entire south. It has entertained some of the most prominent people in the country. It was built in 1898 for the Monticello Realty corporation and is valued at more than $1,000,000. For eight or nine years it has been operated by a company headed by Colonel C. H. Consolvo, who is also manager of the New Belvedere in Baltimore. The Monticello hotel has 215 rooms.

Far-Sighted Officials Insure Sandersville Ample Supply of Coal

Sandersville, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Sandersville has been well supplied with coal. This was made possible by efforts of Mayor W. M. Goodwin and Jamse E. Johnson, of the city water and light commission. They took the responsibility on their shoulders and ordered one of the local dealers to order four carloads of run of the mine domestic coal, permitting the dealer to screen the coal for the domestic users and gave the city water and light plant the fine coal. Their plan made possible to the consumers a steady supply of good lump coal and at the same time enabled the lighting plant to continue to operate day and night.

AUTO ASSOCIATION WILL NAME OFFICERS JAN. 23

The annual meeting of the Georgia State Automobile association to elect officers for the ensuing year will be held Wednesday night, January 23, at the Hotel Ansley. Today invitations will be sent out to every one of the 2,500 members of the association. W. Tom Winn is president of the association, and present indications point to his re-election.

AMERICUS BAR GLADLY TAKES NEW-YEAR REST

Americus, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Sumter county registrants who sought legal assistance in preparing their questionnaires today, met a disappointment. The legal advisory board took a holiday in honor of the New Year. James A. Hixon, chairman of the board, advised registrants to return tomorrow when the sessions would be resumed. There are several hundred who have not yet returned their questionnaires, but it is hoped to complete this work within a fortnight. The practice of assisting registrants in law offices has been discontinued.

STATE TRAVELERS WILL PUSH THRIFT CAMPAIGN

Circular Letter Is Now Being Sent Out to 20,000 Georgia Salesmen.

A circular letter is being mailed out to the twenty thousand or more hustling Georgia traveling salesmen, urgently calling upon them to help win the war by becoming members of a new organization, the Georgia Traveling Men's Association for National Service, the object of which is to promote the sale of war thrift stamps and savings certificates.

The letter, which is being mailed to every Georgia salesman, is as follows:

The Georgia Traveling Men's Association for National Service has been organized at the call of the government, voiced through Director Hugh Richardson, of Atlanta.

The first thing at hand is to have your name enrolled as a member, stating your home address. This is required that you may be posted in detail regarding the work you are called upon to do. There are to be no dues or fees, and whether or not you make sales is left to each individual salesman. But you are expected to get very busy in promoting the sale of the government war thrift stamps ando war savings certificates. How you are to proceed is not necessary to state. You know just what it takes to put things "over the top."

Georgia must, can and will lead in disposing of her allotment of $57,000,000 in these war thrift stamps and war saving certificates.

Send at once your name and home address for enrollment as a member of the Georgia Traveling Men's Association for National Service.

Address either Hugh Richardson, state director for Georgia, 66½ Forsyth street, or James H. Andrews, secretary, Austell building, Atlanta.

(Signed) W. T. DuBose, chairman; J. H. Andrews, secretary; E. M. Hudson, R. K. Rambo, Lynn Fort, Jesse Bates, George A. Gershon, W. C. Holleyman, Atlanta; K. P. Allen, J. H. Timberlake, C. Larison, Macon; Edward Epstein, Maurice Meyer, Albert Ehrloch, Savannah; M. S. Pollard, T. B. Sherman, J. H. Morris, Augusta; W. D. Beauchamp, Ernest Mitchell, R. L. Calloway, Athens; Max Bernner, J. M. Giddens, J. L. Duncan, Columbus; H. A. Dean, W. B. Chidsey, Rome; Cleve Cox, Albany; Frank Lanier, Americus; A. N. Snelling, Waycross; H. J. Hosch, Gainesville; J. M. Bateman, Valdosta, general committee.

Names Public Utility Chairmen for Thrift Stamp Sales in Georgia

Columbus, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) The municipal public utilities of Georgia have been divided into nine districts for the promotion of thrift stamp sales, each district having a sub-chairman who will appoint a district committee. The appointment of the subchairmen was made today by State Chairman John S. Bleecker, of Columbus, and are as follows: Rome, H. J. Arnold; Atlanta, P. S. Arkwright; Athens, C. D. Flanigan; Macon, L. A. McGraw; Savannah, H. C. Foss; Augusta, R. W. Spofford; Cordele, C. I. Day; Waycross, P. R. Bomelsler; Valdosta, W. G. Eager.

FINE CONCERT GIVEN BY NOTED VIOLINIST

Under the auspices of the Georgia Libby circle of the King's Daughters, Jules Falks, noted Belgian violinist, Tuesday evening held a successful recital at the Wesley Memorial church. The performance was Mr. Falks' second one in Atlanta, having appeared Monday evening at the church with his assisting artists, Gertrude Arnold, contralto, and Melvina Ehrlich, pianist.

A large attendance greeted the artists and enjoyed the evening's program. Mr. Falks' numbers for the evening were:

Sarghetto	Nardini
Scherzo	Dittersdorf
"Lillienne et Ribandon"	Francoeur
"The Hunt"	Cartier
"On Wings of Songs"	Mendelssohn-Lizt
Valse G Flat	Chopin
"Liebesfraud"	Kreisler
"Meditation"	Glazonnoro
"Caprice Espagnol"	Kebben
"Bird as Prophet"	Schumann-Auer
"Mots Perpetuo"	Pipper
"Star Spangled Banner."	

Among the selections of Miss Arnold were "Believe Me If All Those Endearing Young Charms" and "Mighty Lak a Rose."

HALL SUPERIOR COURT POSTPONED UNTIL APRIL

Gainesville, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Gainesville Bar association it was decided by unanimous vote to continue the January term of the superior court of Hall county until the fourth Monday in April. This was done to allow the members of the bar to continue their work in assisting registrants in answering questionnaires. The entire membership of the bar is engaged in this work and have affirmed their intention of rendering every assistance possible.

Following a report of these resolutions, Judge J. B. Jones passed an order adjourning court until the fourth Monday in April.

MINISTERS TO LUNCH AT Y. W. C. A. TODAY

The luncheon at the Young Woman's Christian association today at 1:30 o'clock will assemble the ministers of Atlanta, the board of directors of the Y. W. C. A. and the War Work Council. The purpose of the luncheon is to give Atlanta's ministers as a body an opportunity to see the new quarters of the association in the Arcade building, and there the ministers and officials of the Y. W. C. A. will see how they can best co-operate in serving the young womanhood of Atlanta.

COAL FAMINE SUSPENDS THIRD DISTRICT AGGIE

Americus, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) J. M. Collum, president of the Third District A. and M. school, will suspend

URIC ACID SOLVENT

75 Cent Bottle FREE

Just because you start the day worried and tired, stiff legs and arms and muscles, an aching head, burning and bearing down pains in the back—worn out before the day begins—do not think you have to stay in that condition. Start the day RIGHT.

Get well! Be strong, healthy, feel fine, free from pains, stiff joints, sore muscles, rheumatic suffering, aching back or kidney trouble. Start NOW.

If you suffer from bladder weakness, with burning, scalding pains, or if you are in and out of bed half a dozen times a night, you will appreciate the rest, comfort and strength this treatment gives.

We will give you one 75-cent bottle free and free book about Uric Acid and how to treat it, to convince you The Williams Treatment conquers Kidney and Bladder diseases, Rheumatism and all other ailments, no matter how chronic or stubborn, when caused by excessive Uric Acid.

Send this notice with your name and address, and 12 cents in stamps to help pay part of distribution costs, to The Dr. D. J. Williams Co., Dept. 596-H, Postoffice Building, East Hampton, Conn. Send NOW. You will receive by parcel post, delivery paid, a regular 75-cent bottle, without incurring any obligation. Only one bottle to the same address or family.—(adv.)

ATLANTA'S STRIDES FROM DAY TO DAY

A gain of building values for 1917 over 1916 of $1,280,232 and the sale of a north side home for $20,000 featured real estate developments on New Year's day.

Official building figures, as announced by City Building Inspector C. J. Bowen, were as follows:

1917	$4,965,985
1916	3,685,663
Gain	$1,280,232

The figures for 1917 do not include any work for the government at Camp Gordon or Fort McPherson.

Real estate dealers and contractors are predicting a still bigger year in building lines for 1918.

North Side Sale.

R. L. Turman, of the firm of Turman & Calhoun, sold for a client to J. J. Williamson, a cotton merchant who recently moved to Atlanta, a handsome brick residence on West Peachtree street, near Eleventh street. A very large lot adjoining the house also figures in the deal.

While the consideration was not disclosed it is understood that it approximated $20,000.

Martin-Ozburn company sold for J. S. Drake to a client a lot, 50x150, on Boulevard, at Seals place, the consideration being $2,500.

FULTON COUNTY TRANSFERS.

Warranty Deeds.

Love and Affection—Mrs. Hester Bradley to Thomas Bradley, lot on southwest corner George street and Fourteenth street, 50x122 feet; also lot on west side George street, 122 feet south of Fourteenth district, 14x175 feet. November 23, 1917.

$65—West View Cemetery association to Myrtice Allgood, lot 780, section 12. April 21, 1914.

$2,000—A. L. Barry to Mrs. Harlett C. Howell, lot on southeast corner Plum and Nisbet streets, 33x100 feet. December 21, 1917.

Love and Affection—Mrs. Cornelia Harilee to Marion Harilee, 16.4 acres on east side of Hapeville road, land lot 78, Fourteenth district; also lot on west side Hapeville road, 80 feet north of southwest corner of above tract, 90x100 feet; also lot on southeast corner of first tract; 50x50 feet. December 29, 1917.

$3,045—Peachtree Heights Park company to Mrs. Willie D. Kelly, lot on east side Rivers road, 558 feet south of Muscogee avenue; 1.1 acre. December 26, 1917.

$6,500—Mrs. Milton Ferrell to Mrs. M. G. Williman, lot on south side Drewry street, 170 feet west of Highland avenue; 44x147 feet. October 14, 1914.

$2,000—P. T. Heath to Paul and Frank L. Fleming, lot on east side North Boulevard, 100 feet south of Greenwood avenue; 50x178 feet. December 29, 1917.

$6,000—Mrs. M. G. Williman to Mrs. Mary C. Fields, No. 16 Drewry street; 44x147 feet. December 29, 1917.

$6,000—Mrs. Mary C. Fields to Mrs. M. G. Williman, No. 572 West Fifth street; 100x150 feet. December 29, 1917.

$750—W. T. Ashford to Henry E. Shorter, lot east side Chestnut street, 730 feet north of West Fair street; 40x100. December 19, 1917.

$1,000—R. F. Thompson, as commissioner, to C. B. Stephens, lot on east side Martin street; 100x300 feet. December 29, 1917.

$600—Samuel Jankins to Mutual Savings company, lot west side Grant street, 80 feet south of South avenue; 37x106. December 29, 1917.

$1,850—R. H. Gower to Mrs. J. M. Wiggins, lot southeast corner right-of-way of Central of Georgia railway and Perkins street; 52x200. January 3, 1916.

$10 and Other Considerations—H. T. Yeargins to Central Bank and Trust corporation, lot east side Muse street, 50 feet north of Oak street; 50x170. December 22, 1917.

$1,900—Mrs. C. F. Poole to same, lot east side Muse street, 10 feet north of Oak street. August 13, 1915.

Bonds for Title.

$2,000—Thomas Bradley to L. P. Moone, lot southwest corner George and Fourteenth streets; 50x112; also lot west side George street, 122 feet south of Fourteenth street; 109x225. November 23, 1917.

$2,700—Realty Trust company to Mrs. H. C. Howell, lot 18, block 31, Ansley Park, on west side Montgomery Ferry drive; 60x44 feet. September 1, 1915.

Loan Deeds.

$8,000—Mrs. Mary M. Delbridge to the Volunteer State Life Insurance company, lot north side Trinity avenue, 85 feet east of Forsyth street, 50x105. Five years, 6½ per cent. December 18, 1917.

$1,200—Wilmer Angier to Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, 34 Capitol avenue, 24x100. Five years, 6 per cent. December 27, 1917.

$1,000—H. H. Arnold to Bank of Hapeville, lot east side Atlanta avenue, 150 feet north of Chestnut street, 50x200. One year, 8 per cent. December 29, 1917.

$500—J. L. Fulghum to same, lot southeast corner Forrest avenue and Oak street, 190x201. August 3, 1914.

$450—John H. Galhouse to John J. Kuhn, lot northeast corner Milton avenue and Hill street, 60x311. One year, 7 per cent. December 29, 1917.

$500—G. B. Stephens to Mrs. Mary M. Graham, lot east side Martin street, 100x200. Five years, 7 per cent. December 29, 1917.

$1,500—Mrs. Ella F. Herring to Mortgage-Bond Company of New York, 10 Augusta avenue, 45x100. Five years, 7 per cent. December 31, 1917.

$900—Mrs. Mary E. Ellsworth to Colonial Trust company, 328 and 330 West Simpson street. Thirty notes. December 29, 1917.

$500—U. S. Johnson to T. C. Brown, lot south side West Fair street, 310 feet west of Ashby street, 40x100. One year, 8 per cent. December 29, 1917.

$400—J. P. Jackson to Mrs. W. McC. Miller, lot north side East avenue, 245 feet west of North Boulevard, 45x110. Three years, 8 per cent. December 31, 1917.

$500—Marion Harilee to W. A. Fleet, lot west side Old Hapeville road, 90x100. Three years, 7 per cent. December 29, 1917.

Quit-Claim Deeds.

$10—Fulton County Home Builders to Mrs. Susan G. Jones, lot south side Drewry street, 98 feet east of Frederica street, 49x152. December 28, 1917.

$5—E. R. Kelly to Mrs. M. G. William, 16 Drewry street, 44x152. December 28, 1917.

$1—Sam Dunlap, agent, to S. C. Roper, 14 and 16 Sinclair avenue. December 31, 1917.

$10—Colonial Trust company to Mrs. Ella F. Herring, 10 Augusta avenue, 45x100. December 31, 1917.

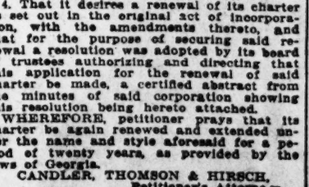
Mortgages.

$1,206—J. L. Fulghum to Bank of Hapeville, 12.9 acres, on east side Atlanta avenue, 444 feet north of south line of land lot 97, fourteenth district. One year, 8 per cent. No date.

$108—J. M. Gentry to F. S. Smith, lot east side Paine avenue, 420 feet south of North avenue, 40x127. December 7, 1917.

PROF. CHAS. LEE,

SPIRITUALISTIC ADVISER
TRANCE MEDIUM
YOU TELL HIM NOTHING—
HE WILL TELL IT ALL TO YOU
Before You Utter a Solitary Word



What I Do for $1.00

I give never failing advice upon all matters of life, such as love, marriage, business, lawsuits, wills, deeds, buried treasures, friends, enemies or rivals, speculations and transactions of all kinds. In fact, no matter what may be your hope, fear or ambition, come to me this very day and I can lift you out of your sorrow and trouble and start you on the path of happiness and prosperity. There is no heart so sad, or home so dreary that I cannot bring sunshine and success to. You should not buy, sell or enter into any undertaking or make any serious changes without first consulting this wonderful medium, as one hour spent consulting him may save you great financial loss and years of perplexities and unhappiness. I am not a fortune teller nor do I cater to the superstitions of the ignorant.

Located No. 29 Kimball St.

Half Block from Georgian Terrace. Second Residence off Peachtree Street. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily; Monday and Thursday until 8 p. m. Sundays from 2 to 5.

GEORGIA—Fulton County:
TO THE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAID COUNTY:

The petition of the ORPHANS' HOME OF THE NORTH GEORGIA CONFERENCE shows:

1. That it was incorporated by the Superior Court of Fulton County under the name and style above stated at the fall term, 1871, of said court.

2. That at the March term, 1887, of said court, an amendment to its charter was granted, reducing the number of trustees.

3. That said charter as amended expired in 1891, but that said corporation was revived for a period of twenty years from the 28th day of January, 1898, by an order reviving the said corporation and extending its charter, signed on said date by the judge of the said court, and that its charter as thus extended and revived will expire on the 28th day of January, 1918.

4. That it desires a renewal of its charter as set out in the original act of incorporation, with the amendments thereto, and that for the purpose of securing said renewal a resolution was adopted by its board of trustees authorizing and directing that this application for the renewal of said charter be made, a certified abstract from the minutes of said corporation showing this resolution being hereto attached.

WHEREFORE, petitioner prays that its charter be again renewed and extended under the name and style aforesaid for a period of twenty years, as provided by the laws of Georgia.

CANDLER, THOMSON & HIRSCH,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

I, Arnold Broyles, clerk of the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, do hereby certify that the above is a full, true and correct copy of petition for the renewal of the charter of the Orphans' Home of the North Georgia Conference, as shown by the original petition for said renewal now on file in this office.

Witness my hand and the seal of this court this the 8th day of December, 1917.

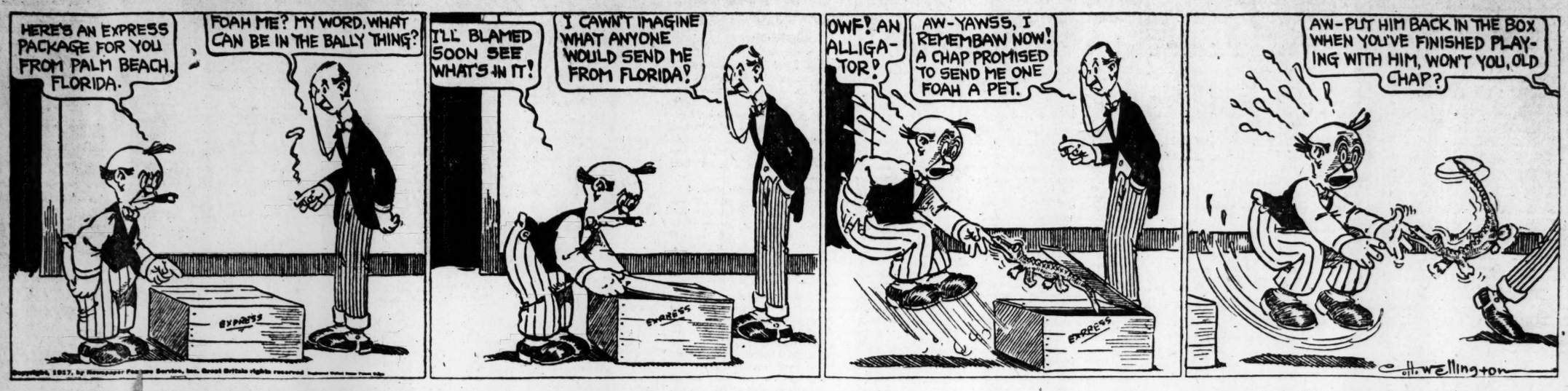
ARNOLD BROYLES, Clerk.

COST OF LOCAL WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION

One time	10c a line	Each Issue

THAT SON-IN-LAW OF PA'S

Cedric's Pet Alligator Promises Some Lively Times - - - - - BY WELLINGTON



DON'T WORRY IF YOU LOSE ANYTHING---A "LOST" AD IN THE CONSTITUTION IS ALMOST SURE TO BRING IT BACK IF ANYBODY THAT'S HONEST FOUND IT

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

The arrival and departure of passenger trains Atlanta.

The following schedule figures are published only as information and are not guaranteed.

Atlanta Terminal Station.

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only.

Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic.

Effective June 25.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Waycross and Thomasville.	6:00 am	7:45 am
Waycross and Thomasville.	4:25 pm	11:00 pm

Sleeping car on night trains between Atlanta and Thomasville, Atlanta and Waycross. City ticket office, 88 Peachtree. Telephones—Ivy 2845; Atlanta 100.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Company.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
42	West Pt..	35	New Or.. 8:50 am
14	Columbus	19	Columbus 7:10 am
38	New Or.	33	Montgo'y 8:55 am
40	New Or.	39	New Or.. 2:00 pm
34	Montgo'y	17	Columbus 4:05 pm
20	Columbus	37	New Or.. 6:50 pm
36	New Or.	1	West Pt.. 5:45 pm

City Ticket Office, 80 Peachtree St.

Central of Georgia Railway. "The Right Way."

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Savannah	6:15 am	Savannah	8:00 am
Thomasville	6:15 am	Albany	8:00 am
Albany	6:15 am	Macon	12:30 pm
Macon	6:15 am	Macon	4:00 pm
Jacksonville	6:53 am	Jacksonville	8:25 pm
Jacksonville	7:40 am	Valdosta	8:25 pm
Macon	10:45 am	Savannah	10:15 pm
Macon	1:55 pm	Jacksonville	10:05 pm
Savannah	4:20 pm	Thomasville	11:50 pm
Albany	8:10 pm	Albany	11:50 pm

City ticket office, Fourth National Bank building, Peachtree and Marietta streets. Telephones—Ivy 141; Atlanta phone 55.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Arrives From—	Departs For—	Arrives From—	Departs For—
5:30 a	New York 12:30 a	1:40 p	New York 2:45 p
11:10 p	Chicago 6:35 a	8:25 p	Chatta. 8:00 p
9:35 p	Kan. City 6:10 a	8:10 a	Toccoa 4:45 p
10:35 a	Chatta. 5:50 a	11:40 a	Cincinnati 5:25 p
1:40 p	Richmond 6:30 a	10:55 a	Columbus 5:10 p
10:10 p	Columbus 7:20 a	11:15 a	Memphis 5:15 p
7:50 p	Bruns'k 7:50 a	10:50 a	Ft. Valley 5:20 p
6:15 p	New York 12:00 n	10:30 a	Macon 5:30 p
3:40 p	Charl'st 6:30 a	9:45 a	Jarville 10:05 p
6:10 p	Jarville 11:50 a	7:25 a	Charlotte 10:40 p
2:30 p	Birham 1:55 p	6:25 a	Jarville 11:20 p
9:00 p	Greenville 12:15 p	7:45 a	Shreve'p't 11:30 p

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company. "The Progressive Railway of the South."

Effective November 18, 1917.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
11	N. Y.	6:20 am	11 Birmin'm. 6:30 am
11	Norfolk	6:20 am	30 Monroe 6:40 am
11	Washin'n	6:20 am	6 N. Y. 12:40 pm
11	Portsm'h	6:20 am	6 Washi'n 12:40 pm
17	Abbe,S.C.	8:50 am	6 Norfolk 12:40 pm
6	Memphis	12:30 pm	6 Portsm'h 12:40 pm
6	Birmi'm.	12:30 pm	6 Richm'd. 12:40 pm
22	Pied't,Ala.	10:00 am	23 Pied't,Ala. 2:50 pm
5	N. Y.	4:40 pm	5 Birmin'm. 4:50 pm
5	Washi'n.	4:40 pm	5 Memphis. 4:50 pm
5	Norfolk.	4:40 pm	18 Abbe,S.C. 4:00 pm
5	Portsm'h.	4:40 pm	12 N. Y. 8:20 pm
12	Birmin'm.	8:00 pm	12 Norfolk. 8:20 pm
29	Monroe.	8:00 pm	12 Portsm'h. 8:20 pm

City Ticket Office, 88 Peachtree St. Telephone—Ivy 2845.

Union Passenger Station.

Georgia Railroad.

*Daily Except Sunday.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
2	Charles'n	7:00 am	2 Augusta and East 6:45 am
2	Wilmin'n	7:00 am	6 Augusta 11:45 am
*11	Conyers.	7:35 am	8 Augusta 3:25 pm
13	Union Pt.	9:00 am	*14 Unio Pt. 8:10 pm
1	Augusta	1:15 pm	4 Charles'n 10 pm
7	Augusta and East	5:00 pm	4 Wilmin'n 8:10 pm
7	New York and Aug.	8:20 pm	

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

Effective Nov. 21— Leave. Arrive.

Cincinnati-Louisville	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Chicago and Northwest.		
Cincinnati and Louisville	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Knoxville via Blue Ridge	7:25 am	5:10 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	7:18 am	9:55 pm
Knoxville via Cartersville	4:45 pm	11:45 am
Blue Ridge accommodation	2:40 pm	10:35 am

The 9:55 p. m. train will arrive Terminal Station.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
3	Nashville	6:25 am	94 Chicago 8:15 am
73	Rome	10:25 am	2 Nashville 8:30 am
93	Memphis	11:55 am	92 Memphis 4:55 pm
1	Nashville	6:25 pm	72 Rome 5:15 pm
95	Chicago	8:05 pm	4 Nashville 8:50 pm

No. 95, Dixie Flyer, arrives Terminal Station.

TAXICABS

TAXICABS
BELLE ISLE
IVY 166. 4 LUCKIE. IVY 5198.

TAXICABS
EXCELSIOR AUTO COMPANY.
I. 1548 — 12 LUCKIE — I. 322

COFER BROS., TAXICABS
MAIN 1034 20 Marietta. MAIN 1035.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

FOR COLORED

HAIRDRESSERS are making the biggest money. I teach you how. Have an easy payment plan. No-Break School of Hairdressing, 465 W. Hunter st. Main 2203.

CASH GROCERY; no delivery, small stock; overhead expenses, $25. Must sell, drafted. Phone 5664-B. Address 89 Capitol ave.

PARTNER WANTED—A young man, in manufacturing business; opportunity of a lifetime; no competition; $1,500 required. Don't answer this unless you have the money and mean business. P. O. Box 612.

FOR REAL business opportunities, see Lightfoot's, Peters Bldg. Phone Main 517.

FOR SALE—A paying drug business in a fine farming section of Florida. E. A. Hickson, Micanopy, Fla.

COMPLETELY furnished boarding house for sale; best location in city, north side, walking distance; filled with boarders. D. L. D., Box 361, care Constitution.

MUSIC AND DANCING

COURTNEY'S 44½ EAST HUNTER street. Main 1074-J. Dancing Tuesday and Saturday nights. Collins' orchestra. Lessons daily, 3 to 6 and 8 to 10 p. m.

LANE'S 317½ Peachtree. Dancing Tuesdays and Saturdays. Private and class lessons daily. Phone Ivy 5786.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

DRUM and Bugle Corps instruments. Melody Bells, Marimbas, Xylophones. Southern Drum Co., Atlanta Theater Bldg.

MONEY

MONEY TO LOAN

SALARIES BOUGHT.
Salary Inv. Co., 204 McKenzie Bldg. Ivy 1076

SURETY LOAN COMPANY
LOANS.
408 Flatiron Building.

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE SECURITY.
Wight Investment Co., 1111 Empire Bldg.

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND OTHERS upon their own names; cheap rates, easy payments; confidential. Scott & Co., 820 Austell building.

MONEY FOR ALL. EASY PAYMENTS. DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES. HUDSON & CO., 313-314 PETERS BLDG. MAIN 4843.

MONEY for salaried people on their own name. 805 Silvey building. City.

LOANS MADE TO salaried men and others in amounts of $25 to $200 on indorsements or other security. E. W. Greenway & Co., 316-317 Empire Bldg. Tel. Ivy 1654.

MONEY—On Personal Property

W. P. WOLL
LOANS $25 AND UP
on household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
ROOMS 401-2 PETERS BLDG.
Phones Main 3771. Atlanta 677.

MONEY—On Real Estate

YOUR MONEY SAFE
YOUR INCOME SURE
when invested in First Mortgages on Improved Atlanta Real Estate. For best results see
Eiseman & Weil Inv. Co.
313 Atlanta Nat'l Bank. M. 3010.

LOANS
Atlanta Real Estate, or well improved Farms anywhere, Small town property Made promptly.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
CANDLER BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

5, 6, 7 AND 8 PER CENT money to lend on real estate, five years or less; interest payable semi-annually; splendid paying-back privileges. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron bldg.

LOANS MADE ON CITY PROPERTY AND FARM LANDS. SEE OR WRITE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NAT'L BANK BUILDING.

QUICK LOANS
$2,000 TO $50,000 OR MORE
MADE on Atlanta property at lowest current rates. Loan agents of the
LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF VIRGINIA
Have local funds in bank for small loans.
DUNSON & GAY
409 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 5678.

MONEY
TO LEND, first or second mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Silcer, 1216 Empire Bldg. I. 8369.

Cliff C. Hatcher Insurance Agency
LOAN AGENTS for Investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly. See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

6 AND 7 per cent money in any amts., quick action. Fitzhugh Knox, 1207 Candler Bldg.

FUNDS on hand for loans at current rates; also for purchase money notes. Milton Liebman, with A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 and over. Thos. J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

WE LOAN MONEY to rebuild in the burned district. Thomas J. Wesley, Cashier, 209 Grant building.

LONG TIME LOANS AT LOW RATES. On Improved Farms, Residential and business property. Inspectors at Atlanta, Macon, Columbus and various points. Quick Action. Write for Application. Mortgage Loan Department. PAN-AMERICAN LIFE INS. CO., 1305 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La.

MONEY TO LOAN
AT 5, 6 and 7 per cent, city improved property. Established 27 years. Prompt and confidential attention. TURMAN & CALHOUN, EMPIRE BLDG.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS
TO LOAN on Atlanta homes or business property at lowest rates. Money advanced to builders. Write or call
S. W. CARSON
413-14 Empire Bldg.
Broad and Marietta Streets

IF YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY ON FARM LANDS WRITE OR SEE W. B. SMITH, 706-7 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

MONEY on hand for first mortgage in amounts of $1,000.00 and up.
W. O. ALSTON
1203 Third National Bank Bldg.

FIRST and second mortgage loans made promptly. A. G. Smith, 311-312 Connally building. Main 2940.

$500, $700, $1,000, $1,500, $2,000 or more to lend on choice city or suburban real estate. Dunson & Gay. Ivy 5678.

MONEY—On Real Estate

PURCHASE MONEY NOTES

WE HAVE fine demand for real estate purchase money notes. Brown-Foster Realty Company, 210 Flatiron building.

INVESTMENTS.

SOPRINCO FOR INVESTMENTS. Box 1147, Atlanta, Ga.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.

1917 DODGE TOURING CAR, DRIVEN 3,000 MILES, GOOD AS NEW, $750.
DECATUR BUICK CO.
DECATUR, GA. PHONE DEC. 30-J

APPERSON roadster, newly painted, new top, mechanically perfect; five-passenger Velie, newly painted, new top, good condition; 5-passenger Cadillac, an unusual bargain in this car; 2 5-passenger Velie touring cars, perfect in every way.
APPERSON SHOW ROOMS,
239 Peachtree St.

HUBBELL-OAKES MOTOR CO.—Selden trucks and Fruehauf trailers. 1513 Candler building.

FORDS
AUTHORIZED SALES AND SERVICE
Prichard-Orr Sales Co.
West End Gordon and Lee. Phones West 95. East Point Main Street, East Point 138.

J. G. LEWIS MOTOR CO.—Special bargains in used cars. 232 Peachtree. I. 1476.

Hudson Little Six
40, 7-PASSENGER, new paint and new top; good mechanical condition; 6 tires. See B. W. Newsom, Stutz Co. of Georgia, 224 Peachtree st.

OLDSMOBILE—8-cylinder, closed car coupe body, 1917 model, in excellent shape. Owner now in army. See Ward Wight, 314 Candler building. Ivy 825.

KELLY CONVERTIBLE AUTO TRUCK
SELF-DRIVE, no chains, $385, and a Ford makes a better guaranteed 1½-ton truck. Get the best, it costs no more. J. M. Shearer, agent, 249 Marietta st. Main 1140. We make all kinds of repairs.

OVERLAND—A positive bargain; 1916 little five-passenger Overland, run less than 10,000 miles; five good tires; absolutely first-class condition; will sell for cash or consider Ford in exchange. Call Main 2690-J after 6 p. m.

BEAUDRY MOTOR CO.
Authorized Ford Dealers.
169-171 Marietta Street.

FORD CARS, parts and accessories, painting and upholstering; radiator work a specialty.
Commercial Bodies. Any Style.
Main 1123-2245. Atlanta 1426.

1914 FIVE-PASSENGER FORD. J. R. Buice Garage, 809 Marietta street.

WHY NOT SAVE MONEY ON THE FOLLOWING CARS:
3—1917 Ford touring cars.
1—1916 Ford touring.
1—1917 Overland touring.
1—Ford roadster with electric starter.
ATLANTA AUTO EXCHANGE
40 WALTON ST. MAIN 3185.

STUDEBAKER—Used car department. Bargains in used cars. 246-247 Peachtree St.

BELLE ISLE
AGENT
FORD CARS
CASH OR TERMS.
IVY 166. IVY 2772. IVY 293.

DODGE—One late 1917 model, touring car. Apperson Show Rooms, 239 Peachtree street.

USED CARS HAYNES AUTO CO., 181 Peachtree Ivy 5164.

USED CARS SPECIAL bargains. Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

BARGAINS IN DEMONSTRATED CARS. WOODRUFF MACHINERY CO.

SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES.

OPPORTUNITY—Quick profits for auto specialty salesmen. Every owner a prospect and every other one a customer. As easy to sell as gas at 18 cents a gallon. New live proposition that saves the user 25c of his fuel and eliminates carbon. Retails for $6.00 with a big profit for you. The war, with the high price of gas, has made this device a necessity for every car. Write or wire quick for territory. Motors Supply Co., Joliet, Ill.

REPAIRING.

W. J. MILAM
REPAIRING fenders, bodies, lamps, all metal parts of car. 117 Piedmont Ave. Ivy 993.

SIMS Magneto Service Station. Magnetos sold, exchanged and repaired; all kinds of magnetos and electric starting repaired; all work guaranteed. E. H. Odom Bros. Company, 43 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 906, Bell phone Main 1622.

JOHN M. SMITH CO.
Automobile Coach Work
CARS REPAINTED
Tops re-covered and repaired. Wheels, springs and axles repaired.
120-122-124 Auburn Avenue

WELDING.

YOUR broken castings welded, good as new; gear teeth built up also. The Metal Welding Company, 120 South Forsyth. M. 5018.

VULCANIZING.

FOR the BEST vulcanizing at the most moderate prices; also new and used tires, see TWO-IN-ONE TIRE CO., 35 Auburn avenue. Ivy 2288.

MONEY—On Real Estate

MONEY TO LOAN AT SIX PER CENT.

We can supply a limited amount of money at 6 per cent on first-class security, city property or farm lands.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

SMITH & EWING, Agents,
THE FIDELITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
IVY 1513. 66½ N. FORSYTH ST.

BUSINESS CARDS

ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.
J. I. LINLER CLOCK SPECIALIST 25 South Broad St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.
INVESTIGATE OUR PLAN. Murphy Door Bed Co., 311 Trust Co. of Ga. building.

CONTRACTORS AND REPAIRS.
CONTRACTING, building, repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed. R. J. Faulk, 910 Austell building. Main 4247.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.
CITY HALL Dry Cleaning Co. Suits pressed, 35c. Opposite Gas building. Main 1627-L.
PEOPLE'S CLEANING AND PRESSING CLUB. Main 994-L. 186 E. Georgia ave.

DENTAL WORK.
DR. H. JENSEN, Expert Dentist. Painless extraction. 78½ Whitehall street.

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ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery, wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
BRYAN ELECTRIC CO.
Dealers in New and Used Electric Machinery.
58 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta, Ga.
WIRING DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1790, Atlanta 5008.
SHOP DEPARTMENT.
Bell Phone Ivy 1782.

FURNACE, STOVE & RANGE REPAIRING
STOVE DOCTOR F. M. BROTHERTON
Main 1460. 61 South Pryor St.

GENERAL HOUSE REPAIRING.
JONES REPAIRS all kinds; two years' guarantee; reasonable. M. 4094.

HATS MADE TO ORDER.
ALSO trimmed hats, $1.50 to $3; untrimmed shapes, $1. Mrs. Goodman, 98 Capitol.

HAT CLEANING.
OLD HATS MADE NEW — Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

KEYS, LOCKS, SAFES, GUNS.
C. C. DOWNS Expert, 13 W. Alabama. Main 2146. Atlanta 4922.
G. N. BISHOP, 13½ S. Broad. M. 885, expert gun, key, locksmith, lawn mower expert.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.
ATLANTA MATTRESS CO.
OUR work is above the average. 174 Piedmont Ave. Ivy 3847. Atlanta 4847.
SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta street. Main 993. Atlanta 1727.

OPTICIAN.
EYES tested and glasses correctly fitted. E. A. Morgan, 10 E. Hunter. Main 1812.
Eyes correctly fitted, lenses accurately ground. Silveus Optical Co., 19 S. Broad. Main 601.

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PAINTING CHEAP — Rooms tinted $2.50 up; leaks stopped, 6:30-7:30 p. m. W. 630-J.

PLUMBING AND HEATING.
CAPITAL PLUMBING AND HEATING CO., 60 South Forsyth. M. 4134. Repair work given prompt attention.

PICTURE FRAMES.
PICTURES framed to order; factory prices; we do it for less. Binder Picture Frame Mfg. Co., 86 North Pryor St. Ivy 8978.

Printing and Engraving (Platicless).
CARDS VISITING, business, Christmas. The Card Shop, 91 Peachtree St.

ROOFING.
FLEX A TILE WE carry all styles asphalt shingles and roll roofing. Call us for prices. Queen Mantel and Tile Company. 56 West Mitchell Street. Main 681.

ROOF REPAIRING.
Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 mos. guarantee. Reas'ble. Hem. 1058.

SCALE REPAIRING EXPERT.
R. JACKSON, 174 Gilmore street, scale and cotton beam man. Main 3987.

SHOE REPAIRING.
Shoe Reunry WORK called for and delivered. 2 Auburn. Ivy 2310. Atlanta 1493. 815 Peachtree.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUIT CASES REPAIRED.
ROUNTREE'S 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phone—Bell Main 1576.

WALL PAPER
QUICK WALL PAPER COMPANY, 51 Carnegie Way. Ivy 6733.

AUCTION SALES

B. BERNARD, at 86 South Pryor, will either pay cash for your housefurnishings or sell them for you. Phone Main 2306.

EDUCATIONAL

PARAGON is the only system of shorthand taught in the public schools of Atlanta. We teach Paragon. Night and day classes at the school. Mail instructions for those who cannot come. Write us or phone Main 4445. Simpler Shorthand School, 324 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.

MEDICAL

MEN'S DISEASES CURED
OR no charge for services. Systemic and blood diseases. Finest equipment. Low prices. X-Ray examination free. Everything confidential. Dr. Holbrook, American-European Specialist in all Chronic Diseases, 812 Austell bldg.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS
ALL KINDS, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented; non-visible, 3 months for $5; visible, 3 months for $7.50. Call, phone or write for catalog C-76. American Writing Machine Co., 13 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE AND WANTED

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

TIMBER—Pine, on tract of land near Columbus, Ga. George P. Howard, 129 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

VIOLIN—Good, sweet-toned, made 1883, with morocco case and nickel-plated music stand. Stella Cofer, Cuthbert, Ga.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS bought, sold, rebuilt, exchanged. A. E. Harless, Agt., 54 North Pryor. Phone Ivy 8443.

COTTONGIMS CASH STORE, 69 South Broad St. Main 1316.

SAFES ATLANTA SAFE CO., 65 W Mitchell. Main 4601.

FINE dress shirts, 69c. Watson's, corner Decatur and Pryor sts.

FURNITURE OLD furniture taken in payment for new. Jordan Fur. Co., 5 E. Hunter. Both phones.

Soda Founts NEW and used; easy terms. 24 Madison.

GATE CITY COAL CO. for good coal and wood. M. 666-J. Teams for heavy hauling. G. T. Hutt, proprietor.

ACID PHOSPHATE GUANO
Nitrate Soda, C. S. Meal, Hulls, Agr. Limestone; car lots. W. E. M'CALLA, Atlanta National Bank building.

SCALES—SAFES The Howe Scale Co. 18 S. Forsyth St.

SAFES, new and 2d-hand, all sizes. Hall's vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 408 4th Nat. Bk.

THREE carver linters. Box 1443, Atlanta, Georgia.

TWO Anderson expellers. P. O. Box 1443, Atlanta, Ga.

WILL trade $115 Violaphone, very fine talking machine, for value in merchandise or service interesting us as firm or individuals. Cash adjustment either way. What have you? Call or write, Southern Drum Co., Atlanta Theater bldg.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

CASH PAID for used furniture. S. M. Snider, 21 Peters st. M. 2610.

CASH PAID for old furniture. Dixie Furniture Co., 85 S. Forsyth st.

CASH FOR old gold and false teeth. McDuffie, 148 Peachtree.

HIDES ATLANTA HIDE AND TALLOW CO., 140 Peters St. M. 2731.

FRESH EGGS
ANY QUANTITY
WILL pay net cash delivered our branch.
WILSON & CO., PACKERS
Write, wire or phone us what you have to offer.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—We pay highest cash prices for pianos and office furniture, cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 E. Mitchell st. M. 2424.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. E. B. Gibson. M. 4647.

FURNITURE Bought for cash. Swift Furniture Co. M. 2769.

We Buy Second-Hand Clothes
HIGH prices for men's clothing only. M. 2335.

THE FANCIERS' DEPT.

DOGS.

FOR SALE—Two pointer bitches, liver points. Ben Betty, R-3, Murfreesboro, Tennessee.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

GEORGIA RYE, bu. $2.50
Fulghum Oats, bu. 1.75
Appler Oats, bu. 1.50
Red Wheat, bu. 2.25
EVERETT SEED CO., ATLANTA.

LIVE STOCK

COWS.

MILCH COWS AND SPRINGERS—Forty head of milch cows and springers and one registered Jersey bull will be sold at auction next Thursday morning, January 3, at 10 o'clock, at Johnson & Holcomb's farm, 1 mile from Ingleside, on the Covington road. Stone Mountain car runs to Ingleside. Johnson & Holcomb.

SEVERAL fine registered Shorthorn bred cows and calves. Shedden Farms, Raymond, Ga.

Use Constitution Want Ads

BOARD AND ROOMS

BOARD AND ROOM

NICELY furnished rooms, excellent table, home cooking; permanent or transient, $7 per week up. Folsom's Hotel, 16½ Marietta st., second floor. Ivy 4855.

PEACHTREE ST., 362—Lady, also gentlemen; good rooms; excellent meals. Ivy 3148-L.

EXCELLENT home cooking, easy walk of city. Phone Ivy 2559-J or call 374 Piedmont ave., 3 doors off Forrest ave.

BOARD and nicely furnished or unfurnished front room, furnace heat, hot water, all conveniences; good table, private north side home. Hemlock 2075-L; also garage.

TWO lovely steam-heated rooms for couple or young men, separate beds. M. 2342-J.

PEACHTREE, 220—The Wilton, steam heat; excel. table; quick service I. 5795.

PEACHTREE, 513—Rooms, first floor, all conveniences. Call Ivy 6133-J.

WANTED—Board and Room

WANTED—Room and board by lady and daughter; walking distance North avenue public school; private home preferred. Address Mrs. M. J. Marshall, 32 Ponce de Leon.

TWO ROOMS with board for soldier's wife and mother; private family preferred. Write Box P-393, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED.

TWO nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping at 194 South Pryor st.

LARGE newly furnished room for four congenial young men, employed; home cooking. Phone Ivy 4119-J or call 374 Piedmont ave.

PEACHTREE, 795—Lovely rooms, conveniences, private family, garage; references. Hemlock 1393. Men only.

NICELY fur. room for one or two young men; electric lights, hot water; reasonable. Main 3975-J.

PEACHTREE, 358—Rooms; refined and quiet. Ivy 7352-J.

NICE furnished front room, close to Georgian Terrace, private family. I. 5563-J.

FOR RENT—Rooms

FURNISHED

FURNISHED room for business men, walking dist., hot water, electricity. I. 9455.

PEACHTREE ST., 391—Nicely fur. rms., $3 per week and up. Phone Ivy 67.

ADOLF 10½ E. Harris; bachelor rooms; cool, quiet; reasonable; every convenience de luxe. Ivy 3071-J.

TWO rooms and kitchenette, private bath, hot water. 310 S. Pryor st. Atlanta 6146-B.

VIADUCT HOTEL
4½ S. BROAD, is under new management. Right in the heart of the city; nice, clean rooms. 50c, 75c, $1. Rates by the week.

THE MARTINIQUE
(ELLIS AND IVY)
OPERATED under the best management. Each room connected with bath and kept in excellent condition. Hotel service $1 per day.

PEACHTREE INN
ELECTRIC LIGHTS, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, 50 CENTS TO $1 PER DAY, $2 TO $5 PER WEEK. 391 PEACHTREE ST. IVY 67.

LELAND HOTEL
29 HOUSTON ST.
One Block from Candler Bldg.
Under New Management.
50c Day Up. $2.50 Per Week Up.
Excellent Dining Room in Connection. Meals 35 cents. Special Weekly Rates.
Phone Ivy 7180.

PEACHTREE, 409—Furnished room, all conveniences. Ivy 8614-L.

UNFURNISHED.

OAKLAND AVE., 129—For rent, 3 large connecting rooms. Main 870.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

M'LEOD, 48—2 or 3 nice connecting, partly furnished or unfurnished rooms; all modern conveniences. Reasonable.

FRONT ROOM and kitchen, with private porch; conveniences. Ivy 504-J.

WANTED—Rooms

FURNISHED.

BACHELOR wants fur. room with kitchenette, quiet and refined. Ad. P-402, Const.

WANTED—Comfortable room, preferably steam-heated; walk. dist. Ad. P-393, Const.

UNFURNISHED.

WANTED—One large or two small rooms and kitchen, close in; must be cheap. Address P-399, Constitution.

STEAM-HEATED room and kitchenette or small steam-heated apartment. Ivy 7532. Mrs. Kelly.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED

LARGE, nicely furnished front room and kitchenette. Ivy 7849-J.

PEACHTREE 362—Young gentleman, lovely rm., splendid board; furnished. Ivy 3148-L.

WEST PEACHTREE ST., 139—Two large rooms and kitchenette.

WANTED—Room Mate

ROOMMATE for young man; also for young lady. Ivy 8556-L.

PONCE DE LEON, 534—Wanted, young man roommate. Hemlock 1358-J.

APARTMENTS, HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—Apartments

FURNISHED.

5-ROOM furnished apartment for three months; furnace, 325 Myrtle, corner Ninth street. Hemlock 977.

FURNISHED APARTMENT to couple. West 1144-J.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Choice apt., Peachtree Circle apartments; $55. Hemlock 1384-J.

IVY ST., 164—Six rooms and bath, $25. Call Ivy 2943.

WANTED—Apartments

FURNISHED.

WANTED—Small furnished apartment on north side. Apply C. J., 911 Peachtree. Hemlock 641.

FOR RENT—Houses

FURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Completely furnished, modern house, 82 Copenhill avenue; story and a half bungalow effect; furnace. $40 per month. Ivy 6936.

FOR RENT—My home, completely furnished, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, sleeping porch, servant's house, garage; best part north side, $75 per month. Hemlock 2350-J.

UNFURNISHED.

Consult Our Rent Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

CALL FOR OUR RENT BULLETIN.
BENJ. D. WATKINS & CO.

TO SUBLET—Ansley Park bungalow, six rooms, garage, furnace, $40. M. 1234.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

FOR results list your property with Sharp, Boylston & Day, 12 Auburn avenue.

WANTED—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

IF YOU have a bungalow or apartment for rent on north side see us at once. We have a tenant. Burdett Realty Company, 110 Candler building.

FOR RENT—Offices

OFFICES for rent in Flatiron building, $12.50 and up; all outside rooms, new and fast elevators.

CENTRAL BUILDING—Offices for rent. Corner Alabama and Pryor sts. Main 585.

CANDLER BUILDING, Candler Annex and Forsyth building. Desirable offices, single and en suite. Some of these are equipped with compressed air and dental waste; hot and cold water in all offices; all-night elevator service; location best in the city and service unexcelled. Asa G. Candler, Jr., Agent. Phone Ivy 3970. 222 Candler building. See Mr. Wilkinson.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

DESK SPACE and use of telephone, 1409 Candler bldg. Ivy 1738.

FOR RENT—Stores

SPACE for market in Rogers store, Inman Park, box and fixtures furnished. Call Owner, Ivy 4259-L.

REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

VALUABLE Marietta street property to exchange for north side building lots. George P. Howard, 129 N. Pryor street.

WE SELL AND RENT REAL ESTATE. B. M. GRANT-A. S. ADAMS CO. Grant Bldg. Ivy 4385.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

—U—
HOMES AND FARMS

PEACHTREE RD. home, 9 rooms, reduced from $25,000 to $20,000.

Near Druid Hills, 8-room 2-story modern home, large lot; $5,000.

100 acres improved land on Roxboro rd., 11 miles center city; 50,000 ft. saw timber; $6,000.

Near corner West Peachtree and Twelfth streets, 8-room modern home, for $5,250.

70 acres adjoining CHAMBLEE and facing Sou. R. R. and Peachtree rd., cut from $15,000 to $10,000. Exchange for improved property.

27 acres on Brookhaven rd., 1¾ miles Emory university; $3,600.

Near Myrtle and Tenth Street school, 7-room modern bungalow on corner lot, $6,500.

CARL FISCHER,
FOURTH NAT'L BANK BLDG. IVY 4210.

NORTH SIDE—Beautiful 8-room, two-story residence, on Elizabeth street, for $6,000. $2,500 cash; going to France. Be quick. It is worth $10,000. E. L. Harling, 815 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 1287.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAMILTON-WOOD CO., 207 Candler Bldg. Ivy 8. Builders of homes and apartments. Terms when desired.

M. L. THROWER has a few bargains in nice homes for sale.

FARM LANDS

FOR SALE.

60 FARMS near Atlanta. New 1918 Bulletin just completed. Will send on request. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Phone East Point 416.

WE have farms for all purposes; improved and unimproved; stock, grain, cotton and truck. Shewmake Bros. Company, 1217 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Phone M. 4224.

FOR SALE AT ONCE—150 acres land, Emanuel county, Georgia; 12 acres cultivated; all easily cleared; 2½ miles from town, on public road; excellent site for buildings. $30 per acre cash. Box 194, Summit, Ga.

149 ACRES in Fulton county, 10 miles from center of Atlanta, 3 miles of car line, 2 miles from side track, 5-room house, 3-room tenant house, large barn, 50 acres of strong, red, upland, 25 acres in bottom land, some 40 acres of timber, that will cut 100,000 feet of lumber; 1,000 cords of wood. This tract being in Fulton county, close to the center of Atlanta, graded and paved road improvements, we consider one of the greatest opportunities from an investment standpoint that has been offered near Atlanta. Just think, a good farm in Fulton county for $50 per acre, not considering the road improvements. Price, $50 per acre. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone East Point 146.

$35 ACRE 310 acres, Oglethorpe Co. A. Graves, 12½ Wall st.

26 ACRES on the Campbellton road, which is graded and paved, 7 miles from center of Atlanta, close to a Fulton high school, best of community, nice 6-room house, barn and out-buildings; a nice assortment of fruit and a good pasture. For trucking, dairy and hogs, this is one of the most complete little propositions near Atlanta, and is very seldom offered for sale. Price, $4,000; terms. Brotherton & Callahan, East Point, Ga. Bell phone East Point 146.

WANTED.

FARMER wants crop on halves, saw miller or ginner given preference. Can tend good one-horse crop, any kind; reference. Reason for moving chills and fever here. M. J. Johnston, Box 7, Pendergrass, Ga.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale REAL ESTATE—For Sale

FOR RENT
COMPLETELY FURNISHED ANSLEY PARK HOME
Beautif

SPORTS

Edited by Dick Jemison.

AMERICAN LEAGUE'S BIRTHDAY IS TODAY

Northwestern League Preceded Present American League 39 Years Ago.

From a meeting held in Rockford, Ill., thirty-nine years ago today, when a baseball circuit called the Northwestern league was launched, to the present American league, with its clubs in the great cities, seems a far cry, yet the Northwestern was the daddy organization over which Ban Johnson now rules as czar.

The Northwestern was the second minor league to be launched, having been anticipated by the International association, formed in Pittsburg in 1877, and which included cities in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, New England and Canada. Rockford, Omaha and Dubuque were among the cities represented in the parent body of Ban Johnson's league.

Dubuque won the first pennant, the Iowa city's players including Charley Comiskey, then a pitcher; Charley Radbourne, Ted Sullivan and Tom Loftus. The original Northwestern lasted only one season, but it was revived in '82 with a new bunch of cities, Toledo grabbing the flag. Grand Rapids, Duluth and Oshkosh later captured Northwestern pennants.

In 1888 the name was changed to Western Association, and in 1892 the circuit became the Western league and remained such until 1899. Toward this period Ban Johnson took charge and in 1900 the name was changed to American league.

GRIFFITHS AND DOWNEY IN TWELVE-ROUND DRAW

Akron, Ohio, January 1.—Johnny Griffiths and Bryan Downey fought a terrific 12-round draw here this afternoon. Both men were badly cut up at the end of the battle.

TODAY IN PUGILISM

1911—Jim Flynn defeated Tony Caponi in nine rounds at Los Angeles.

1911—Johnny Kilbane defeated Patsy Brannigan in twelve rounds at Canton, Ohio.

Charley Frank Is Heard From

Dutch Frank Is Waiting On Uncle Sam's Choosing

Cracker Chieftain Breaks Silence With Announcement That He Awaits Result of Draft and Enlistment Before Formulating Plans for 1918 Champions.

By Dick Jemison.

It has gotten too cold for the fish to bite down at Bay St. Louis, Miss., and Dutch Frank has come out of his winter habitat long enough to send a brief word to the fans of Atlanta.

Arriving as it did yesterday, it comes as a sort of New Year's greeting to Cracker fandom who have been beginning to wonder whether or not they were going to have any baseball team during the coming campaign.

We scribbled the Dutchman a hasty note about a week ago letting him know that we, along with the fans, were getting anxious, but what we heard from the Cracker chieftain fails to relieve the anxiety in the least. If anything it increases it somewhat.

Waiting on Uncle Sam.

"I'm just waiting on Uncle Sam," writes Charley. "When he gets through with my team, when I see how many of my boys he wants for the bigger game in France and how many others decide to go into the service of their own accord then I am going to get busy.

"I'm waiting on Uncle Sam also to see what he does with the majors. But don't think that I have been doing nothing but fishing. I've got my lines out for players, but I'm not going to give them a yank until I find out their exact status in so far as Uncle Sam's needs are concerned.

"I haven't any idea just how many of the boys we will lose in the draft. I don't know the status of the individual members of the team that are left over or others on the reserve list.

"Haven't heard from Tom Sheehan. Do you know what his status is? How about the Thrasher boys? I see that Sammy Mayer is going to be in the next officers' training camp. He'll make a live one or I miss my guess, and if that wild Irishman throws hand grenades like he hurls that baseball, good night Huns.

"I'll be seeing you and the gang soon. Give my regards to every one. Charley Frank."

REAPER THINNED THE RANKS OF SPORT

Nearly One Hundred Answered the Call During the Past Year.

New York, January 1.—The Grim Reaper did much to thin the ranks of sport during the year just closed.

Nearly 100 men have answered the last call and taken the final count, and included in this number have been some of the best known "lights" in one branch of sport or another.

The death of Frank Gotch at his home in Humboldt, Iowa, was the latest score made against sports by the Reaper, and through his passing the wrestling world lost its greatest of all mat champions.

Early in the year, in January, to be exact, William Chase Temple, donor of the Temple cup and former president of the Pittsburg ball club, was taken down the trail over which no man returns. Temple was one of the granddaddies of the present-day baseball, and the first man to introduce a plan for deciding the world championship. Henry Gilligrive, former world champion weight-lifter, and Eddie Doheny, who used to pitch for the Giants and Pirates, also died in January.

February marked the passing of T. H. Murnane, veteran baseball scribe of Boston, a power in the minor leagues and a writer of country-wide fame for his sound sense and fairness. Loe Lindley, former world champion bike rider; T. H. Stuckney, former president of the Louisville National league club, and Andrew Welch, harness racing veteran and owner, all died during the same month.

From March until the close of May the following deaths were recorded: Robert Powell, former tennis champion of British Columbia, killed in France; Jim Barry, heavyweight boxer, shot in Panama; Arthur Redfern, once famous jockey, died in New York; Lester Darcy, middleweight champion of Australia, died at Memphis; J. Arthur James, famous race horse owner, died in London; William Sudhoff, former major league pitcher, died in St. Louis.

In June, Phil Dwyer, veteran racing man, answered the last call at his home in New York, and Joe Acton, formerly wrestling champion of America and England, died at Portland, Ore.

Dr. James Dwight, veteran tennis player and formerly president of the United States Lawn Tennis association, died in July. Al Palzer, the heavyweight boxer, was shot and killed by his father the same month. A. C. Buckenberger, formerly manager of the Pittsburg club and later its president, also died in July.

William A. ("Tony") James, veteran baseball catcher, took the long trail in August, and Cy Alberts, another veteran of minor league fame, died the same month. Knap McCarthy, a veteran racing driver, answered the call in September.

October and November saw twelve football players pass along as a result of injuries received on the gridiron. Bob Fitzsimmons was counted out for the last time in a Chicago hospital on October 22, and Willie Lucas, a lightweight boxer also died in October.

Steve Brady, veteran ball player, once captain of the famous Metropolitans of New York, died in November, as did Dick Roche, former manager of Jack Dempsey and Jack McAuliffe.

Charley White, veteran referee, was called early in December, and Robert McRoy, business manager of the Cleveland Americans, died in Milwaukee December 2.

William G. Weart, veteran baseball writer, also died this month, passing along after a short illness due to pneumonia.

SPORT SPASMS

In baseball, as in everything else, the man with the biggest pocketbook gets the best pickings.

The life of a major league is short indeed. Few players who were in the big circuit when Hal Chase broke in are still in the big show. Hal, however, is still doing excellene work at the first sack and looks good for several seasons to come. He's the big exception to the rule.

Ball players, incidentally, are a versatile bunch. There's Marty O'Toole, the former major league pitcher, for instance. O'Toole is spending the winter at Omaha, where he is engaged as a clothing salesman. He was in the Western league last season.

First Semi-Annual Clearance Sale

Men's Fine CLOTHING

This will possibly be the only opportunity you will have to secure reductions on men's fine clothing this season.

$21.50, $19.50, $17.50 Garments $16.00

$25.00, $23.50 Garments $19.50

$29.50, $27.50 Garments $22.00

$35.00, $33.50 Garments $26.00

It will be the policy of this store to have clothing clearance sales Semi-annually, as it enables us to carry a larger and more stylish stock than would otherwise be possible.

ALLEN M. PIERCE

Clothing, Hats and Furnishings.

17 Marietta St.



Every Particle of Dust Goes Into the Bag

Electric vacuum cleaning means more to housekeepers than any inventions within a decade, for not only does it cleanse thoroughly, but rapidly and with the least exertion on the part of the woman.

By attaching the electric cord to any light socket you obtain the power which draws the dust and dirt by vacuum from rugs, upholstery, drapery and curtains to the bag from which it is emptied into the garbage, thus ridding the house instead of agitationg and scattering as happens where broom or duster is used.

We have three types of Electric Vacuum Cleaners, each the best of its kind, which we will be glad to demonstrate if you will call at the store.

CARTER ELEC. CO.

72 N. BROAD ST.

MAYOR HYLAN TO PLACE NEW YORK ON WAR BASIS

He Begins by Naming Captain F. A. Bugher as Police Commissioner.

New York, January 1.—John F. Hylan was inaugurated as mayor of New York today, succeeding John Purroy Mitchel. In his inaugural address he announced the determination of placing New York city on "a war basis." This would be brought about, he declared, by a policy of strict economy, conservation of public funds and elimination of useless officers.

Mayor Hylan kept the secret of his more important appointments literally until the eleventh hour, and the persons he named were ignorant of his intentions until called into conference just before the mayor began his address.

Captain Frederick A. Bugher, who succeeds Arthur Wood as commissioner of police, is a nephew of Admiral Dewey's widow. The new commissioner served as captain of New York volunteers in the Spanish-American war and was wounded at El Caney. Later he served in the Philippines. In recent years he has lived much of the time in Washington.

In a statement issued after he was appointed, Commissioner Bugher declared emphatically there would be no relaxation in the police vigilance which has kept New York a "closed" city for the last four years.

Bird S. Coler, once democratic candidate for governor of New York, was named commissioner of public charities. Representative Murray Hulbert was made commissioner of docks and ferries and will resign from congress to accept the position. Other appointments were: Fire commissioner, Thomas J. Brennan, and city chamberlain, Alfred J. Johnson, a banker.

With the organization of the new administration today the affairs of the city passed into the hands of the democrats. Charles I. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall, did not attend the inauguration.

It is the duty of this city's administration "to make democracy a concrete thing," in its affairs, Mayor Hylan said, "because we are the greatest city in the world, and the city of America the whole world knows best, and the city of America which is typical of America."

"A strange state of affairs in the world at large makes us the sample city of democracy," he said. "It must be our aim to make the world yearn for democracy. Democracy will emerge from the war triumphant, and the democracy of America will lead the world. New York city is the hub of our nation, the complex of all its problems, and its progress towards efficiency in government will be marked everywhere You gentlemen are expected to set a standard in municipal administration.

"Democracy expresses itself no less in the administration of a municipality than of a state or nation. The American example of democratic government is right. In every instance where there has been failure, the failure has been caused by violation of the principle and not by conformity to it."

SEVEREST BATTLE IN HISTORY OF THE PRIZE RING

While battles in the old prize ring often lasted more than a hundred rounds and were measured in time by hours, pugilistic historians are generally agreed that the severest bout ever fought was not one of these long-drawn out engagements, but a contest which lasted only eleven rounds and occupied only twenty-six minutes. It was ninety-one years ago today, on January 2, 1827, that Jem Ward, champion of England, met Peter Crawley at Royston. Crawley, a butcher by trade, had been fighting since he was 15, but this was his first try for championship honors. The memorable battle opened with a minute or two of sparring. Then the fireworks began, Ward landed two punches to Crawley's one, but the latter had the advantage in height and weight, and his punches were like a mule's kick. When the second round opened both men were covered with blood. In the third, fourth and fifth rounds Ward was felled with terrific blows on the nose and mouth. The rapid action and terrible punishment was already telling on both men, and the sixth round ended when both fell together after an exchange of sledge-hammer punches. At the end of the seventh round, after Ward had landed some terrible blows, Crawley appeared all in and 10 to 1 was offered against him. Ward tried to land the knockout in the eighth, but so wearied himself that he fell forward on his face. The worn gladiators accomplished little in the ninth and tenth rounds, when both fell from sheer exhaustion. In the eleventh it was apparent that Ward was scarcely able to stand and Crawley, with a final summoning of his strength, put all his waning power into a blow which caught Ward full on the mouth. The champion was rendered senseless and deaf to the call of "Time," and Peter Crawley, himself unable to stand, was proclaimed champion of England. In a battle shorter in time than a modern ten-round bout Jem Ward became an ex-champion. For hours he remained unconscious and he was forced to spend several days in bed, while the victor's condition was little better. Hundreds of Ward's backers were ruined by the result of this brutal contest. Although the rightful champion, Peter resigned his new honors rather than defend them against Ward, and Jem resumed the title when he had fully recovered.

Four Persons Overcome By the Excessive Heat At a Game of Football

Pasadena, Cal., January 1.—Four persons were overcome by heat today in the crowd of 42,000 which witnessed the football team of marines stationed at the Mare Island navy yard defeat the army team from Camp Lewis, Washington, one of the features of the annual tournament of roses here. The score was 19 to 2. Profits from the game will go to the Red Cross.

AUGUSTANS ARE BURNED AT OPEN-GRATE FIRES

Augusta, Ga., January 1.—(Special.)—Two Augustans are in the hospital as the result of being frightfully burned when their clothing caught fire yesterday from open grates. One is Mrs. Frank Harwood, who was saved from cremation by the cool-headedness of her husband, who enveloped her body in a blanket, thereby smothering the flames, but not before she had sustained painful burns about the body.

The other was Jacob Roseman, 8 years old, who would have burned to death but for the effective work of members of the family, attracted by his cries.

The Way To Keep Up

There's only one satisfactory way to keep up with your own business in these strenuous times, and that is by the periodic audit.

Many think they know without an audit, but don't—they can't, because there are details, very often important ones, that will escape all but the eye of the trained expert.

Let us look into it for you. All the facts put squarely before you, may mean the important difference between profit and loss.

Alonzo Richardson & Company

Certified Public Accountants

Empire Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

Wait For High's

$100,000.00 January

WHITE SALE

Beginning Monday, January 7th

AMUSEMENTS

"Everywoman."

(At the Atlanta.)

"Everywoman," which closes a most successful engagement at the Atlanta theater today with matinee and night performances, is easily the greatest dramatic offering of the decade. So much has been written regarding the play that anything one could say about it would be a repetition. It is an old morality play brought up to date. It teaches a lesson in such a manner that it will not be easily forgotten. It defies some of the most cherished traditions of the theater and that, perhaps, is one of the reasons for its remarkable hold upon the affections of the public, because it relies upon originality and not upon custom. It is a clever admixture of grand opera, drama and musical comedy with many pretty girls and a wonderful orchestra accompaniment. Paula Shay interprets the role of "Everywoman" and she is in excellent company, for the trio composed of Marguerite Batterson, Percy Parsons and Edna Porter present the roles of Youth, Nobody and Truth magnificently. It has been many days since the public has heard such reading of lines, such intonations or seen such acting as this trio presents. The many years of dramatic training shows to good advantage in the presentations of the roles of Nobody and Truth.

George Rosener.

(At Loew's Grand.)

George Rosener, an artist to his fingertips, is the headline feature of the vaudeville bill at Loew's Grand theater, presenting his entertaining series of character studies. Al Burton's revue, offering clever impersonations of famous stage stars of today, is another interesting feature. Duffy and Montague, in a comedy skit, "Married Half an Hour," furnish a big laugh. The Parshleys open the bill with a big musical novelty, while the Four Marcels close with an unusual bicycling routine. The photoplay is "Diamonds and Pearls," a lavish production featuring Kitty Gordon. Loew's Universal Weekly and comedy reels are also shown.

Good Vaudeville Bill.

(At the Lyric.)

Tom Brown's blackface revue is cutting a wide swath in amusement circles down at the Lyric on the bill for the first three days of the week, and patrons of the Lyric will have their last chance to see this Keith feature today. Other acts on the bill for the first half of the week are Joseph L. Browning, "doctor of hilarity;" Lester Crawford and Helen Broderick, Edah Delbridge Trio, musicians and singers, and Barto and Clark in vaudeville's latest novelty. Beginning Thursday Princess White Deer and her Indian braves will come to the Lyric for an engagement which will last throughout the week. Other features of the second half show will be the renowned Pietro, Blanche Alfred and her symphony girls and Al H. Weston and Irene Young.

Marguerite Clark.

(At the Forsyth.)

Marguerite Clark, who is appearing at the Forsyth theater today in "The Seven Swans," has a pet theory that no one ever really grows up. "You see," she said, "I proved it last year by appearing in 'Snow White,' an out-and-out fairy tale. The grown-ups were not prepared, and all came to see it and stayed. This year I have made 'The Seven Swans' with the expert assistance of Director J. Searle Dawley and a cast including many very popular players. The story deals with witches and fairies of all sorts and is as fantastic and appealing as little 'Snow White' of last year—and even more beautiful."

Mary Garden.

(At the Strand.)

Antique Egyptian costumes, with gold bands encircling the bust, are just a few of the dazzling toilettes Mary Garden, the world-famous operatic star, wears in the filming of "Thais," Goldwyn's medium of introducing the celebrated diva in pictures, which will be seen at the Strand today. Combing the continent for clothes was the singer's principal occupation abroad when not engaged at relief work among the wounded in France. That she has succeeded beyond even her wildest dreams will be amply attested by all who have seen this picture.

"The Manxman."

(At the Vaudette.)

"The Manxman," greatest and most powerful of a long list of novels written by Hall Caine, will be presented in picturized form at the Vaudette today and tomorrow. This story of the love of two strong men for one woman and of the tragedies of lives which result is lightened by some of the most wonderful scenery ever seen in a moving picture. It will prove a rare treat for Americans, especially in view of the fact that at least one of the leading characters is now in the English army and in all probability will never be seen on the screen again.

"A Man's Man."

(At the Criterion.)

Warren Kerrigan in "A Man's Man" will continue as the attraction at the Criterion for the balance of the week. No Central American romance would be complete without a revolution. In "A Man's Man" no opportunity was overlooked to make the revolution as true to life as possible. More than 5,000 troops were used in enacting the scenes depicting this feature. A large number of the scenes were staged in Yucatan, where Director Oscar Apfel took his entire company in order to secure the proper atmosphere. An entire Central American city containing more than 100 buildings, together with streets, sidewalks, etc., was also built on the Paralta property at Hollywood for staging a number of scenes.

Today at the Movies.

ALAMO NO. 2—Harold Lockwood in "The Avenging Trail."
FORSYTH—Marguerite Clark in "The Seven Swans."
CRITERION—J. Warren Kerrigan in "A Man's Man."
STRAND—Mary Garden in "Thais."
VAUDETTE—"The Manxman."
ALPHA—Nova Gerber in "The Mystery Ship."

EMANCIPATION ADDRESS MADE BY REV. STINSON

Macon, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Rev. Richard D. Stinson, head of the Atlanta Normal and Industrial institute, made the principal emancipation address in St. Paul's church today. Among other things he said:

"Since 1865 we have made remarkable progress, and that is as it should be. We have made headway along moral, religious, intellectual and economic lines, for which we are and should be very proud—in fact, all good people throughout the country desire to see us make substantial headway.

"Industrial education, through which every negro boy and girl shall have a permanent trade at that thing he or she can do best, and stress laid on a home life and character, and not on clothes or empty airs, is the greatest need of the colored people today, without which we cannot make permanent headway.

"The common-sense schoolhouse, with a practical teacher; the ordinary decent home, where everybody works every day, six days in the week, are the remedies for many of the ills of which we complain. Are we honestly looking these conditions in the face? Can we rise to the height of carrying our race to that point, or are our leaders in church, home, school and other walks of life equal to the task?"

BRITISH MUSEUM USED AS AIR BOARD OFFICES

London, January 1.—The Star says the government has taken over the British museum, to be used as offices for the air board.

The government's decision to appropriate the British museum for the air board's headquarters appears destined to provoke great agitation among antiquitarians and scholars. Sir John E. Sandys, public orator in Cambridge university, has written a vigorous letter of protest, pointing out that it would be impossible to remove more than a fraction of the valuable contents of the museum and that what was left probably would be damaged by ill usage.

Sir John also referred to the fire risk of the new occupancy and moreover, that the building, whose treasures are the envy of Germany, had not as yet been attacked from the air. He feared, however, that when the air board were installed there it would be regarded as the legitimate object of an enemy attack.

The British museum, which was founded in 1753, contains antiquities, drawings, prints and a library of more than 2,000,000 volumes, besides numerous valuable manuscripts and charters.

TINKHAM WAS OVERCOME BY TEMPTATION TO FIRE

Congressman Tells How He Fired an Italian Shell at the Austrians.

An Atlantic Port, January 1.—Representative George Holden Tinkham, of Massachusetts, who is credited with firing the first shot sent against Austria by an American on December 11, while on a visit to the Italian front, arrived here today on a French steamship. Mr. Tinkham said he fired the shot at the invitation of a colonel commanding a battery engaged in stemming the advance of the Teutonic forces on the lower Piave. He added that while he did not know the results of the shot, he was convinced the shell, which was from a 149-millimeter gun, struck "in a place where it would do the most good."

"It just happened that I was on the firing line at the opportune moment," he said. "I did not go there with that particular idea in mind, but I could not resist the temptation. I knew that by doing so I laid myself liable to drastic treatment should I be captured by the Austrians, but I was willing to take the chance."

Mr. Tinkham did not come out unscathed from his visit to Italy. He returns with one arm in a sling for a broken finger and his head bandaged for contusions received when an automobile in which he was riding at night along a shell-torn road skidded and plunged over a thirty-foot embankment.

Mr. Tinkham, who also visited the French firing line, said that the situation is critical and the successful outcome of the war depends upon American effort, with complete and thorough military and economic assistance. In Italy, he said, the situation when he left that front was especially serious, although the Italians were fighting bravely and making a magnificent resistance under extreme difficulties.

He said that he visited the American troops in France and found that their enthusiasm and eagerness to be at the enemy was wonderful. Their equipment, he added, "is not what it should be." He will prepare a report on his observations to present to the authorities at Washington.

TWO LOSE THEIR LIVES IN PLUNGE OFF BRIDGE

Valdosta, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Information was received here today from Fargo, Ga., of the killing of a Mrs. Kelly and the fatal injuring of one of her children when an automobile in which they were riding plunged off the Suwanee river bridge. The car was being driven by William Register, and in it were Mrs. Kelly and four children. The car is said to have fallen a distance of twenty feet to the ground, injuring all of the occupants. Mrs. Kelly died in a short while from her injuries and one of her children is not expected to live. Details of the accident, or its cause, have not been learned.

Large Plot of Land In Lowndes County Sold by Atlanta Man

Valdosta, Ga., January 1.—(Special.) Varn Brothers yesterday bought from Charles J. Haden, of Atlanta, 5,000 acres of land lying about twenty-five miles southwest of Valdosta. They will add this to a holding of about 15,000 acres they already own and will make the entire plot into a large cattle ranch.

The Varn brothers were for many years large operators in cattle in Mexico, closing operations there when that country became torn by civil war.

LODGE NOTICES

A regular meeting of Jason Burr Council, No. 13, will be held in Masonic temple this (Wednesday) evening, January 2, 1918. This will be a business meeting only. All duly qualified companions are requested to meet with us.

T. C. BURFORD, Ill. Master.
W. A. SIMS, Recorder.

To Officers and Members of Schiller Lodge, No. 71: You are urged to be present Wednesday, January 2, 1918, 7:30 p. m., for the installation of officers. Grand Master J. E. Bodenhamer and Grand Guardian M. C. Strickland, assisted by Past Grand Masters Dittler and Clark, will install officers. An elegant program has been arranged. All members of the order are invited to attend.

ALLEN TURNER, Noble Grand.
Attest:
A. P. LOWNDES, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

ASTIN—Friends of Mr. Ralph Astin, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Astin, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Astin, Newark, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Astin, Fitzgerald, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Astin and Mrs. C. W. Hart are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Ralph Astin this (Wednesday) afternoon, January 2, 1918, at 2:30 o'clock from the home, 247 Grant street. Rev. R. E. Edmondson will officiate. Interment at North View cemetery. The following gentlemen will serve as pallbearers and please meet at the residence: Mr. W. E. Plunkett, Mr. Neiland Turner, Mr. Robert McCain, Mr. J. V. McConnell, Mr. John Grant and Mr. C. W. Williams. Limousines will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 2 o'clock.

JOBSON—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Jobson, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Putnam, of Charleston, W. Va.; Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Cox, of Louisville, Ky.; Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Holtzendorf, Miss Louise Jobson, Mr. and Mrs. Alonzo A. Jobson, of Tampa, Fla.; Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Jobson, Jr., Miss Fannie C. Jobson, of Daytona, Fla., are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. F. M. Jobson Sr., today, January 2, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the morning, from the residence, 65 St. Charles avenue. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the residence: Mr. Paul Dixon, Mr. Harold Barker, Mr. Fred Barnes, Mr. George T. Russey, Mr. W. P. Jones, Dr. C. P. Holtzendorf. Rev. A. A. Little will officiate. Interment in West View. Limousines will leave Barclay & Brandon Co.'s at 3:30 o'clock.

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In another year the home problem will be as serious as the coal proposition is now.

Last summer the coal dealer begged you to put in a supply.

So at this time the real estate dealer begs you to buy a home while he has an abundance at a low price, and can deliver. Remember this:

NO NEW HOMES ARE BEING GROWN. THE SUPPLY IS RAPIDLY DIMINISHING.

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